

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 5.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1867.

NO. 127.

Bankers and Brokers.

TAUSSIG, FISHER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 33 Broad Street, New York.
Buy and Sell at Market Rates,
ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.
Solicit accounts from MERCHANTS, BANKERS, and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to Sight Draft.
Make Collections on favorable terms, and promptly execute orders for the Purchase or sale of Gold, State, Federal, and Railroad Securities.

RODMAN, FISK & Co.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 15 NASSAU STREET,
Buy and sell at market rates:
Six Per Cent. Bonds of 1881, Ten Forties,
Five-Twenty Bonds, all issues;
Seven-Thirty Notes, all series;
Compound Interest Notes, and
Gold and Silver Coin.
Registered Interest collected and Coupons cashed without charge.
7-30 Notes, all series, taken in exchange for the new Consolidated 5-20 Bonds, on terms advantageous to holders of 7-30's.
Merchants and Importers supplied with Coin for customs duties at lowest market rates.
Orders for purchase and sale of all miscellaneous securities promptly executed. Mail and telegraph orders will receive our personal attention. Deposits received, and interest allowed on balances. Collections made on all points with quick returns.
RODMAN, FISK & CO.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.,

BANKERS,
27 & 29 Pine Street, New York.
DRAW ON LONDON AND PARIS, MOBILE AND NEW ORLEANS.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers, available in all parts of Europe.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS,
NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,
AND
NO. 3 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Also Commercial Credits.

FRANK & GANS,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
NO. 14 WALL STREET

RIKER & Co.,

BROKERS IN MINING STOCKS,
NO. 4 NEW STREET AND 30 BROADWAY.

Bankers and Brokers.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 44 Wall Street, New York.
Keep constantly on hand for immediate delivery all issues of
UNITED STATES STOCKS
INCLUDING
6 Per Cent Bonds of 1881,
6 Per Cent 5-20 Bonds of 1863,
6 " " " 1864,
6 " " " 1865,
Per Cent 10-40 Bonds,
8-10 Per Cent Treasury Notes, 1st, 2d, & 3d series
1 Per Cent Currency Certificates.

New York State 7 per cent. Bounty Loan.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON GOVERNMENT STOCKS TO BANKS AND BANKERS.
Compound Interest Notes of 1864 & 1865 Bought and Sold.
VERMILYE & CO.

JAY COOKE, { H. C. FAHNESTOCK
WM. G. MOORHEAD, { EDWARD DODGE,
E. D. COOKE, { PITT COOKE.

JAY COOKE & Co.,

BANKERS.
Corner Wall and Nassau Sts.,
New York.
No. 114 South 3d Street,
Philadelphia.

Fifteenth Street,
Opposite Treas. Department,
Washington.

In connection with our houses in Philadelphia and Washington we have this day opened an office at No 1 Nassau, corner of Wall Street, in this city.
Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the PURCHASE, SALE, and EXCHANGE OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all issues; to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, and to all business of National Banks.
JAY COOKE & CO.
March 1, 1866

Wilson, Callaway & Co.,

Bankers and Commission Merchants
NO. 41 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants, bankers and others allowed 4 per cent. on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents, Messrs. K. GILLIAM & CO., Liverpool.

GEORGE FARNHAM,

(Late of G. S. Robbins & Son.)
COMMERCIAL PAPER,
ALSO,
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
48 Pine Street, New York.

TEMPLE & MARSH,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
Dealers in Government Securities, &c. on Commission,
No. 9 Wall Street, cor. New.

Bankers and Brokers.

A. W. DIMOCK & Co.,

BANKERS,
NO. 16 NASSAU STREET.
Government Securities of all issues, Gold and Stocks bought and sold upon commission only, and advances made upon the same on the most favorable terms.
Special Attention
given to the accounts of Banks and Bankers.
Interest allowed upon Gold and Currency Deposits subject to check at sight, at the best rates.
A. W. DIMOCK & CO.

EDWARD STEPHENS & Co.,

STOCK BROKERS & BANKERS.
50 BROAD STREET.
Buy and Sell Railroad and Mining Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold, on Commission only.
Orders by Mail or Telegraph will receive prompt attention. Deposits received subject to check at sight and Four Per Cent. Interest allowed thereon.

HOYT & GARDNER,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.
NO. 5 NEW STREET, NEAR WALL, NEW YORK.
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold bought and sold exclusively on Commission.
Special attention given to orders in gold.
Money received upon deposit and interest allowed upon current balances.
T. A. HOYT, JAMES GARDNER,
Vice-Pres't. Gold Exchange Georgia

WINTHROP & BAYLEY,

49 EXCHANGE PLACE.
DEALERS IN
Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government Securities, &c., on commission.
EUGENE WINTHROP, J. ROOSEVELT BAYLEY,
Late of Greenville Winthrop & Co. Henry Clews & Co.

JACKSON BROS.,

DEALERS IN
STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.,
NO. 19 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Wm. Henry Jackson. Fred. Wendell Jackson.

WARREN, KIDDER & Co.,

BANKERS.
No. 4 WALL ST., NEW YORK.
Orders for stocks, Bonds, and Gold promptly executed. **FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED** on deposits, subject to check at sight.

MURRAY & CHENEY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 27 WALL STREET,
B. MURRAY, Jr. F. D. CHENEY.

Eastern Bankers.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,
STOCK BROKERS,
No. 23 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE, JAMES BECK, HENRY SAYLES

Page, Richardson & Co.,
114 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON
AND
JOHN MUNROE & CO., PARIS.
ALSO
COMMERCIAL CREDITS for the purchase of Merchandise in England and the Continent. TRAVELLERS' CREDITS for the use of Travellers abroad.

Southern Bankers.

**NATIONAL
BANK OF THE REPUBLIC,**
309 & 311 CHESTNUT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

Capital.....\$1,000,000

Offers its Services to Banks and Bankers on Liberal Terms.

DIRECTORS:

Joseph T. Bailey, Edward B. Orne,
Nathan Hillier, William Erwin,
Benjamin Rowland, Jr., Osgood Welsh,
Samuel A. Bispham, Frederic A. Hoyt,
William H. Rhawn,

WILLIAM H. RHAWN, President,
Late Cashier of the Central National Bank.
JOSEPH P. MUMFORD, Cashier,
Late of the Philadelphia National Bank.

WASHINGTON.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF WASHINGTON,**
H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.), Pres't.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and sell all classes of Government securities on the most favorable terms, and give special attention to business connected with the several departments of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

ROBT. H. MAURY, JAS. L. MAURY, ROBT. T. BROOKS

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS

No. 1014 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERNILY & Co.

Jas. M. Muldon & Sons,

No. 52 St. Francis St., Mobile, Ala.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Government Securities, Bonds, Gold and Silver. Prompt attention given to Collections.

REFERENCES:

Babcock Bros. & Co., Bankers, New York.
Goodyear Bros. & Durand, Bankers, New York.
E. H. Bulky & Co., Bankers, New York.
Byrd & Hall, New York.
Martin, Bates & Co., Merchants, New York.
Geo. D. H. Gillespie, late Wolf & Gillespie.
Henry A. Hurlburt, late Swift & Hurlburt.
Home Insurance Company of New York.
New York Life Insurance Company.
Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford.
Underwriters Agency New York.
Charles Walsh, President Bank of Mobile.
Henry A. Schroeder, Pres. Southern Bank of Ala.

Charles D. Carr & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

AUGUSTA, GA.

COLLECTIONS PROMPTLY REMITTED FOR.

Ould & Carrington,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
1115 MAIN STREET,
RICHMOND, VA.

Southern Bankers.

Conner & Wilson,
No. 5 Broad Street, Charleston, S. C.,
BANKERS & DEALERS
IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE SPECIE,
BANK NOTES, STOCKS, AND BONDS.
Special attention paid to Collections.
Refer to Duncan, Sherman & Co., New York;
Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; The Franklin Bank,
and Johnston Bros., Baltimore; R. H. Maury & Co.,
Richmond, Va., Charles D. Carr & Co. Augusta, Ga.

BURKE & Co.,

BANKERS,

54 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS,

Draw on Merchants National Bank, New York, and
Bank of Liverpool, England.

Collections and remittances promptly attended to.

T. H. McMAHAN & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS
and Dealers in Domestic and Foreign
Exchange.

GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Special attention given to Collections of all kinds,
having prompt and reliable correspondents at all ac-
cessible points in the State, and
REMITTANCES PROMPTLY MADE IN SIGHT
EXCHANGE AT CURRENT RATES.

Refer to
National Park Bank, Howe & Macy, and Spofford,
Tilston & Co., New York. Second National
Bank and J. W. Seaver, Esq., Boston. Drexel &
Co. and D. S. Stetson & Co., Philadelphia. T. F.
Thirkield & Co., Cincinnati. Third National Bank
and Jos. E. Elder & Goodwin, St. Louis. Fowler,
Stannard & Co., Mobile. Pike, Lapeyre & Bro.,
New Orleans. Drake, Kleinwerth & Cohen, Lon-
don and Liverpool.

Western Bankers.

National Trust Company

433 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital.....\$100,000

Particular attention given to collections, and pro-
ceeds promptly remitted.

J. F. Stark & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

PITTSBURGH.

Do a general Banking, Exchange and Collection busi-
ness

New York Correspondents:—National Bank North
America; Knauts, Nachod & Kuhne.

P. HAYDEN, JOS. HUTCHESON, W. B. HAYDEN

BANKING HOUSE OF

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO,

Do a General Banking, Collection, and Exchange
Business.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.]

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER, UNCURRENT BANK

NOTES, and all kinds of GOVERNMENT BONDS,

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points

and remitted for on day of payment.

Checks on UNION BANK OF LONDON.

FOR SALE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF

Cincinnati, Ohio.

JOHN W. ELLIS, Pres. LEWIS WORTHINGTON, V. Pres.

TEREDORE STANWOOD, Cashier.
CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000 SURPLUS.....\$314,832 50
Collections made on all accessible points and
promptly remitted for at best rates.

Directors:
John W. Ellis, Lewis Worthington, L. B. Harrison,
Jas. A. Frazer, R. M. Bishop, Robt. Mitchell,
William Woods, A. S. Winslow, Jos. Rawson.

Western Bankers.

Cash Capital, \$150,000.

Real Capital, \$1,000,000.

Jos. F. LARKIN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CINCINNATI.

Jos. F. Larkin, } GENERAL } (Thomas Fox.
John Cochran, } PARTNERSHIP. } John M. Phillips.
Adam Fox, } } Thos. Sharp.
Harvey Decamp, } } John Gates.

**The Marine Company
OF CHICAGO.**

J. YOUNG SCAMMONPresident.

ROBERT REID.....Manager.

General Banking and Collections
promptly attended to.

Established 1848.

HASKELL & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MO

Dealers in Government Securities, Gold and Ex-
change. Collections made on all accessible points
and promptly remitted for at current rates of ex-
change.

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI,

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities
of the United States and Canada. Also, drafts on
London and Paris for sale.

Second National Bank.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Capital..\$200,000 | Surplus..\$150,566

Prompt attention given to the business of cor-
respondents. E. D. JONES, Cashier.

Financial.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND
STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

Ohio & Mississippi R.R.

COMPANY, EASTERN DIVISION

88 WALL STREET.

New York, October 17, 1867.
The Transfer Books of this Trust will be finally closed
on Saturday, the 30th day of November, 1867, at Two
o'clock P.M., preparatory to the conversion of Trust-
ees' Certificates into Stock of the reorganized and
consolidated corporation, to be called

**The Ohio and Mississippi Railway
Company.**

To the persons or parties, or to their legal representa-
tives, in whose names Trustees' Certificates shall be
registered on said Thirtieth day of November, and
upon the surrender and cancellation of the same, Cer-
tificates of Stock will be issued as follows:—Preferred
Stock (full paid) for Preferred Certificates, and Com-
mon Stock (full paid) for Common Certificates, at the
rate of one share for every one hundred dollars of Trust-
ees' Certificates, and Scrip for fractional parts of such
share. Interest on Preferred Certificates from Janu-
ary 1st, 1867, to the day fixed for conversion, to be paid
in cash. By order of the Trustees.

ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

Memphis and Charleston

RAILROAD COMPANY.

**\$600,000 Second Mortgage Bonds
For Sale.**

These Bonds are part of a series of One Million of
Dollars secured by Mortgage on 290 miles of Railroad,
of which Messrs. Denning, Duer and James Robb are
Trustees. They have 20 years to run with 7 per cent.
Interest coupons, payable semi-annually in New York.
The liens on the Railroad having priority, amount to
\$2,889,530, making the total incumbrance \$3,889,530, and
its estimated value exceeds 10 millions of dollars.
Since the conclusion of the war extensive improve-
ments have been made, and its condition will compare
favorably with that of leading lines of Western Rail-
way. The profits of the Company from 1858 to 1862
were large, and after paying Interest on Bonded Debt
yielded over 15 per cent. to the shareholders, those of
the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1867, were \$347,197 75,
being more than double of the liability for annual in-
terest, including the issue of the 2d Mortgage Bonds,
and earned during a most unfavorable season owing
to the failure of Southern crops.

We are prepared to receive bids for the above Bonds
in whole or in part, and recommend them to the pub-
lic as unquestionable security.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

[Bankers and Brokers.]**L. P. MORTON & Co.,****BANKERS,**

30 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

STERLING EXCHANGE,

At Sight or Sixty Days; also, Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for Travellers' Use, on

L. P. MORTON, BURNS & CO.,

(38 Old Broad Street, London.)

AND THE

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

Available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe and the East.

Telegraphic orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds in London and New York.

LEVI P. MORTON.
WALTER H. BURNS.CHARLES E. MILNOR.
H. CRUGER OAKLEY.P. D. RODDEY,
J. N. PETTY.R. P. SAWYERS.
N. P. BOULETT.**P. D. RODDEY & Co.,**No. 2½ Wall Street, N.Y.,
(PETTY, SAWYERS & CO., MOBILE, ALA.)**BANKERS AND BROKERS.**

Gold, Bonds and Stocks Bought and sold on Commission.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of all Southern and Miscellaneous Securities. Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on Balances

Lockwood & Co.,**BANKERS.**No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned to Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

HARLETT McKIM. ROBT. McKIM. JNO. A. McKIM.

McKim, Bros. & Co.,**BANKERS.**

62 WALL STREET.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to draft at sight, and special attention given to orders from other places.

BANKING HOUSE

TURNER BROTHERS,

NO. 14 NASSAU STREET,

Corner of Pine, Opposite U. S. Treasury.

We receive Deposits and make Collections, the same as an Incorporated Bank. Government Securities Bought and Sold at Market Rates. We also execute orders for Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold on Commission. **TURNER BROTHERS.**

FRANKLIN M. KETCHUM.

GEORGE PHIPPS.

THOS. BELKNAP, JR.

KETCHUM, PHIPPS & BELKNAP,**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 24 Broad Street, New York.

Government securities, railroad and other bonds, railroad, mining and miscellaneous stocks, gold and exchange bought and sold on commission. Mercantile paper and loans in currency or gold negotiated. Interest allowed on deposits.

ADAMS, KIMBALL & MOORE,**BANKERS.**

No. 14 Wall Street, New York.

Buy and Sell at Market Rates Government Securities, of all issues, and execute orders for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD.
Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency subject to check at sight.**J. L. Brownell & Bro.,****BANKERS & BROKERS,**

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission. Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FORDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass., N.Y.
U. B. BLAIR, Pres't Merchants' Nat. Bank, Chicago.**Tyler, Wrenn & Co.,****BANKERS,**

No. 18 WALL STREET

Buy and Sell at most liberal rates, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c. Orders for purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold promptly executed.
TYLER, ULLMANN & CO. Chicago.**Bankers and Brokers.****DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,****BANKERS,**

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT.

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope West Indies, South America, and the United States

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW.

STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

S. G. & G. C. WARD,

AGENTS FOR

BARING BROTHERS & COMPANY,

56 WALL STREET, NEW YORK,

28 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

Drake Kleinwort & Cohen**LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.**

The subscriber, their representative and Attorneys in the United States, is prepared to make advances on shipments to Messrs. Drake, Kleinwort & Cohen London and Liverpool, and to grant mercantile credits upon them for use in China, the East and West Indies, South America, &c. Marginal credits of the London House issued for the same purposes.

SIMON DE VISSER,

26 Exchange Place, New York.

Central National Bank,

318 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$3,000,000

Has for sale all descriptions of Government Bonds—City and County accounts received on terms most favorable to our Correspondents.

Collections made in all parts of the United States and Canadas.

WILLIAM A. WHEELLOCK, President.

WILLIAM H. SANFORD, Cashier.

The Tradesmen's**NATIONAL BANK.**

291 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000

SURPLUS.....450,000

RICHARD BERRY, President.

ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000.

No. 29 BROAD STREET.

Designated Depository of the Government. Bankers and Dealers' Accounts solicited.

J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

D. L. FOSS, Preside

WASHINGTON M. SMITH.

JOHN MCGINNIS, JR.

SMITH & MCGINNIS,**BANKERS AND BROKERS.**

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Exchange, Commercial Paper and Gold, Purchased or Sold on Commission.

Deposits received and interest allowed same as with an Incorporated Bank. Bonds and Loans negotiated for Railroad Companies.

John Bloodgood & Co.,

22 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed on deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to check at sight, and particular attention given to accounts of country banks and bankers

Cohen & Hagen,**BANKERS,****AND DEALERS IN BULLION, SPECIE, AND UNITED STATES SECURITIES.**

No. 1 Wall Street.

Bankers and Brokers.**GARTH, FISHER & HARDY,****BANKERS,**

No. 18 NEW STREET.

Successors to Harrison, Garth & Co. and Henry Hardy).

Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., bought and sold at the "regular" Board of Broker and at the Gold Exchange in person and on commission only.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought, sold and collected.

M. K. JESUP & COMPANY,**BANKERS AND MERCHANTS,**

12 PINE STREET.

Negotiate

Bonds and Loans for Railroad Cos.,

Contract for

Iron or Steel Rails, Locomotives,**Cars, etc.,**

and undertake

all business connected with Railways.JOSEPH A. JAMESON,
AMOS COTTING,
of Jameson, Coting & Co.
St. Louis.JAMES D. SMITH,
of the late firm of James
Low & Co., New York
and Louisville, Ky.**Jameson, Smith & Coting****BANKERS,**

NOS. 14 & 16 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Receive **Deposits in Currency and Gold,** and allow Interest at the rate of **FOUR PER CENT** per annum on daily balances which may be checked for at sight.

Will purchase and sell Gold, Bonds and Stocks strictly and only on Commission.

DRAKE BROTHERS,**STOCK BROKERS AND BANKERS,**

No. 16 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

Buy and Sell on Commission Government Securities Gold, Railroad, Bank and State Stocks and Bonds, Steamship, Telegraph, Express, Coal, Petroleum and Mining Stocks.

Currency and Gold received on deposit subject to Draft. Dividends and Interest collected and Investments made. **Orders Promptly Executed****HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,****BANKERS****AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, &c.**All issues of **SEVEN-THIRTY NOTES** exchanged for the new **FIVE-TWENTY BONDS**, on the most liberal terms, and without delay.**IMPORTERS** and others supplied with **GOLD** at market rates, and Coin on hand for immediate delivery.**No. 12 WALL STREET.****SOUTTER & Co.,****BANKERS,**

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Advances made on approved securities.

Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.

Collect in both inland and foreign promptly made.

Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

GILLISS, HARNEY & Co.,**BANKERS,****No. 24 BROAD STREET.**

Buy and Sell at Market Rates.

ALL UNITED STATES SECURITIES.Solicit accounts from **MERCHANTS, BANKERS** and others, and allow interest on daily balances, subject to sight draft.**Make collections on favorable terms,**

And promptly execute orders for the Purchase or Sale of Gold, State, Federal and Railroad Securities.

HEATH & HUGHES,**BANKERS & COMMISSION BROKERS**

IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

AND

GOLD, RAILROAD AND MINING STOCKS;**13 Broad Street, New York.**

Deposits received, subject to Check, and Interest allowed.

A. HAWLEY HEATH.

T. W. B. HUGHES,
Member of N. Y. Stock Ex

Financial.

THE
National Trust Company
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
NO. 536 BROADWAY.

Capital, One Million Dollars.

CHARTERED BY THE STATE.

Darius R. MANGHAM, President.
(Of the old firm of Garner & Co.)
HENRY C. CARTER, First Vice-President.
HARRET L. SOLOMON, Second Vice-President.
JAMES MERRILL, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY
RECEIVES THE ACCOUNTS OF
Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and
Individuals,

AND ALLOWS
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST

ON DAILY BALANCES.

Subject to Check at Sight.

CERTIFICATES payable on demand are issued at the same rate.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for one year or more may be made at five per cent.

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY discharges all the various duties of similar institutions. It acts as Trustee for Corporations and Individuals, and Mortgagee for Railroads, and as Financial Agent of State and City Governments, and foreign and domestic corporations, banks and bankers. It will act as administrator or executor of estates, and as guardian for minors, and as receiver in litigated cases. The Company is also constituted by its charter a legal depository for money paid into Court.

SECURITY OF THE COMPANY.

The Capital stock of ONE MILLION DOLLARS is divided among over five hundred Shareholders comprising many gentlemen of large wealth and financial experience, who are also personally liable to depositors for all obligations of the Company to double the amount of their capital stock.

By its charter, no loan can be made, directly or indirectly, to any trustee, officer or employee of the Company.

The Trustees are compelled to exhibit annually a full statement of their affairs to the Supreme Court, and it is made the duty of the Court to see that they are properly conducted.

The charter restricts the investment of its Capital to United States Government Stocks, or New York State Stocks, or Bonds of Incorporated Cities of this State; or on Loans on Bond and Mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate in this State, worth double the amount loaned.

The Company will make loans from its Deposits and Trust Funds on Government Securities, State Stocks and City Stocks of this State; but it is not permitted to DISCOUNT or deal in COMMERCIAL OR BUSINESS paper.

The above provisions constitute this Company a very secure Depository for Money and for trusts committed to its charge.

ADVANTAGES TO DEPOSITORS.

As the NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY receives deposits in large or small amounts, and permits them to be drawn as a whole or in part by CHECK AT SIGHT and WITHOUT NOTICE, allowing interest on all daily balances, parties can keep accounts in this institution, with special advantages of security, convenience and profit.

THE

New York, Housatonic

AND

NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

\$150,000 of First Mortgage Bonds for Sale.

These Bonds are part of a series of \$1,000,000, secured by mortgage on forty miles of railroad, completed or in course of construction. They have twenty years to run, with 7 per cent. interest coupons, payable semi-annually in New York City, and are of the denominations of \$500 to \$1,000.

The Company has no bonds outstanding, nor is any greater amount than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars offered for sale.

Bids will be received until December 1, 1867, for the whole or any part of the above Bonds to this amount at the office of the Company, No. 137 Broadway, New York, where full information in regard to the securities may be obtained.

November 15, 1867.

S. SERGEANT, Treasurer.

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ARE NOW COMPLETED.

This brings the line to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, and it is expected that the track will be laid thirty miles further, to Evans Pass, the highest point on the road, by January. The maximum grade from the foot of the mountains to the summit is but eighty feet to the mile, while that of many eastern roads is over one hundred. Work in the rock-cuttings on the western slope will continue through the winter, and there is now no reason to doubt that the entire grand line to the Pacific will be open for business in 1870.

The means provided for the construction of this Great National Work are ample. The United States grants its Six Per Cent Bonds at the rate of from \$16,000 to \$18,000 per mile, for which it takes a SECOND LITM as security, and receives payment to a large if not to the full extent of its claim in services. These Bonds are issued as each twenty-mile section is finished, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class road, thoroughly supplied with depots, repair-shops, stations, and all the necessary rolling stock and other equipments.

The United States also makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, which will be a source of large revenue to the Company. Much of this land in the Platte Valley is among the most fertile in the world and other large portions are covered with heavy pine forests and abound in coal of the best quality.

The Company is also authorized to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an amount equal to the issue of the Government and no more. Hon. E. D. Morgan and Hon. Oakes Ames are Trustees for the Bondholders and deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the work progresses, so that they always represent an actual and productive value.

The authorized capital of the Company is One Hundred Million Dollars, of which over five millions have already been paid in upon the work already done.

EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.

At present the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a GOVERNMENT WORK, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

are offered for the present at NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than U. S. Stocks. They pay

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JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33 Wall Street.

HENRY CLEWS & CO., Bankers, No. 32 Wall Street.

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and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP

showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised Agents, or will be sent free on application.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

NEW YORK.

November 28, 1867.

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

NO. 127.

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THE FINANCIAL OUTLOOK.

Unless appearances are very untrustworthy we have safely escaped the last monetary troubles of the year 1867, and we may with more confidence hope that for several weeks to come the money market will work steadily at moderate rates of interest. There are numerous reasons for this opinion, which is held by some of our shrewdest bankers and financial observers. In the first place, there is a vast amount of idle capital here and in all the Eastern banking centres. It is true that the owners of that capital prefer to lend it on call or at short dates, and that there is to too great an extent an indisposition to invest it in 60 or 90 days paper. In this respect, though in a less degree, our money market shows some analogy with that of London, where, from the prevailing distrust, there is such an accumulation of floating capital unemployed that the rates of interest on call loans are pressed down to a point almost without precedent. This stagnation in the British money markets has its effects here, and one consequence is that we have such immense amounts of foreign capital competing with our own American capital for employment, and finding it in Wall street sometimes in the foreign exchange market, so sometimes

in the gold room, and oftener in call loans. Should a sudden change in the financial situation abroad cause any larger part of these foreign balances to be withdrawn and sent home, we might have a temporary flurry, and the monetary movements here would be disturbed. But as this contingency does not seem likely soon to occur, the aspect of the loan market is promising so far as it is influenced by the pressure of a supply of capital amply adequate, and more than adequate to meet the present and prospective demands.

A second reason is found in the supplies of currency. Long experience has proved that in its existing sensitive and expanded condition, the money market is more liable to be disquieted from currency perturbations than even from a slight falling off in the supplies of idle floating capital. It is, indeed, surprising how much stringency at a crisis has been produced by the locking up of a few millions of greenbacks. At present, however, there is no probability of any spasm from such a cause, and, moreover, the currency reserve in our city banks is augmenting. In regard to the supply of National bank notes this is especially noteworthy, as there is an accumulation which is more favorable to ease than agreeable to the institutions to whose vaults it is flowing from the interior and from the West. Whether, in the immediate future, this state of our bank reserves of notes and greenbacks is likely to suffer much from the agitation of the various bills in Congress, may be doubtful. For it is currently believed that there will be no legislation matured for some months to come on any of the measures affecting the banks, and that the greenback circulation will probably not be meddled with till later in the session, except for the purpose of effecting the temporary stoppage of contraction, which is so loudly clamored for in some quarters.

A third reason for believing that the money market will be exempt for a time from any serious spasms is in the state of confidence which we are told is on the increase, although the symptoms are certainly not so decisive as might be wished. In consequence of the recent failures some three or four millions of suspended paper must be in somebody's hands. The embarrassments of over weighted firms must be pressing heavily and may cause unexpected failures. Those persons who have launched out too far are of course liable at any time to be "brought up with a round turn," as the Wall street phrase has it. But from all that can be discerned it is probable that, making allowances for the exceptional disasters that may happen from such causes, we need not fear any wide-spread trouble among our merchants, but, on the contrary, should confidently look for a season of greater quiet and prosperity than has for some time past been enjoyed.

Of course it is not to be wished or expected that there will be such a plethora in the money market as that the rate

of interest will sink below 6@7 per cent for loans on call. Such a state of things would be unwholesome and ominous. It is enough for the interests of business if at current rates good borrowers can get on sound securities all the accommodation they want for legitimate enterprises.

CONTRACTION AND THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

A lengthy report has just been issued by our New York Chamber of Commerce, ostensibly on the subject of specie payments. The document treats chiefly of the general management of the finances of the Government, and of the effects of that management upon the material prosperity of the country. We are glad to find that in several respects the views here presented are more broad, sound and thoughtful than the public has been accustomed to receive from similar sources. Indeed, there is room for profound regret that during the past two or three years our Chambers of Commerce here and elsewhere have not given more attention to the analysis and arrangement of those numberless facts illustrative of the evils of financial jurisprudence and Treasury administration, which must have been continually forced upon the thoughts of men so intelligent and shrewd, so experienced and active in commercial and financial pursuits.

The first point of importance which is raised in the report before us, is the large range of discretion, which, under existing laws, has been confided to the Secretary of the Treasury. Whether or not this discretion has been abused; how future abuses may be prevented; for what reasons, and to what extent so anomalous a discretionary power should be permitted to continue; these and many other vital questions the Chamber could have illustrated for us from their extensive business knowledge, and from their constant association with merchants, bankers, farmers, manufacturers and other persons who are ready enough—perhaps are over-ready, to trace much of the loss that overtakes them day by day to some blunders in financial legislation or Treasury management. These gentlemen have no word to say suggesting a remedy for the trouble arising out of the secrecy with which bonds have been sold, or the want of publicity with which other operations of the Treasury more closely connected with contraction have sometimes been conducted. The mischiefs of the arbitrary discretion of the Secretary have no doubt been exaggerated. But those evils would unquestionably have been very much lessened, if the publicity which in most modern nations is shed around the financial doings of every government officer, had been adopted by us.

A considerable part of the report is taken up with somewhat vague and declamatory statement of the evils of an unstable currency, the desirableness of resumption, and other kindred matters about which the public mind is agitated by little or no difference of opinion. What we should have preferred to see is a clear statement of facts shedding light on the progress the country has made during the past two years in the path to specie payments, what difficulties are still in that path, how these obstacles may be surmounted, and whether the methods we have been employing are too costly, too harsh, or are otherwise capable of improvement. Still we must do the Chamber of Commerce the justice to acknowledge that, on several points, their views are unmistakeably sound. First, they maintain the necessity of persisting in a settled financial policy; secondly, they contend, in common with all sound financial reasoners, that contraction of the currency should be regarded as an indispensable preliminary to resumption of specie payments; and, thirdly, they oppose the plausible absurd schemes for issuing greenbacks or other currency, whether to pay off Gov-

ernment bonds, to relieve the depression in business, or under any other pretext whatsoever.

The practical part of the report is contained in the following paragraph, which is preceded by the statement that the year 1869 is regarded by the Chamber of Commerce as the time when specie payments may safely be resumed:

"Your committee assume in the first place, as a preliminary to the resumption of specie payments, that all the floating debt of the government, except that known as 'legal tender' must be funded. Second, that gold and greenbacks may be made of equal value if Congress will enact that the latter shall be received in part, say to the extent of ten per cent. for duties 'at the custom house,' and the notes thus received canceled, until the desired end is reached; any further curtailment being in that case suspended. To this extent the necessity would be obviated of selling gold which, under the existing tariff, is received in excess of the amount required to pay interest on the public debt. Third—That whenever the value of gold and greenbacks approximates under the conditions already suggested, the Treasury Department may safely undertake to redeem greenbacks with gold, provided there is no material falling off in the customs' revenue or in the amount of gold in the Treasury. Fourth—That resumption by the Treasury Department necessarily involves resumption by the banks, and that the Treasury Department, the banks and the community will have a common interest in sustaining each other, if the attempt be not prematurely made."

If the committee had contented themselves with discussing in detail, each of these, four propositions, and had included their other less important matter in a paper on some other subject than specie payments, they would have conferred more value upon their report. The project of paying ten per cent. of the customs duties would be, for obvious reasons, unpopular and premature. We trust that the Chamber of Commerce will return to the discussion of the contraction question, and that similar bodies in other cities will follow their example, as far at least as to assume the same uncompromising attitude of opposition to expansion of the currency in any and every form.

New aspects of the currency question are continually offering themselves, which these gentlemen might with great advantage investigate. Not to mention others there is the one suggested in the bill which on Thursday last was introduced into Congress by Mr. Broomall, of Pennsylvania, and referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency. This measure is entitled, "A bill to fix the value of legal tender notes and to provide for their redemption." It enacts, first, "that the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be redeemed, in gold, at the U. S. Treasury, at specified rates, all sums not less than \$100 each;" secondly, "that such redemption shall begin on the first day of the month following the passage of the law, and during that month shall be at the rate of \$140 in greenbacks for \$100 in gold, and that the amount of greenbacks shall be diminished 25 cents per month for every \$100 in gold until it shall be reduced to \$100."

We do not endorse this plan as worthy of adoption, or as capable of being carried out in practice. No such method has ever been submitted to Congress before. It seems to rest on the same principles as were found effective by the British government for resuming specie payments after their long suspension at the beginning of this century. Mr. Ricardo, the eminent political economist and statesman, first suggested the plan in 1816, when gold was at 5 per cent. premium, and specie payments had been stopped nearly 20 years. His "Proposals for an Economical and Secure Currency," argued that the difference between paper and gold was reduced to so narrow a margin that the transition to gold payments could not be very violent, and might be facilitated by a gradual descent. With a view thereto he proposed to supersede for a time the use of gold coin altogether, and to require the Bank of England to redeem its notes by the payment not of specie, but of gold bars or bullion, of the standard purity, at the mint price of gold, £3 17s. 10½d. per ounce, or at such other form as Parliament should determine. He claimed that these gold bars or ingots, not being fitted for circulation as currency, would not be drawn out of the

bank except when needed for exportation. Whenever the aggregate of bank notes outstanding become excessive, the resulting depreciation of the currency would cause gold to be needed for export. The bank would then have to pay out gold for notes, the issue would be checked, and the outstanding circulation would pour back into the bank. Such were the general features of this well known proposition for restoring specie payments, and making the depreciated British currency at par with gold.

With some modifications, the scheme was embodied in the act passed by Parliament for this purpose in 1819. It is commonly known as Peel's bill, and required the bank from 1st Feb., 1820 to 10th, 1820, to pay its notes in bullion of standard firmness at the rate of £4 1s. 0d. per ounce. From 1st Oct., 1820, to 1st May, 1821, it was to pay bullion at the rate of £3 19s. 6d. per ounce, and after that date at the old mint price of £3 17s. 10½d. per ounce. Two years afterwards it was to begin to pay coin at the same price, the resumption being complete.

The success which attended this legislation is well known. The Bank of England was ready for resuming coin payments and petitioned to be allowed to do so before the time appointed. It is true that the transition was signalised by commercial distress, derangement of prices, and stringency of money to an extent that was not anticipated, and has never been satisfactorily explained. How far Mr. Broomall's scheme, if passed, could be worked without similar trouble, and whether it would be safe to adopt it at all until our Treasury has paid off its floating debt and withdrawn a considerable amount of the outstanding circulation, will deserve the most patient and thorough examination.

THE GOLD MOVEMENT SINCE 1860.

To a country, with a depreciated paper currency, and desirous of an early return to a specie basis, it is a matter of no small consequence to ascertain what is its supply of the precious metals. *A priori*, it might be considered highly probable that during the last six years we should have parted with a considerable portion of our accumulation of gold. Our production of commodities was materially curtailed by the war; and the consequent advance in prices (beyond what was due to currency derangements) naturally opened our market to the products of foreign countries. We were deprived of the principal staple by which we have been wont to pay for our imports, and had not the usual supply of breadstuffs for exportation. With such a radical derangement in our foreign commerce, it would seem very natural to conclude that we should have to draw largely upon our accumulation of specie for liquidating the excess of imports over exports. A very general impression exists among our people that such has been the actual course of affairs, that we have thus lost a large amount of specie since 1860, and that consequently we have not at present an adequate basis for the resumption of specie payments, and cannot have until, by some legislative expedient, the efflux of specie from the country is checked.

The principal movements of the precious metals in the country are indicated in recorded returns, with sufficient precision to enable us to form a reliable estimate of the correctness of this opinion. The imports and exports of coin and bullion are officially recorded. The product in California, Arizona, Idaho and Oregon is represented by the registered receipts at San Francisco by Wells, Fargo & Co.; but to the recorded arrivals by that medium it is customary to add 10 per cent. to the receipts from the interior and 30 per cent. to the coastwise receipts for amounts brought personally by miners; and in giving below the product received at San Francisco we make that addition. Of the product in

the new mining regions of Colorado and Montana there is no actual record. The yield in those districts is sent direct to the Atlantic; and during the last two years a considerable portion of the yield of Idaho also has taken this route. It is difficult to estimate the amount of treasure coming over land from these regions. During the last three years the product of Colorado and Montana has been quite important. The amount of gold from those territories, deposited at the mint and its branches, last year was \$6,523,000; and yet it is known that of the whole product less than one half finds its way to the mint. It is estimated by those most familiar with the treasure movement of these regions that the annual product is about \$15,000,000. Deeming this estimate somewhat sanguine, it may yet be very safely estimated that the receipts from Colorado, Montana and other mining districts at other points than San Francisco, since 1860, aggregate fully \$50,000,000, and this we adopt as an estimate safe beyond all dispute.

With these explanations we subjoin a statement of the domestic production, the imports and the exports for each of the last seven years; the home yield being for the calendar year, ending December 31st, and the imports and exports for the fiscal year ending June 30th:

IMPORTS.	
1861.....	\$46,300,000
1862.....	16,400,000
1863.....	9,500,000
1864.....	13,100,000
1865.....	7,300,000
1866.....	10,300,000
1867.....	22,300,000
Total imports, 7 years.....	\$125,000,000
DOMESTIC PRODUCTION—PRODUCT RECEIVED AT SAN FRANCISCO.	
1861.....	\$48,100,000
1862.....	54,800,000
1863.....	53,300,000
1864.....	61,800,000
1865.....	62,000,000
1866.....	57,000,000
1867 (partly estimated).....	60,000,000
Total receipts at San Francisco.....	\$402,600,000
Estimated total receipts at other points, 7 years.....	50,000,000
Total domestic production, 7 years.....	\$452,600,000
EXPORTS.	
1861.....	\$38,100,000
1862.....	36,500,000
1863.....	64,100,000
1864.....	69,300,000
1865.....	54,300,000
1866.....	86,000,000
1867.....	55,100,000
Total exports, 7 years.....	\$393,700,000
RECAPITULATION.	
Imports for seven years.....	\$125,000,000
Domestic production for seven years.....	452,600,000
Total supply for seven years.....	\$577,600,000
Exports for seven years.....	393,700,000
Gain in supply for seven years.....	\$183,900,000

It thus appears that, within the last seven years, our supply of gold has exceeded our importations by \$184,000,000. We must acknowledge considerable surprise at this result, but can conceive of no way in which its substantial accuracy can be impugned. There are considerations which justify the expectation that the precious metals would have accumulated during the period under review. Our gross exportation of coin and bullion, during the last seven years, has been almost exactly the same as for the preceding seven years; the shipments being for the respective periods \$393,700,000 and \$395,500,000; but we have received from foreign countries, during the seven years since 1860, \$125,000,000, while during the preceding seven years we imported only \$62,500,000. It thus appears that, since 1860, our net exports have been \$64,300,000 below the amount for the like number of years next previous. Concurrently with this decline in the ratio of our net exports, we have had an increase in the domestic production. As the record of receipts at San Francisco was not kept with much precision previous to 1860, we cannot compare the movement since that year with that of the preceding seven years with strict accuracy. From a comparison of estimates, we take it to be quite safe to conclude that the receipts at that point for

the last seven years average fully \$5,000,000 per annum in excess of those for the seven years ending with 1860. The overland receipts at the Atlantic ports from the new gold fields, which we have estimated at \$50,000,000 for the seven years, also form an important item in accounting for the large increase of supply. Putting together these several items—the decrease in net exports, the enlarged receipts at San Francisco, and the product of the new mines arriving at other points—we are enabled, from these considerations alone, to account for \$150,000,000 of the \$184,000,000 gain above exhibited.

The taxation upon the assays of bullion afford an important criterion of the current production of the precious metals in the country. It is to be assumed that in this, as in other departments of taxation, a portion of the duty (upon private assays) fails of being reported to the revenue officers; so that the official returns cannot be taken as representing fully the production. It appears, however, from the last Report on the Finances, p. 266, that, for the fiscal year 1866, \$488,337 of tax was collected upon assays of \$81,389,541 of bullion. Allowing for a certain amount assayed without paying the tax, it is scarcely supposable that the product of that year was less than \$85,000,000, which is \$9,000,000 in excess of the net exports of the year (a year of much the largest specie shipments in the history of the country), and \$47,000,000 in excess of the average net exports for the last seven years. This fact shows that we are producing the precious metals at a rate vastly in excess of our exportation, and taken together, with other considerations previously adduced, confirms the credibility of the result to which the above statistics have led us.

These facts show that so far from the supply of gold having been lessened during the war, it has been largely increased. It cannot, therefore, be urged against the resumption of specie payments that we have not an adequate metallic basis. Precisely where, or in what condition, this large amount of the precious metals is held it is not pertinent to our present purpose to enquire. The proof is incontestable that it is in the country; and it is reasonable to suppose that upon gold being again brought into regular use, a considerable portion of this increased stock would find its way into circulation, so as to supply the monetary wants of the country.

THE IMPEACHMENT PROJECT.

It seems to us the duty of the great commercial communities of this country, each in its own way, to protest at once and with emphasis against the extraordinary result which has been reached by the Committee of the House of Representatives, charged with the task of examining and reporting upon the official conduct of President Johnson. During the past week Congress and the country were electrified by the intelligence that this Committee, of which most people had for some time past begun to lose sight altogether, was about to present a report calling for the impeachment of the Chief Magistrate of the nation. Such a report has in fact been presented, but under circumstances and conditions which make it almost a moral certainty that no such action will be taken upon it by the House as will lead to a formal impeachment and trial. For not only is the report of the majority of the committee accompanied by a dissenting report of the minority, but this dissenting report, in which the majority report is stigmatised, pretty clearly, as an unstatesmanlike, intemperate and partisan composition, is signed by the Chairman of the Committee himself. Besides the journals of both political parties do not hesitate to express unfavorable opinions upon the character and value of the document; and it is tacitly acknowledged on all hands that

the report will not result in a real impeachment of the President, but probably in an angry, exciting discussion which will be almost as damaging to the interests of the country.

This being the state of the case, we repeat that the great commercial communities of the Union owe it to themselves and their country to take action upon the subject. For what is the first and most obvious effect of an angry Congressional agitation of the question of impeachment? Clearly and directly to derange and check all business, and to put a stop to the transaction by Congress of the necessary business now before it, or proper to be brought before it at this session. At any time, and under any circumstances, this would be a disaster, but it is peculiarly so at the present moment. If the President had really been found deserving of impeachment, and if the report of the committee on the subject had laid before the Legislature and the nation in a grave, earnest and temperate spirit, full and convincing reasons for taking so solemn a step, we should have only to acquiesce with all good citizens in the painful national duty imposed by a national calamity, and calling upon us all for the sacrifice of all things else to the national justice and the national honor. It would have been a sore trial certainly to all Americans justly proud of their past history, thus to be exposed before mankind as suffering under the burden of shame imposed upon them by an unworthy ruler of their own choice. But the trial might have been, and we believe would have been, resolutely borne. In the actual aspect of the affair, however, we see the nation compromised in its reputation abroad, and threatened in its interests at home without any valid excuse. The bold statement that an American Congress has demanded the impeachment of an American President, will be carried into every country with which we have business relations, or which looks up to us as the exemplar of freedom and self-government, the standard bearer and the hope of human progress in matters political. It will afflict all who most truly sympathize with our political ideas, and most intelligently admire our political system. It will become a weapon in the hands of all those who wish to depreciate our national reputation and to counteract our national influence. It will destroy all confidence in business circles, alarm the centres of finance, and still further unsettle the already fluctuating and uncertain relations of our trade with foreign countries.

Meanwhile the disturbed and demoralized industries of the country will knock in vain for attention and relief at the doors of a Congress occupied with passionate debates over a question which, being deprived in advance of its most serious aspects, can lead to nothing but a general and lamentable recurrence of all the worst evils under which we have suffered during the past six years of civil war, and disorder. Political philosophers may find food in all this for speculations more or less useful upon the inherent dangers of the democratic form of government, and upon the remedies which should be applied to meet those dangers. But upon the great commercial classes, that is as much as to say, upon the nation at large, the effects of the unsubstantial and undignified shape in which the Impeachment question now presents itself to the public mind, followed by long intemperate discussion, will be hardly, if at all, less damaging and deplorable than would have been an actual Impeachment resulting in the condemnation and removal from office of the President.

There is but one way in which the country can be saved from the unhappy consequences of this most unwise course of action. The people of the United States must make their determination to have this agitation stopped, known and felt among their representatives in Congress. Never has this nation been in such need as now of a high order of states-

manship in the national council—never in such need as now of a practical business temper in the administration of public affairs. Great as is the prostration at this moment of many of our leading interests, he knows but little of the resources of America who doubts that a comparatively brief season of political quiet, accompanied by sound fiscal legislation and a wise economy in the public finances, would rapidly restore the body politic to health, and put us in the direct way of shaking off the worst evils under which we now labor. What the country needs is peace, and rest, and our legislators greatly mistake the temper of the people if they think they will much longer endure unnecessary agitation.

FOREIGN COMMERCE OF THE UNITED STATES FOR 1866-7.

We have received from the director of the Statistical Bureau advanced sheets of his report to be delivered to Congress at the opening of the December session, from which we have prepared the following. The total foreign commerce of the United States during the twelve months ending June 30th, 1867, appears to have been larger than in any previous year. Below we give the specie value in millions of dollars of the combined exports and imports for a series of years:

Fiscal year.	Fiscal year.	Fiscal year.
1856.....609	1860.....700	1864.....519
1857.....676	1861.....533	1865.....421
1858.....545	1862.....381	1866.....839
1859.....654	1863.....459	1867.....738

For the last two years the comparative exports and imports (gold value in millions of dollars) are stated as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.	Total.
1866.....	314.1	432.2	846
1867.....	334.4	391.5	726
Difference.....	79.7	40.7	120

As a matter of special interest, we give the table below, indicating to what extent our foreign commerce has been carried on in foreign vessels during the past two years:

Fiscal year.	In American vessels.	Per cent.	Foreign vessels.	Per cent.	Total.
1866.....	263.0	31.0	583.0	69.0	846
1867.....	229.4	31.6	496.6	68.4	726

It appears from this report also that nearly seven-tenths of the entire exports of the past year were Southern products, as may be seen in the following statement:

EXPORTS OF SOUTHERN PRODUCTS FROM NORTHERN PORTS.

Rice.....	\$117,000
Cotton.....	63,000,000
Tobacco.....	17,146,000
Naval stores.....	1,496,080
Spirits turpentine.....	737,000

Total Southern exports from Northern ports.....	\$32,874,000
Exports of Southern products from Southern ports, including Baltimore.....	245,533,000
Total exports of Southern products.....	\$328,407,000

As the total exports of domestic products during the year reached in currency \$471,608,000, the proportion which was made up of Southern products was about 70 per cent.

ALABAMA STATE DEBT.

On the 7th January, 1861, the debt of the State of Alabama stood as follows:

Five per cent. dollar bonds, due in New York May 1, 1863.....	\$1,889,000
Five per cent. " " " " May, 1, 1865.....	50,000
Five per cent. " " " " May, 1, 1873.....	163,000
Five per cent. sterling bonds, due in London July 1, 1866.....	648,000
Six " " " " June 1, 1870.....	688,000

Total outstanding Jan. 7, 1861.....\$3,448,000

During the war growing out of the act of secession, the State issued other debts chiefly for war purposes to the amount of \$3,844,500. This war debt under the advice of President Johnson, was repudiated in the Convention of 1865, and of course remains invalid. Interest on the debt proper was paid regularly; on the New York bonds up to and including November 1, 1861, and on the London bonds up to and including January 1, 1865. Subsequently (in 1866) both classes of bondholders agreed to fund all the coupons past due, and those to become due up to and including January 1, 1867. Including these funded coupons and a few 8 per cent. bonds (\$55,500) issued under an act of legislature, approved December 15, 1865, the total present (Nov. 1, 1867) funded debt of the State amounts to the sum total of \$4,175,110. This debt is described in the following summary:

Five p. c., due in New York, 1863—principal \$1,889,000; 10 coupons.....	\$473,250
" " " " 1865— " 50,000; 10 ".....	13,000
" " " " 1873— " 163,000; 10 ".....	42,000
Principal.....	\$2,109,000
Ten coupons.....	527,250
Total principal and coupons, New York bonds.....	2,636,250

Five per cent. due in London, 1866—principal \$643,000; 4 coupons six.....	\$64,800
" " " " 1870— " 688,000; 4 ".....	82,560
Principal.....	1,336,000
Four coupons.....	\$147,360

Total principal and coupons, London bonds.....	\$1,483,360
Eight per cent. bonds of 1865.....	55,500

Total funded debt Nov. 1, 1867.....	\$4,175,110
The State is also in debt to the sixteenth section trust fund \$1,710,000	
And to the University trust fund.....	850,000
Which, added to the funded debt, makes a total indebtedness of.....	\$5,135,110

The bonds which fell due in 1863, 1865 and 1866 were twenty year bonds. These, under the agreement of 1866 with the bondholders, were extended for a further term of twenty years, and will be due respectively in the years 1883, 1885 and 1886. The coupons funded will be due at the same dates as the principal to which they were attached.

Owing to defects in the State revenue laws, and also, in a measure, to the prostrate condition of the country the usual sources of revenue were found almost unproductive, and in view of an indefinite continuance of this state of affairs the last Legislature authorized the issue of anticipation notes, or certificates of indebtedness to the amount of \$400,000. These are now being issued by the State for Government expenditures. They are receivable for taxes, and will form in the shape of 5s, 10s, 50s and 100s, a ready circulating medium throughout the State. Under the ruling of Mr. McCulloch these notes are exempt from the tax of 10 per cent., ordered to be levied by the act of Congress of March 26, 1867, on municipal notes, &c. We have, as yet, no information as to the amount of these certificates already issued. The action which will be taken by the State Convention, now in session, affecting these obligations is indicated perhaps by the following resolution adopted on the 13th inst.:

Resolved, That it is the determination of this Convention to recognize all the legitimate indebtedness of the State of Alabama, and we hold that said indebtedness should ever be held sacred.

In this list of obligations we enumerate:

- 1st. The entire bonded debt due January 10th, 1861.
- 2d. The bonded debt created since 1865, in funding coupons due and unpaid.
- 3d. Bonds issued in extending matured debts of 1866.
- 4th. Bonded or other indebtedness created during the last two years, together with "tax receipts," or "certificates," by authority of law for paying legitimate expenses of the Provisional Government.

Provided, However, that no indebtedness (bonded or otherwise) created by the State of Alabama during the late rebellion, or indebtedness created during the last two years for the benefit, directly or remotely, of any interest of the rebel State or Confederate Government shall in any manner be recognized by this Convention.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News.

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—NOV. 15.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam...	short.	11.18½ @ 11.19½	Nov. 15.	short.	11.93 @ —
Antwerp...	3 months.	25.35 @ 25.40	"	"	25.17½ @ 25.30
Hamburg...	"	13. 9½ @ 13.10½	"	"	13. 8½ @ —
Paris.....	"	25.50 @ 25.55	"	"	25.13½ @ —
Paris.....	short.	25.15½ @ 25.20	"	8 mo's.	25.33½ @ —
Vienna.....	3 months.	12.57½ @ 12.62½	"	"	"
Berlin.....	"	6.26½ @ 6.27	"	"	"
St. Petersburg	"	3½ @ 3½	Nov. 15.	3 mo's.	33
Cadiz.....	"	49 @ 49½	"	"	"
Lisbon.....	90 days.	51½ @ 51½	Nov. 12.	30 days.	53½
Milan.....	3 months.	28.35 @ 28.45	"	"	"
Genoa.....	"	28.35 @ 28.45	"	"	"
Naples.....	"	28.35 @ 28.45	"	"	"
New York.....	"	"	Nov. 15.	60 days.	109½
Jamaica.....	"	"	Oct. 23.	90 days.	1 p. c.
Havana.....	"	"	Nov. 1.	60 days.	15 p. c. pm.
Rio de Janeiro	"	"	Oct. 24.	"	30½ @ 21
Buenos Ayres...	"	"	Oct. 12.	"	48½ @ —
Valparaiso.....	"	"	Oct. 4.	"	45½ @ —
Pernambuco.....	"	"	Nov. 1.	"	21½ @ —
Singapore.....	60 days.	4s. 5½ d.	Oct. 11.	6 mos.	4s. 4½ d. @ —
Hong Kong.....	"	4s. 5½ d.	Oct. 15.	"	4s. 4½ d. @ —
Ceylon.....	"	2 p. c. dis.	Oct. 8.	"	1½ p. c.
Bombay.....	"	1s. 11½ d. @ —	Nov. 9.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Madras.....	"	1s. 11½ d. @ —	Nov. 7.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Calcutta.....	"	1s. 11½ d. @ —	Nov. 6.	"	1s. 11½ d.
Sydney.....	30 days.	1 p. c. dis.	Oct. 7.	30 days.	1½ p. c.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, November 16, 1867.

Business remains extremely quiet, there being no activity in any department of trade. We are now approaching the period of the year when transactions are not likely to be on a very extended scale, and hence the trade of the country will probably remain quiet until, at the least, the commencement of 1868. It must, however, be observed that on the whole, a steady legitimate business is doing; and the Board of Trade returns show that the export movement is good, more especially in cotton manufactures. But, at the same time, there is a great want of commercial enterprise; buyers continue chiefly to operate from hand to mouth; and, at present, no circumstances appear likely to arise by which our heavy surplus capital is to be profitably employed. There are many undertakings in want of money, but these being chiefly railway companies, there is no disposition to lend. Investments are shy

made in Consols, Indian Government, Colonial Government, and Indian railway securities, and these continue to rule at a high point. Bank, financial and many other similar kinds of securities are still neglected, and in many respects prices are greatly depressed. With regard to railways, however, in which there has been great excitement during the present week, it is noticed that the general public are operating only to a very limited extent, and that the heavy fluctuations which have lately taken place, have their connection with and origin in the large speculations in the Stock Exchange.

The wheat trade during the present week has been extremely quiet, and prices have declined to the extent of 2s. per quarter. Our imports have lately been very large, and since the commencement of September have exceeded those of last year by as much as 8,800,000 cwt. This rate of importation would seem to lead us to the conclusion that at the close of the year, our stocks at the outposts will be considerable—that is, much larger than had been anticipated, and if it can only be kept up, a fall in the value of cereal produce seems inevitable. There can be no doubt that our prospects in regard to a supply of breadstuffs compares favorably with last year; indeed, it seems manifest, notwithstanding many assertions to the contrary, that the supply of wheat in the world is greater than at this period in 1866. If, then, with shorter supplies, and with a less favorable prospect, wheat during the last season was kept at a comparatively moderate point, it may with fairness be argued that the present quotations are too high. Many assert that millers are short of stock, but at the present quotations, and in a market with a tendency to lower prices, there is no occasion for them to purchase beyond their actual wants. Their policy is manifestly to act with the greatest caution, and to restrict their purchases to their actual and immediate requirements. This policy they have now pursued for many months, and they will undoubtedly continue to pursue the same course until they are enabled to make more certain calculations. We may anticipate, therefore, a series of slow trades, with much caution on the part of millers, but at the same time holders are likely to keep their produce with much tenacity, so that, if a fall takes place, it is likely to be very gradual, and not to any important extent.

The annexed statement shows the extent of our importations since the commencement of September, compared with the corresponding period in 1866. As the season progresses the figures show more important results. The imports have already been alluded to, but, in regard to our exports, it may be noticed that notwithstanding all the recent talk respecting the French demand, they have reached only 290,087 cwt., while in the corresponding period last year they were 211,988 cwt. The only question, then, is as to the extent of the French purchases in the markets of Eastern Europe and in the United States. These are acknowledged to have been considerable, and, if the demand continues, we must, of course, bid a higher price than the French in order to secure what we require. So far we have obtained a very large supply, and the quantity on passage to this country is still very large. The statement is as follows:

	WHEAT.				FLOUR.			
	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
Sept. 1 to 29...	1,119,693	2,905,288	55,438	202,784	100,959	154,149	1,563	2,224
30 to Oct. 26...	1,438,142	2,403,173	113,710	73,146	213,315	171,332	1,416	2,894
Week end Nov. 2...	60,371	95,177	20,586	7,009	68,116	68,331	118	116
" " 9...	254,045	942,284	22,354	6,548	77,180	51,399	1,833	2,419
Total.....	3,414,751	7,233,922	211,988	290,087	459,670	445,201	4,920	5,423

In the fair part of the week there was a fair demand for cotton; but during the last few days the trade has been in a most inactive state, and prices have given way. As compared with the close of last week American produce shows a decline of $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb., and East India is rather lower in price. The total sales of the week amount to 60,370 bales, of which 2,240 bales are on speculation, 9,590 bales for export, leaving 48,540 bales to the trade. At Manchester much flatness has prevailed, and prices have failed to maintain their ground. There has not, however, been any actual pressure on the part of sellers, but a dull tone has pervaded the trade, both for cotton yarn and cotton cloth, and the quotations are rather lower.

The public sales of colonial wool were commenced in London on Thursday last, and are announced to be continued until the 19th of December. An impression, however, prevails that they will not be continued beyond the 14th. The arrivals are very large, and are much greater than in any corresponding sales in former years. They amount to 87,430 bales, of which 19,145 bales are from New South Wales and Queensland, 8,778 bales from Victoria, 742 bales Tasmania, 2,330 bales South Australian, 108 West Australian, 7,526 bales New Zealand, and 48,802 bales from the Cape of Good Hope. In addition to these supplies from 15,000 to 20,000 bales, which were undisposed of at the last series of sales, will be offered on the present occasion. Judging from the unsatisfactory state of the trade of the West Riding of Yorkshire,

as well as from the large supplies to be brought forward, it might have been inferred that a heavy fall in prices was inevitable. Large supplies of South American wool having lately been offered at Antwerp and at other Continental markets, any considerable export demand could scarcely have been anticipated. Hence, home buyers have bid much lower prices, and the sales are progressing in a most unsatisfactory manner. As compared with last series, Australian wool shows a fall of 1d. to 1½d., and Cape of 2d. to 2½d. per lb. In some cases the bids have been so low that the brokers have withdrawn a portion of their supplies.

The money market remains without a feature of very special importance. Considering the period of the year, there is a great want of activity in the demand for accommodation, but, at the same time, money is more readily employed than it was several weeks since. The best commercial paper has been taken at as low a figure as 1½ and 1-6 per cent, but no such quotations are current now. With the close of October, the demand for money usually commences to increase, and that movement, as a rule, continues until the turn of the year. The augmentation in the demand in the present instance, however, is comparatively trifling. There is, as I have stated, more demand for money, but there is no animation apparent, and although the open market rates have lately risen about one fourth, they are still one-half per cent. beneath those of the Bank of England. With such an important difference, amounting to 25 per cent, there is at present no likelihood of a rise in the bank *minimum*. In fact, the question of a change in the bank rate of discount is never thought of now. The following are the rates of discount, so far as regards the best descriptions of paper:

	Per Cent		Per Cent
30 to 60 days' bills.....	1½ @ 1½	6 months' bank bills.....	1½ @ 2
3 months' bills.....	1½ @ 1½	4 & 6 months' trade bills....	2 @ 3
4 months' bank bills.....	1½ @ 1½		

The changes in the value of money on the continent have been unimportant since Saturday last. The discount markets at the more important cities are much in the same condition as our own; the supply of money being large, and the means for its employment contracted. The supply of bullion held by the Bank of France amounts to £37,818,180, while disc. units are at £21,580,424. The rates of discount at the leading cities, compared with last year, are subjoined:

	B'k rate—		Op. m't—			B'k rate—		Op. m't—	
	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.		1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.
At Paris.....	3	2	2½	1½-2½	Turin.....	6	5	—	—
Vienna.....	5	4	5½	4	Brussels.....	3	2½	2½	2½
Berlin.....	4½	4	4	2½	Madrid.....	8	5	—	—
Frankfort.....	3½	2½	3½	1½-2	Hamburg.....	—	4	—	2
Amst'rd'm.....	5	3½	5	3-3½	St. Pet'g.....	7	7	10	8-9

The following statement presents many features of interest. It compares the present position of the Bank of England with that at the corresponding period in the four preceding years, and also shows the bank rate of discount, the price of consols, wheat, middling upland cotton, and No. 40 mule yarn at this day since 1863:

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Circulation....	£21,778,354	£20,750,500	£21,661,131	£28,869,584	£24,148,650
Public depos....	6,431,830	5,142,368	5,690,148	5,145,772	5,141,163
Private ".....	13,405,442	14,416,234	13,275,016	16,687,127	18,691,653
Gov. securit's.	10,340,330	10,734,542	9,741,101	12,304,391	12,345,388
Other ".....	20,499,915	19,305,211	19,308,822	19,061,233	16,682,646
R. servce.....	6,972,132	8,307,970	7,174,973	8,807,762	12,000,665
Coin and bull'n	13,419,602	13,582,355	13,677,098	17,144,607	22,238,806
Bank rate.....	6	8	7	4	2
Consols.....	91½	91	89½	89½	91½ to 94½
Price of wheat	40s. 0d.	38s. 11d.	45s. 3d.	57s. 2d.	70s. 1d.
Mid. Up. cot'n	27d.	21½d.	19½d.	14d.	8½d.
40 mule yarn,					
fair 2d quality	2s. 11d.	2s. 4d.	2s. 3½d.	1s. 7d.	*1s. 0½d.

There has been less activity in the demand for gold during the present week. The sums withdrawn from the bank for export have been unimportant, nevertheless, all the arrivals, amounting to £234,140, have been purchased for that purpose. Silver has been very quiet. Bars remain at 60½d. per ounce. As regards dollars, the principal transaction is in the supply brought by the Louisiana, which arrived at St. Nazaire from Vera Cruz a short time since with £160,000 on English account at 58 15-16 per ounce. The prices current for bullion are as under:

GOLD.		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Gold.....	per oz. standard.	77	9½	@	—
do Fine.....	do	77	9	@	17 9½
do Refinable.....	do	78	0	@	—
Spanish Doubloons.....	per oz. last price.	75	0	@	76
South American Doubloons.....	do	73	7	@	73 9
United States Gold Coin.....	do last price.	76	3	@	76 4

SILVER.		s.	d.	s.	d.
Bar Silver.....	per oz. standard.	5	0½	@	—
do containing 5 grs. gold	do last price	5	0½	@	—
Fine Cake Silver.....	per oz.	5	5	@	—
Mexican Dollars.....	per oz. last price.	4	10	@	15-16
Quicksilver, £6 17s. per bottle;	discount 3 per cent.				

During the earlier days of the week the Consol market was decidedly firm, with an upward tendency in the quotations; but during the closing days there has been less firmness, and prices have given way. The market presents no feature of interest, and the business doing is very

moderate. The highest and lowest prices on each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending Nov. 16	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur.	Friday.	Sat.
Consols for money	94½-94½	94½-94½	94½-94½	94½-94½	94½-94½	94½-94½

As regards American securities, the principal feature is a firmer market for Illinois Central Railway shares, in the value of which there has been a steady rise, on a considerable demand for investment. During the earlier days of the week United States Five-Twenty bonds ruled firm, but there has lately been less firmness in this department. Erie Railway shares are steady; but Atlantic and Great Western Railway debentures are very dull. United States Five-Twenty bonds close this evening at 70½ to 70¾; Atlantic and Great Western Railway debentures, 20 to 20½; do. Consolidated Mortgage bonds, 18½ to 19½; Erie, Railway shares, 47½ to 48½, and Illinois Central, 85 to 86. The highest and lowest prices of the principal American securities on each day of the week are subjoined:

Week ending Nov. 16	Monday.	Tuesday	Wed'y.	Thur'day.	Friday.	Sat'day.
U. S. 5-20's	70½-71	70½-71½	70½-71	70½-70¾	70½-70¾	70½-70¾
Atlantic & Gt West- ern consold bonds	19½-20	19-19½	19-20	19-19½	19½-19¾	19½-19¾
Erie Shares (\$100)	46½-47½	47-47½	47-48	47-47½	47-47½	47½-48
Illinois shares (\$100)	82½-83	83½-84	83½-84	84-84½	84½-84½	85-85

The cotton manufacturers of Amiens in France are about to agitate for the termination of the commercial treaty with England, which, they say, has done them serious injury. The treaty was signed in 1860, and will terminate in 1870.

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money Market.—The bullion reserve of the bank continues to decrease, and has lost £177,000 in the week. Consols have been steady at 94½@94½, closing at the latter quotation. In American Securities there has been considerable buoyancy. U. S. 6's (5.20's) have ranged from 70½@70½, opening and closing at 70½. Illinois Central shares have advanced to 86½, and Erie shares to 48, closing at 47. The market closed steady.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.
Consols for money	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½	94½
U. S. 6's (5.20's) 1862	70½	70 11 16	70½	70½	70½	70½
U. S. 5's (10-40's) 1864	70½	70 11 16	70½	70½	70½	70½
Illinois Central shares	85½	85½	85½	85½	86	86½
Erie Railway shares	46½	47	46½	47	48	47
Atlantic & Great West- ern cons. bonds	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½	19½

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfurt were—

Frankfurt	75½	75½	75½	75 7-16	76½	75½
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Liverpool Cotton Market.—Cotton continues the downward tendency losing day by day, and on the week on all American descriptions fully ½d. per lb. The low prices, however, appear to have stimulated sales, which foot up 58,000 bales, against 60,000 the previous week. At the close the market became more animated, but without change in quotation, closing at 7½d. for Uplands, and 7½ for Orleans.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.
Bales sold	10,000	10,000	10,000	8,000	7 13-16	7½d.
Price Midd. Upland	8½d.	8½	8½	8½	8 1-16	7½d.
Orleans	8½d.	8½	8½	8½	8 1-16	7½d.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—During the first half of the week breadstuffs continued firm at the established quotations, but on Tuesday became irregular and easier. Western wheat receded 3d. and corn 6d., and at this decline closed. Barley and oats were without change. Peas have advanced 6d., closing at 50s. 6d., at latest advices the market was quiet and steady.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.*	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.
Wheat (No. 2 West Red) p. ctl	13 6	13 6	13 6	13 3	13 3	13 3
" (California white) "	16 9	16 9	16 9	16 9	16 6	16 6
Corn (West. mix'd) p. 480 lbs	48 9	48 9	48 9	48 8	48 6	48 3
Barley (American) per 60 lbs	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4	5 4
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11	3 11
Peas (Canadian) pr 504 lbs	50 0	50 0	50 0	50 6	50 6	50 6

Liverpool Provisions Market.—Beef and cheese have not changed since our last report. In all other articles of the list a decline is noted: pork has fallen from 71s. to 70s. per bbl.; bacon from 49s to 48s. per cwt.; and lard from 51s. 6d. to 50s. per cwt. The market closed dull and heavy.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.
Beef (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	112 6	112 6	112 6	112 6	112 6	112 6
Pork (Etn. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	71 0	71 0	71 0	71 0	70 0	70 0
Bacon (Cumb. cur.) p. 112 lbs	49 0	48 0	48 0	48 0	47 0	46 0
Lard (American) "	51 6	51 0	51 0	51 0	50 0	50 0
Cheese (fine) "	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0	52 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—Rosins and turpentine have been heavy, throughout the week. Common Wilmington rosin has lost 5d per cwt., and the grades from medium to fine 1s. per cwt. Spirit Turpentine is 6d. lower. Petroleum has been steady at last Saturday's decline, closing

ing at 1s. 4d. Petroleum Spirits, however, retain their old quotation Sugar, tallow, and cloverseed are unchanged.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Rosin (com Wilm.) per 112 lbs	8 3	8 3	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 9
" middling	12 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
" fine pale	12 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
Spirit Turpentine	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 6	27 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 5 lbs	1 4½	1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4	1 4
" spirits per 8 lbs	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0
Sugar (No. 12 Dch std) p. 112 lbs	26 6	26 6	26 6	26 6	26 6	26 6
Tallow (American) p. 112 lbs	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0	44 0
Clover seed (Am. red) "	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0	39 0

London Produce, and Oil Markets.—The London produce market has been steady, and no change in prices has occurred, except in linseed oil, which is £2 10s. lower, closing at £39 per ton.

	Fri.	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.
Linseed (Calcutta) p. qr.	£3 8 6	£3 8 6	£3 8 6	£3 8 6	£3 8 6	£3 8 6
Linseed cake (obl'g) p. ton	11 5 0	11 5 0	11 5 0	11 5 0	11 5 0	11 5 0
" oil	40 10 0	40 10 0	40 10 0	39 0 0	39 0 0	39 0 0
Sperm oil	112 0 0	112 0 0	112 0 0	112 0 0	112 0 0	112 0 0
Whale oil	23 39 0	23 39 0	23 39 0	23 39 0	23 39 0	23 39 0

Latest: Friday Evening, November 29.

The sales of cotton for the week footed up 57,000 bales, including 7,000 for export and 2,000 on speculation. The stock of American cotton continues decreasing, and stands now at 92,000 bales only out of a total of 469,000 bales.

The cotton market to-day opened heavy, but with unchanged quotations, and so continued to the close. Breadstuffs are also heavy. Corn declined to 47s. 9d.; Peas to 49s. 6d., and Wheat, California White, to 16s. 3d., and No. 2 Western Red to 13s. 2d. Barley and Oats unchanged.

Lard has declined to 49s. 9d., and bacon to 45s. 6d. Beef and cheese are steady at yesterday's quotations.

Refined petroleum has declined ½d., closing at 1s. 3½d.

There is no change in the London produce market. Consols and United States securities are weak, but without quotable change. Shares are stronger; Illinois Central closed 86½, and Erie at 47½.

HAVANA MARKETS—PER TELEGRAPH.

The following statement presents the latest quotations for produce exchange and freights as reported by telegraph:

	Reals.	Dollars.
Sugar (10 to 12 D.S.) per arroba	8½ @ 8½	Lard, in tierces... per cwt. 15½ @ 17½
" (15 to 20 D.S.) "	9½ @ 10	" in 25 lb. tins. " 18 @ 18½
Molasses, Muscovado "	4 @ 4½	Lumber (white pine) p. 100 ft. 21 @ 22
Honey.....per gal.	4 @ 4½	" (pitch pine) " 28 @ 32
Petroleum, in barrels	3½ @ 3½	Onions.....per bbl. 4½ @ 5
" in tins "	4 @ 4½	Pitch.....per ton. 32 @ 33
Apples.....per bbl.	14½ @ 15	P. potatoes.....per bbl. 4 @ 4½
Bacon.....per cwt.	14½ @ 15	Tallow.....per cwt. 12 @ 13
Beeswax (brown) "	7½ @ 8	
" (white) "	11 @ 11½	
Brooms.....per doz.	8 @ 8½	
Butter (prime).....per cwt.	27 @ 28	
" (lower) "	22 @ 24	
Cabbages.....per 100.	10 @ 10	
Cheese.....per cwt.	16 @ 17	
Flour.....per bbl.	14 @ 14½	
Hams (ordinary).....per cwt.	15½ @ 16	
" (sugar cured) "	22 @ 24	
Hoops (long).....per 1000	45 @ 50	
" (short).....	36 @ 40	

EXCHANGE.

	Per Cent.
London.....prem.	14 @ 14
Paris.....	1½ @ 1
New York (gold) long prem	2 @ 2½
" short	4 @ 4½
" (cur.) long dis.	25½ @ 26
" short dis.	24 @ 24½

FREIGHTS.

New York.....cts. per box.	62 @ 75
" \$ per hhd.	4½ @ 4½

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week show a considerable decrease both in dry goods and in general merchandise, the total being only \$3,197,684 against \$3,649,482 last week, and \$5,102,722 the previous week. The exports are \$4,484,083 this week, against \$5,137,914 last week, and \$4,663,445 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 14,628 bales, against 10,569 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) Nov. 22, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Nov. 23:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
Dry goods.....	\$309,476	\$2,316,730	\$1,694,768	\$311,595
General merchandise...	1,461,315	2,491,005	2,810,324	2,366,089
Total for the week.....	\$1,870,791	\$5,807,735	\$4,505,092	\$3,197,684
Previously reported.....	192,499,231	177,797,750	258,503,099	218,476,363
Since Jan. 1.....	\$194,330,022	\$183,605,475	\$263,038,191	\$221,674,046

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending Nov. 26:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1864.	1865.	1866.	1867.
For the week.....	\$4,845,105	\$5,022,750	\$3,406,611	\$4,484,083
Previously reported.....	191,788,463	251,942,892	168,436,426	166,600,530
Since Jan. 1.....	\$196,633,566	\$156,965,648	\$171,903,037	\$171,093,613

The value of exports from this port to different countries (exclusive of specie) for the past week, and since January 1, is shown in the following table;

To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	To	This week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.
Great Britain.....	\$3,179,067	\$91,646,860	Cuba.....	\$135,507	\$5,436,740
France.....	1,873,317	9,395,534	Hayti.....	40,465	1,330,440
Holland & Belg.....	247,422	5,735,484	Other W. I.....	120,578	6,584,647
Germany.....	397,065	18,844,573	Mexico.....	74,271	1,957,580
Other N. Europe.....		1,385,116	New Granada.....	31,578	2,858,286
Spain.....	40,847	1,409,883	Venezuela.....	79,874	634,685
Other S. Europe.....	465,706	6,653,748	Br. Guiana.....	29,855	1,018,473
East Indies.....		11,331	Brazil.....	185,876	2,813,229
China & Japan.....	1,900	2,069,155	Other S.A. ports.....	17,137	3,308,576
Australia.....	135,099	2,657,701	All other ports.....	37,460	3,949,593
Br.N.A Colonies.....	67,759	3,386,983			

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending Nov. 23, 1867:

Nov. 21—St. Deutschland, Bremen—	Nov. 21—St. Hammonia, Hamburg—
Foreign silver.....	Gold bars.....
23—St. Deutschland, Southampton—	Foreign gold.....
Foreign silver.....	American coin.....
Foreign gold.....	23—South America, Rio Janeiro—
Gold bars.....	Spanish Gold.....
Silver bars.....	British Gold.....
Foreign silver.....	Total for week.....
23—St. Denmark, Liverpool—	Previously reported.....
Gold bars.....	Total since Jan. 1.....
23—St. city of Baltimore, Liverpool—	
British gold.....	
Same time in.....	Same time in.....
1866.....	1866.....
1867.....	1867.....
1868.....	1868.....
1869.....	1869.....
1870.....	1870.....
1871.....	1871.....
1872.....	1872.....
1873.....	1873.....
1874.....	1874.....
1875.....	1875.....
1876.....	1876.....
1877.....	1877.....
1878.....	1878.....
1879.....	1879.....
1880.....	1880.....
1881.....	1881.....
1882.....	1882.....
1883.....	1883.....
1884.....	1884.....
1885.....	1885.....
1886.....	1886.....
1887.....	1887.....
1888.....	1888.....
1889.....	1889.....

The imports of specie at this port during the week have been as follows:

Nov. 10—Brig Emma Dean, Curacao—	Nov. 10—Brig Emma Dean, Curacao—
Gold.....	Silver.....
17—Steamer Rising Star, Gold.....	17—Steamer Rising Star, Gold.....
17—Steamer Bremen, Bremen—	17—Steamer Bremen, Bremen—
Gold.....	Gold.....
20—Bark White Wing, Porto Cabello—	20—Bark White Wing, Porto Cabello—
Gold.....	Gold.....
20—Steamer Arizona, As—	20—Steamer Arizona, As—
Since Jan. 1.....	Since Jan. 1.....

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom Houses:

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks:	2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:
Date.....	Week ending.....
Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....
" 9.....	" 9.....
" 16.....	" 16.....
" 23.....	" 23.....

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.....	Received.....	Distributed.....	Destroyed.....
Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....
" 9.....	" 9.....	" 9.....	" 9.....
" 16.....	" 16.....	" 16.....	" 16.....
" 23.....	" 23.....	" 23.....	" 23.....

4.—Receipts on account of Internal Revenue weekly, and the total from July 1 to date:

Week ending.....	Current week.....	Total to date.....
Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....	Nov. 2.....
" 9.....	" 9.....	" 9.....
" 16.....	" 16.....	" 16.....
" 23.....	" 23.....	" 23.....

5.—Receipts from Customs at the specified ports weekly:

Week end'g.....	N. York.....	Boston.....	Phila.....	Baltimore.....	S. Franc'o.....
Nov. 1 to 9.....	Nov. 1 to 9.....	Nov. 1 to 9.....	Nov. 1 to 9.....	Nov. 1 to 9.....	Nov. 1 to 9.....
" 10 to 16.....	" 10 to 16.....	" 10 to 16.....	" 10 to 16.....	" 10 to 16.....	" 10 to 16.....
" 17 to 23.....	" 17 to 23.....	" 17 to 23.....	" 17 to 23.....	" 17 to 23.....	" 17 to 23.....

THE NEW YORK CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND THE RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS.—The following is from the New York Times of the 27th inst:

The Chamber of Commerce met yesterday, and considered the report of a select committee on the subject of a return to specie payments. In the absence of the President, Mr. Opdyke occupied the chair.

On behalf of the committee, Mr. A. A. Low, the Chairman, submitted the report which shows the inconvenience of a depreciated currency, and suggests that there is but one correction, and that is, a speedy return to a specie basis. It also says it has been the aim of the Secretary of the Treasury to retrace the steps so reluctantly taken, to steadily withdraw from circulation a portion of the legal tender notes, and thus approximate the value of the dollar, whether in gold or in Government paper. To this policy Congress has hitherto rendered loyal support, and to this it is to be hoped, despite all efforts to the contrary, it will continue to be true. The malign influence that is relied on to plunge the country once more into the abyss from which it is just escaping, is said to be most strongly developed in the West; but the record made by Western men, in all the years of the war, affords no warrant for attaching to that section so unworthy a purpose.

Assuming that Congress will adhere to the policy of contraction hitherto so steadily pursued, neither listening to the call for more circulation nor to interpretations of law that tend to dishonor, the committee see no reason why a resumption of specie payments may not take place in the year 1869, provided, in the meantime, the temporary debt of the Government shall have been funded. It is not to be supposed, of course, that so great a difference as now exists in the value of gold and currency can be at once bridged over, and that one will be made to pass instantaneously with the same freedom as the other; nor is it to be expected that we can return immediately, or for many years, to a purely specie standard. * * * The committee assume, in the first place, as a preliminary to the resumption of specie payments, that all the floating debt of the Government, except that known as "legal tender," must be funded; second, that gold and greenbacks may be made of equal value, if Congress will enact that the latter shall be received in part, say to the extent of ten per cent, for duties "at the Custom House," and the notes thus received canceled, until the desired end is reached; any further curtailment being in that case suspended. To this extent the necessity would be obviated of selling gold, which, under the existing tariff, is received in excess of the amount required to pay interest on the public debt. Third, that whenever the value of gold and greenbacks approximates under the conditions already suggested, the Treasury Department may safely undertake to redeem greenbacks with gold, provided there is no material falling off in the customs revenue or in the amount of gold in the Treasury. Fourth, that resumption by the Treasury Department necessarily involves resumption by the banks, and that the Treasury Department, the banks, and the community will have a common interest in sustaining each other, if the attempt be not prematurely made. Two propositions will be made in divers forms to Congress: First, to increase the "legal tender" by a substitution of Treasury notes for our present bank circulation, as understood by your committee, the proposition being to pay bonds bearing interest with notes that do not. Second, to increase the amount of bank circulation by fifty or one hundred millions. Should the first be adopted, confidence in the public faith will receive a shock, the injurious effects of which none can estimate. If, on the other hand, the issue of more bank currency is authorized without an increase of legal tender, it will but hasten the crash, through which, perhaps, sooner or later, it is destined the country shall pass, after much temporizing to avoid a calamity that is certain to result from injudicious legislation. The committee feel that the Chamber should protest against any further debasement of our national currency; against the initiation of the novel mode suggested of paying the public debt, and lift up its voice in favor of a speedy resumption of specie payments, which will consign to oblivion all adverse and unworthy financial expedients.

The Bankers' Gazette.

FRIDAY, NOV. 29, 1867, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—The last bank statement showed a further loss of \$4,700,000 in currency deposits, and of \$3,200,000 in legal tenders; while the loans were up \$900,000. This had the appearance of being a very unfavorable exhibit; but as the changes were apparently the result of artificial operations intended to produce a temporary stringency for speculative purposes, the statement was not regarded as at all indicating the actual condition of the banks at the commencement of this week. The funds factitiously withdrawn were returned toward the close of last week; and this week there has been an easier market, money being in good supply at the close at 7 per cent., while round balances are offered at 6 per cent.

The stringency of last week, however, has left injurious effects upon the discount market. The banks appear to have done their best toward meeting the pressing wants of their customers; but have had to refuse many applications; and a large amount of paper good but not strictly prime, has been thrown into the open market where buyers are very timid and discriminating. The fears of discounters have been further excited by the failure of Harris & Dayton, sugar refiners, and of Sherwin & Co., large dry goods retailers, Union Square. A stock firm, with considerable liabilities has also failed. Outside the banks, therefore, rates continue firm at 7½ @ 10 per cent.

There has been no tendency in currency movements with the interior to affect the market. The banks have been in receipt of funds from Chicago, but have also remitted to Cincinnati; so that the one current has about set off the other. The amount sent South has been nominal. The purchases of cotton are very light; but it is anticipated that the repeal of the cotton tax will early induce much more activity in this branch of trade, calling for shipments of currency to the South.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

Call loans.....	Per cent.	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	Per cent.
Loans on bonds & mortg.....	7 ② 7	do single names.....	8 ② 12
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months.....	7 ② 8	Lower grades.....	16 ② 24

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.—Government Securities have shown a steady improvement during the week, in sympathy with the steadier tone of the money market. There has been no large investment demand; but holders have been less anxious to sell, in hope that the full decline in prices has been already realised and that, ere long, there will be a demand for the employment of balances. Conversion operations have indirectly tended to put up the price of bonds. The conversions have recently been in excess of the supply of bonds from the Treasury, the Department being several millions behind in its deliveries; and this has caused an active demand on the street for the new Sixty-Fives and for Sixty-Sevens, with a consequent slight advance in the price, a stronger market generally.

On and after Monday next, the government will give in exchange for Seven-Thirties a bond minus the January coupon, interest upon the Seven-Thirties being allowed up to January 1st. The prospect of this change has caused an immense amount of Seven-Thirties to be presented for conversion within the last two or three days, the probability being that the transactions of to-day and to-morrow will aggregate about ten millions.

To-day, bonds advanced at London to 71, which with moderate orders on foreign account, caused an advance of $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. and a generally improved tone in the market.

To-day's advices from Washington reported that it is the purpose of Mr. McCulloch to recommend the authorization of a 5 per cent. loan, the principal and interest of which shall be payable in Europe.

The following are the closing prices of leading securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	Oct. 25.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
U. S. 6's, 1881 comp.....	112	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	113	113	108
U. S. 5-20's, 1862 coupons.....	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108	108
U. S. 5-20's, 1864 ".....	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105	105
U. S. 5-20's, 1865 ".....	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 5-20's, 1865, N. iss.....	107	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, C.....	107	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$	107 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 10-40's ".....	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$	101 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 7-30's 3d Series.....	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$
U. S. 7-30's 3rd series.....	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$	105 $\frac{1}{2}$

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The stock market, with the exception of a few specialties, has been dull during the week, although prices have been steadily sustained. The clique in Erie and New York Central have been quiet. The combination on Northwestern have been active, and the common stock has been advanced $\frac{1}{2}$, and the preferred $\frac{3}{8}$. The chief interest has centered in Pacific Mail. The legal fight between the present direction and the opposition caused a heavy fall in the price of the stock, the quotation at one time being 116. Parties holding the stock as collateral called in their loans, which induced a large amount of realizing, and weakened the price beyond its generally estimated value; and one brokers firm failed in consequence. To-day, however, a compromise was agreed upon by the contestants for the control of the company, three members of the opposition being placed upon the ticket for directors, and this morning the price bounded up to 129, subsequently reacting to 128.

Express stocks have been excited and firm. It appears to be generally anticipated that the companies will soon agree upon a common tariff of rates, placing their operations again upon a paying basis, and causing a large advance in the stocks; and there is consequently an active competition for the shares. Merchants Union at one time touched 44, but to-day closed at 39 $\frac{1}{4}$ @40 $\frac{1}{4}$.

There is still but little outside interest in the market, and operations are confined to a few large professional speculators and brokers.

The following were the closing quotations at the regular board, compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	Oct. 18.	Oct. 25.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
Cumberland Coal.....	21	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	16 $\frac{1}{2}$	15
Quicksilver.....	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	45 $\frac{1}{2}$
Canton Co.....	17	14	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mariposa pref.....	112	112	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	112 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$	113 $\frac{1}{2}$
New York Central.....	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	125	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	123 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hudson River.....	100 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	97	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	98	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$
Reading.....	80 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$	79	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	86	80
Mich. Southern.....	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Michigan Central.....	84	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	81 $\frac{1}{2}$	84 $\frac{1}{2}$	88 $\frac{1}{2}$	88 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clev. and Pittab.....	102	102	104 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$	103 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$	102 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clev. and Toledo.....	46 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	47 $\frac{1}{2}$	48	53	57 $\frac{1}{2}$	58
Northwestern.....	67	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	64 $\frac{1}{2}$	67 $\frac{1}{2}$
Rock Island.....	97 $\frac{1}{2}$	96	96	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96
Fort Wayne.....	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	97 $\frac{1}{2}$	97 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central.....	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	121 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	126 $\frac{1}{2}$	130	131	131

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at the regular and open boards conjointly, on each day of the week, closing with this day's business:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
Bank shares.....	185	148	304	213	146	213	996
Railroad ".....	48,720	27,276	38,928	28,938	21,353	160,215	304,215
Coal ".....	500	500	2,400	670	1,300	5,000	8,800
Mining ".....	2,250	3,400	2,542	5,175	4,340	17,607	39,214
Improv't ".....	11,305	8,590	7,347	4,285	10,353	43,379	85,859
Telegraph.....	3,637	4,287	5,304	3,519	6,426	23,078	46,563
Express.....	99,355	17,045	21,828	23,781	24,539	116,029	293,578
At Exchange Board.....	37,242	27,562	30,497	29,556	30,578	135,435	251,464
At Open Board.....	66,597	44,607	51,825	43,318	45,117	251,464	304,215
Total current week.....	86,181	76,838	87,148	68,049	91,975	404,775	1,000,000
Total Previous w'k.....							

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bonds and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at the Regular Board on each day of the past week:

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week.
J. S. Bonds.....	\$216,000	\$354,150	687,000	100,700	276,500	\$1,635,350	\$2,669,700
U. S. Notes.....	12,000	49,250	67,000	43,000	131,000	294,250	607,500
State & City Bonds.....	173,000	93,000	63,000	60,000	102,000	491,000	692,000
Company Bonds.....	74,500	27,000	24,000	18,000	77,000	235,500	452,000
Total Cur. w'k.....	\$475,500	\$523,400	\$841,000	\$222,700	\$586,500	\$2,659,100	\$4,159,200
Previous week.....	486,300	1,003,000	443,500	468,700	618,300	497,500	\$3,517,300

THE GOLD MARKET.—The predominant tendency of the gold premium has been toward lower quotations. The report of a majority of the Judiciary Committee in favor of impeachment had a merely nominal effect upon the market, it being deemed altogether improbable that the House would adopt the Committee's recommendation. The resolution of the House, instructing the Committee on Banking and Currency, by a large majority, to report a bill for the substitution of the bank circulation by a new issue of greenbacks, also failed to affect the premium, it being taken for granted that the Senate would reject such a proposal.

The report of the Committee on Ways and Means in favor of the repeal of the cotton tax, induces an expectation of an early large export of cotton, and has so far tended to depress the premium. It appears, however, that the consideration at present most sensibly affecting the value of gold is the prospect of the payment of nearly thirty millions of coin by the Treasury in January, on account of coupons, and in redemption of United States bonds of 1867. This prospective supply, with the amount payable this month on coupons, makes a total supply within two months of about fifty-five millions of coin; which it appears to be considered will outweigh any inflation tendencies that may be developed in the discussions of Congress.

The fluctuations in the gold market during the week closing with Friday are shown in the following table:

	Open.	Lowest.	High.	Close.	Clearings.
Saturday, Nov. 23.....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$73,048,000
Monday, ".....	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$5,199,000
Tuesday, ".....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$6,871,000
Wednesday, ".....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$7,918,000
Thursday, ".....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$4,871,000
Friday, ".....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$84,505,000
Current week.....	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$37,950,000
Previous week.....	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	\$37,950,000
Jan. 1 to date.....	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	132 $\frac{1}{2}$	146 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	....

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, Nov. 23, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California.....	\$156,439
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports.....	34,501
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury.....	2,047,000
Reported new supply thrown on market.....	\$2,287,940
Withdrawn for export.....	\$346,075
Withdrawn for customs.....	1,466,212
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply.....	\$.....
Reported new supply in excess of withdrawals.....	455,858
Specie in banks on Saturday, Nov. 16.....	\$13,734,064
Specie in banks on Saturday, Nov. 23.....	15,499,110
Increase of specie in banks.....	\$1,764,146
Decrease of specie in banks.....	.....
Actual excess of reported supply: balance retained in private hands.....	\$.....
Actual deficit in reported supply: balance made up from unreported sources.....	1,305,493

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—Bankers complain of a dull demand for bills; the supply appears to be gaining slightly, and rates are $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ below the figures of last week. The further fall in cotton at Liverpool has weakened cotton bills, and prime commercial paper is scarce.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	Nov. 8.	Nov. 15.	Nov. 22.	Nov. 29.
London Com'l.....	108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$
do bills 'ing.....	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do short.....	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$
Paris, long.....	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.15	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.15	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$
do short.....	5.15 @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.15 @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.15 @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$
Antwerp.....	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Swiss.....	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$
Hamburg.....	85 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36	85 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36	85 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36	85 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 36
Amsterdam.....	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 41
Frankfurt.....	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$	40 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 40 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bremen.....	78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 78 $\frac{1}{2}$
Berlin.....	71 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 72	71 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 72	71 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 72	71 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 72

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.		Sub-Treasury	
	Receipts.	Payments.	Receipts.	Payments.
Nov. 18.	\$224,345 34	\$9,692,979 05	\$9,748,864 06	
" 19.	840,534 94	971,333 17	795,125 02	
" 20.	229,731 06	1,632,629 80	1,457,557 58	
" 21.	217,559 55	8,014,630 16	8,141,756 37	
" 22.	253,199 14	2,655,519 02	1,666,800 56	
" 23.	190,723 25	1,344,913 68	1,064,553 67	
Total	\$1,466,212 28	\$24,337,031 88	\$22,874,687 26	
Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of Nov. 18.			110,255,076 64	
Deduct payments during the week			\$133,169,763 90	
Balance on Saturday evening			\$108,932,729 02	
Decrease during the week			1,352,347 62	

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$218,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$106,000 in gold, and \$1,360,212 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury since Sept. 7:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Payments.	Receipts.	Balances.	Changes in Balances.
Sept. 7.	2,894,219	15,478,97	16,927,214	114,214,666	Inc. 1,48,640
" 14.	2,605,971	15,453,307	20,619,828	119,381,987	Inc. 5,166,620
" 21.	2,986,876	23,595,430	22,910,965	118,686,822	Dec. 684,463
" 28.	2,858,344	20,339,418	16,532,679	114,934,433	Dec. 3,751,398
Oct. 5.	2,106,283	27,433,339	18,191,966	105,754,210	Dec. 11,235,273
" 12.	2,219,153	14,855,539	15,351,348	100,390,019	Inc. 3,445,809
" 19.	2,037,259	12,659,117	17,338,242	113,779,144	Inc. 4,570,125
" 26.	1,670,942	16,432,809	17,287,948	114,634,224	Inc. 855,077
Nov. 2.	1,683,128	35,904,751	22,925,094	101,254,567	Dec. 13,379,657
" 9.	1,923,837	36,595,769	40,771,789	105,430,587	Inc. 4,176,020
" 16.	1,732,635	14,938,358	19,827,827	110,255,076	Inc. 4,861,488
" 23.	1,466,212	24,237,034	22,874,687	108,932,729	Dec. 1,352,347

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on November 23, 1867:

BANKS.	AVERAGE AMOUNT OF				
	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.
New York	\$3,000,000	\$7,371,311	\$5,383,038	\$79,455	\$5,890,362
Manhattan	2,500,000	5,511,430	3,834,341	11,511	5,787,392
Mechanics	3,000,000	7,187,094	805,801	807,507	5,209,615
Union	2,000,000	5,490,411	215,949	581,500	3,436,493
America	1,500,000	3,901,724	211,550	403,381	2,414,214
Phoenix	3,000,000	7,740,590	1,714,221	1,855	6,776,297
City	1,000,000	2,851,980	395,750	290,688	2,556,104
Tradersmen's	1,000,000	2,536,162	21,017	797,867	1,449,784
Fulton	1,000,000	2,117,538	88,774	1,072,950	6,429,899
Chemical	300,000	5,431,603	372,243	4,891,824	1,627,408
Merchants' Exchange	1,233,000	3,302,068	34,655	452,056	2,767,716
National	1,500,000	2,682,963	192,902	497,706	764,772
Butchers'	800,000	2,481,600	23,400	261,300	1,714,300
Mechanics and Traders	800,000	2,032,443	14,443	195,730	1,549,586
Greenwich	200,000	1,030,644	1,030,644	8,812	687,455
Leather Manuf. National	600,000	2,671,457	352,592	267,135	1,683,890
Seventh Ward National	1,200,000	2,120,232	1,200,000	32,750	791,200
State of New York	2,000,000	4,715,100	4,092,115	325,000	3,490,115
American Exchange	5,000,000	10,039,737	483,640	991,970	5,301,283
Commerce	10,000,000	24,000,813	892,851	5,076,055	6,443,998
Broadway	1,000,000	6,980,301	102,966	5,000,000	5,120,992
Ocean	1,000,000	2,032,443	28,622	707,135	1,254,586
Mercantile	1,000,000	3,038,383	60,567	481,412	2,300,100
Pacific	422,700	1,715,014	14,288	130,842	1,316,615
Republic	2,000,000	2,470,729	429,186	885,730	2,925,292
Chatham	500,000	1,718,496	1,718,496	131,912	1,624,102
People's	412,500	1,441,762	11,418	6,512	1,157,172
North American	1,000,000	2,053,617	103,583	333,000	1,739,543
Hanover	1,000,000	2,965,088	113,132	290,536	1,319,733
Irving	1,000,000	2,965,088	113,132	290,536	1,319,733
Metropolitan	4,000,000	11,332,121	535,584	2,173,183	5,712,199
Citizens	400,000	1,353,229	17,910	131,800	1,270,501
Nassau	1,000,000	2,170,757	59,477	1,180	1,735,399
Market	1,000,000	2,365,934	132,003	828,117	1,706,297
St. Nicholas	1,000,000	2,444,333	35,167	751,409	406,626
Shoe and Leather	1,500,000	4,339,600	22,900	944,816	2,290,100
Corn Exchange	1,000,000	2,210,589	29,793	1,510	1,671,288
Continental	2,000,000	4,032,923	128,718	551,733	2,754,590
Commonwealth	750,000	2,122,520	45,932	212,127	1,925,552
Oriental	300,000	1,254,329	10,475	7,726	971,287
Marine	400,000	1,915,256	70,599	890,000	1,259,183
Atlantic	200,000	1,302,323	25,095	9,419	91,213
Importers and Traders	1,500,000	6,413,181	85,433	500,882	5,340,173
Park	2,000,000	11,570,958	759,853	992,440	11,025,588
Mechanics' Banking Ass.	500,000	1,010,002	3,052	86,557	1,021,159
Grocers'	300,000	800,528	6,254	71,000	572,549
North River	400,000	1,390,554	26,559	11,571	1,054,220
East River	350,000	901,574	5,223	283,500	515,669
Manufacturers & Mer.	500,000	1,197,711	15,397	836	1,071,691
Fourth National	5,000,000	10,302,323	265,229	2,962,335	12,967,312
Central National	3,000,000	12,327,576	98,635	1,035,550	11,844,722
Second National	300,000	1,139,401	20,000	860,572	298,400
Ninth National	1,000,000	5,221,497	119,529	639,313	5,339,673
First National	1,000,000	2,710,103	19,908	415,534	2,284,574
Third National	1,000,000	3,220,311	104,297	796,084	2,328,747
New York N. Exchange	300,000	955,635	18,018	208,216	680,181
Tenth National	1,000,000	2,680,700	28,700	903,519	1,691,700
Bull's Head	200,000	1,287,527	6,967	8,946	1,279,687
National Currency	100,000	238,269	6,097	90,000	816,598
Bowery National	250,000	679,114	11	223,000	386,741
Stuyvesant	400,000	420,110	42	87,355	1,712,960
Eleventh Ward	100,000	517,648	7,688	340,200	717,854
Eighth National	100,000	517,648	7,688	340,200	717,854
New York Gold Exchange	100,000	517,648	7,688	340,200	717,854
Total	\$2,520,300	\$40,313,649	\$15,490,110	\$14,129,911	\$174,721,683

Clearings for the week ending Nov. 16, 1867. \$495,217,127 77
Clearings for the week ending Nov. 23, 1867. 500,005,803 11
Balances for the week ending Nov. 16, 1867. 18,641,147 87
Balances for the week ending Nov. 23, 1867. 19,113,940 61

The deviations from the returns of the previous week are as follows:

Loans	Inc. \$903,835	Deposits	Dec. \$3,021,770
Specie	Inc. 1,364,164	Legal Tenders	Dec. 3,207,739
Circulation	Dec. 4,455		

The following are the totals for a series of weeks past:

	Loans.	Specie.	Circulation.	Deposits.	Legal Tenders.	Aggregate Clearings.
Sept. 7.	2,520,300	7,967,619	33,708,172	195,182,114	69,657,415	441,707,387
Sept. 14.	2,520,300	8,181,946	34,013,228	194,086,775	63,176,930	514,088,737
Sept. 21.	2,520,300	8,617,498	34,056,442	185,003,939	57,709,838	592,142,360
Sept. 28.	2,520,300	9,406,163	34,117,269	181,439,410	55,991,526	600,688,710
Oct. 5.	2,520,300	9,969,603	34,085,531	178,447,432	60,853,538	670,187,624

Oct. 12.	247,833,133	9,603,771	36,006,041	177,135,834	56,114,932	585,542,277
Oct. 19.	27,553,911	7,319,010	34,057,450	173,438,375	54,315,832	588,162,700
Oct. 26.	216,810,718	6,161,164	33,939,600	173,064,128	54,315,832	611,792,627
Nov. 2.	217,227,488	8,974,535	34,017,776	178,309,724	57,396,677	611,792,627
Nov. 9.	247,719,175	2,818,384	34,069,903	177,849,509	55,510,883	615,391,650
Nov. 16.	248,439,814	13,734,964	34,134,366	177,742,833	54,329,550	615,391,650
Nov. 23.	249,343,649	15,499,110	34,129,911	174,721,683	51,121,911	620,005,803

PHILADELPHIA BANKS.—The following shows the totals of the leading items of the Philadelphia Banks for last and previous weeks:

	Nov. 16.	Nov. 23.		
Capital	\$16,017,150	\$16,017,150		
Loans	51,914,013	51,159,439	Decrease.	\$754,574
Specie	228,043	222,324	Decrease.	5,719
Legal Tenders	14,654,008	15,229,173	Increase.	575,165
Due from banks	4,566,443	4,673,536	Increase.	13,093
Due to banks	6,035,914	5,741,342	Decrease.	294,572
Deposits	29,939,730	31,419,363	Increase.	14,424,548
Circulation	10,640,908	10,063,298	Increase.	57,610
Clearings	30,816,597	31,009,062	Increase.	292,465
Balances	2,711,618	2,885,565	Increase.	173,947

BOSTON BANKS.—The following are the footings of the Boston Banks compared with those of the two previous statements:

	Nov. 25.	Nov. 18.	Nov. 11.
Capital	\$11,900,000	\$11,900,000	\$11,900,000
Loans	95,918,510	95,997,345	96,531,562
Specie	651,256	75,507	743,736
Legal tender notes	15,096,154	13,970,930	13,764,548
Due from other banks	12,558,559	12,935,259	14,494,690
Deposits	38,392,425	37,381,908	37,381,908
Circulation (National)	24,722,210	24,712,735	24,692,494
Circulation (State)	220,088	232,434	235,916

BANK STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	CAPITAL.	DIVIDEND.			FRIDAY.	
(Marked thus * are not National.)	Par of Share.	Amount.	Periods.	Last Paid.	Bid.	Ask
America*	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	141
America (Jer. City)	25	100,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
American	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
American Exchange.	100	5,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	110 112 1/2
Atlantic	75	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Atlantic (Brooklyn)	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Bowery	100	250,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Broadway	25	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	12	.....
Brooklyn	50	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Bull's Head*	50	200,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67.....	4	.....
Butchers & Drovers	25	800,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Central.	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	104 104
Central (Brooklyn)	50	200,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Chatham	25	450,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	140
Chemical	100	300,000	Quarterly.	Nov. '67.....	6	.....
Citizens'	25	400,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	210
City	100	1,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	6	.....
City (Brooklyn)	50	300,000	Jan. and Nov.	July '67.....	5	.....
Commerce	100	10,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	116 116 1/2
Commonwealth	100	750,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	105 105 1/2
Continental.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	106
Corn Exchange*	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	5	120 1/2
Croton	100	200,000	Su-pended.	Oct. 1, 1867.	70	.....
Currency	100	100,000	Quarterly.	Jan. '67.....	70	.....
Dry Dock	30	200,000	Jan. and July.	Jan. '67.....	2 1/2	.....
East River	50	350,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	110
Eight.	100	250,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Fifth	100	150,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
First.	100	500,000	May and Nov.	May '67.....	10	201
First (Brooklyn)	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	10	.....
Fourth	100	5,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	106
Fulton.	30	600,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	150 106 1/2
Far. & Clt. (Wm W'g.)	20	160,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Greenwich*	25	200,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	10	.....
Grocers'	50	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Hanover.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Importers & Trad.	100	1,500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	118
Irving.	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	4	106
Leather Manufact'rs.	50	600,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	6	.....
Long Isl* (Brook.)	50	40,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	6	.....
Manhattan*	50	2,050,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	5	130
Manufact'g.	100	300,000	Jan. and Oct.	July '67.....	5	.....
Manufac. & Merch.*	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Marine	100	400,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Market.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Mechanics'	25	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Mechanics (Brook.)	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	6	.....
Mech. Bkz. & Asso.	50	500,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	.....
Merchants & Traders	50	1,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	.....
Merchile	100	1,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	118 1/2
Merchants'	50	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Merchants' Exch.	50	1,235,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Metropolitan	100	4,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	6	180 134
Nassau*	100	1,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	114 106
Nassau (Brooklyn)	100	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
National (Gallatin)	50	1,000,000	Apr. and Oct.	Oct. '67.....	5	108
New York	100	3,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	304 138
New York County.	100	200,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	9	.....
New York Exchange.	100	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	6	.....
Ninth.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	103 104
North America.	100	1,300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	110
North River*.	50	400,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Ocean	50	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	108 104
Old West*	50	200,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	5	.....
Pacific.	50	422,700	Feb. and Aug.	Feb. 5 & May '67.	5	.....
Park.	100	2,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	7	142 145
Peoples*.	25	412,500	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Phoenix.	20	1,800,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	4	.....
Republic.	100	2,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Aug. '67.....	5	.....
St. Nicholas'	100	1,000,000	Feb. and Aug.	Oct. '67.....	5	.....
South. Wad.	100	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	110 115
Second.	100	300,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Shoe & Leather	100	1,500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	111 112
Sixth.	100	200,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	105
State of New York.	100	2,000,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	.....
Stuyvesant*.	100	200,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	.....
Tenth.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Third.	100	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	5	.....
Union.	50	1,000,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	7	133 138
Williams	50	1,500,000	May and Nov.	Nov. '67.....	5	.....
Williamsburg City*.	50	500,000	Jan. and July.	July '67.....	3 1/2	.....

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.	Satur.	Sund.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Week's Sales.	Shares
American Gold Coin (C. & S.)								

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.										SHARES SOLD AT BOTH BOARDS IN THE SAME WEEK.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																													
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NATIONAL, STATE AND MUNICIPAL SECURITIES LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.		FRIDAY. Bid Asked	DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.		FRIDAY. Bid Asked
Marked thus * are in default for interest.			Rate.	Payable.		Marked thus * are in default for interest.			Rate.	Payable.	
AMERICAN GOLD COIN.											
National Securities.											
Bonds of 1847.....registered.	6,417,300	6	Jan. & July	1867	139	NORTH CAROLINA (\$11,290,500):					
do 1848.....coupon.	8,908,342	6	Jan. & July	1868	140	State Loan Bonds (ex coupon).....	477,000	6	Various.	'67-'76	53
do do.....registered.	7,022,000	5	Jan. & July	1871	117	do do do	3,874,000	6	do	'77-'86	53 1/2
do 1880.....coupon.					111 1/2	do do do	5,514,500	6	do	'87-'96	53 1/2
do do.....registered.	20,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1874	108 1/2	Funded Coupons.....	1,425,000	6	Jan. & July	1900	53 1/2
do 1881.....coupon.		6	Jan. & July	1881	113 1/2	OHIO (\$11,814,768):					
do do.....registered.	283,746,330	6	Jan. & July	1881	113 1/2	State Bonds.....	444,022	6	Jan. & July	1866	
Oregon War Bonds (yearly) coup.		6	July	1881	108 1/2	do do (Union Loan).....	379,866	6	do	1868	
do do (yearly).....		6	Jan. & July	1881	104 1/2	do do do	2,183,532	6	do	1870	
Bonds (5-30s) of 1862.....coupon.		6	May & Nov.	1882	105 1/2	do do do	1,400,000	6	do	1875	102 1/2
do do do.....registered.		6	May & Nov.	1884	106 1/2	do do do	4,953,309	6	do	1880	
do do do.....registered.		6	May & Nov.	1885	106 1/2	do do do	2,400,000	6	do	1881	102 1/2
do do do.....registered.		6	Jan. & July	1886	107 1/2	do do (domestic).....	679,213	6	do	'68-'71	
do do do.....registered.		6	Jan. & July	1886	107 1/2	OREGON (\$.....):					
do (10-40s) 1864.....coupon.	171,409,350	5	Mar. & Sept.	1904	102 1/2	Bounty and Relief Bonds.....	218,574	7	Jan. & July	1875	
Treasury Notes (1st series).....		7.30	Feb. & Aug.	1867	105 1/2	State Bonds.....					
do do (2d series).....	511,939,525	7.30	Jan. & Dec.	1868	105 1/2	PENNSYLVANIA (\$38,377,000):					
do do (3d series).....		7.30	Jan. & July	1868	105 1/2	State Bonds, coupon.....	6,168,090	5	Various.	Var.	94
State Securities.						do do do	29,209,000	5	do	Var.	94 1/2
ALABAMA (\$4,066,210):						Military Loan Bonds.....	3,000,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1871	
State Bonds.....	168,000	5	May & Nov.	1872		RHODE ISLAND (\$3,626,000):					
do do (extended).....	1,941,000	5	do	1883		War Loan Bonds.....	3,626,500	6	Various.	'71-'94	
do do (funding).....	437,350	5	do	1887		SOUTH CAROLINA (\$5,205,227):					
ARKANSAS (incl. int. \$3,252,401):						State Stock (Fire Loan).....	818,150	5	Quarterly.	1870	
*State Bank Loan.....	610,000	6	Jan. & July	1868		do Bonds (Blue Ridge RR).....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'75-'79	
*Real Estate Bank Loan.....	899,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1861		do do (State House).....	500,000	6	do	'71-'81	
CALIFORNIA (\$5,322,000):						do Stock (do do).....	1,775,000	6	do	'77-'90	
State Bonds of '57 and '60.....	3,774,000	7	Jan. & July	'77-'80	127	do Bonds (Funding).....	1,210,803	6	do	1887	
War Bonds.....	1,548,000	7	do	'83-'84		TENNESSEE (\$51,143,497):					
CONNECTICUT (\$10,000,000):						Internal Improvement Bonds.....	2,347,340	5	Apr. & Oct.	1868	55
State Bonds (war).....	8,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'72-'84	99 1/2	do do do	2,175,400	6	do	1868	
do do (war).....	2,000,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	'74-'84	99 1/2	Railroad Loan Bonds.....	13,911,900	6	Jan. & July	long.	63 1/2
do do (war) tax exempt.....	2,000,000	6	do	1885		Funding Bonds (new).....		6	do	1882	62 1/2
FLORIDA (\$370,617):						VERMONT (\$1,650,000):					
State Bonds.....	870,098	7	Jan. & July	var.		War Loan Bonds.....	1,567,500	6	Jan. & Dec.	'71-'78	
State Bonds.....		8	do	var.		VIRGINIA (\$43,166,286):					
GEORGIA (\$5,706,500):						State Bonds (coupon).....	11,108,000	6	Jan. & July	'86-'95	47
State Bonds.....	1,269,500	6	Jan. & July	'72-'86	74	do do (registered).....	21,896,288	6	do	'84-'95	32 1/2
do do (funding, etc.).....	3,030,000	7	do	1886	82 1/2	do (Funding) coupon.....	494,000	6	do	'81-'90	41 1/2
ILLINOIS \$7,795,993:						do do do registered.....	1,450,949	6	do	'88-'99	
Canal Bonds.....	1,157,222	6	Jan. & July	1870	101	WEST VIRGINIA (\$.....):					
do do registered.....	1,229,667	6	do	1870	01	State Bonds.....					
Coupon Bonds.....	4,663,254	6	do	'60-'65	10 1/2	WISCONSIN (\$2,248,191):					
do do do.....		6	do	'69-'70	10 1/2	War Bonds.....	406,100	6	Jan. & July	'68-'88	
do do do.....		6	do	'76-'77	10 1/2	Municipal Securities					
do do do.....		6	do	1879	10 1/2	BALTIMORE (\$21,928,656):					
War Loan Bond	945,300	6	do	1879	10 1/2	Internal Improvement Stock.....	845,422	5	J.A.J. & O.	1870	81
INDIANA (\$7,009,393):						do do do do.....	4,125,399	6	do	1870	96
State Bonds.....	4,578,017	5	Jan. & July	pleas.		Jail Stock.....	230,000	6	Jan. & July	1873	93
do do do.....	1,514,489	2 1/2	do	1886		Water Stock.....	4,335,034	6	May & Nov.	1875	96 1/2
War Bonds coupon.....	848,000	6	May & Nov.	1868		Pittsb. & Connellsv. RR. Loan.....	1,000,000	6	Jan. & July	1886	99
IOWA (\$84,000):						Baltimore & Ohio RR. Loan.....	5,000,000	6	J.A.J. & O.	1890	99 1/2
State Stock.....	184,000	7	Jan. & July	1869		Park and Park Improve. Stock.....	723,966	6	do	1890	99 1/2
War Loan Bonds.....	300,000	7	do	1881		Defense Loan.....	2,192,168	6	Mar. & Sept.	1893	98 1/2
KANSAS (\$804,475):						Floating Debt Stock.....	225,000	6	do	1895	
State Bonds.....	98,975	6	Jan. & July	1875		BOSTON (\$12,945,376):					
do do do.....	500,000	7	do	'76-'82		Municipal Bonds.....	6,088,200	5	Various.	'67-'87	
KENTUCKY (\$5,324,632):						do do do (currency).....	1,000,060	6	do	'67-'78	
State Bonds.....	271,000	5	Jan. & July	'67-'73		do do do (currency).....	1,800,000	6	do	'74-'76	
do do do.....	3,346,000	6	do	'68-'72	1	Water Loan Bonds.....	1,088,000	5	do	'70-'79	
LOUISIANA (\$13,377,999):						do do do (currency).....	336,000	6	do	'75-'76	
Bank Loan Bonds.....	4,838,933	6	Feb. & Aug.	'68-'86		BROOKLYN (\$10,023,419):					
State Bonds.....	569,000	6	Various.	'67-'72		Municipal Bonds (various).....	622,000	6	Jan. & July	'67-'95	
Levee Loan Bonds.....	1,000,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1886		Improvement Loan Bonds.....	898,840	6	do	'67-'95	
Funded Coupon Bonds.....	409,500	6	do	'86-'87		do do do.....	850,000	7	do	'67-'91	
Railroad Loans of '53-'60.....	1,992,000	6	Various.	40 yrs		Prospect Park Loan Bonds.....	1,217,000	6	do	1894	
MAINE (\$5,127,500):						do do do do.....	589,000	7	do	'15-'16	94 1/2
State Bonds (civil).....	345,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	'67-'78		Water Loan Bonds.....	6,188,000	6	do	'81-'99	98
do do (war) of '61.....	800,000	6	Various.	1871		Soldiers' Aid Fund Bonds.....	615,000	7	do	'85-'90	
do do (war) of '63.....	525,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	1883		CHICAGO (\$5,297,464):					
do do (bounty) of '63.....	475,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1880		Municipal (old issues).....	291,000	6	Jan. & July	'73-'76	92
do do (war) of '61.....	2,832,500	6	June & Dec.	1889	98 1/2	do do school (new issue).....	1,062,500	7	Various.	'72-'96	
MARYLAND (\$13,549,766):						Sewerage & River Improv'm't.....	1,425,000	7	Jan. & July	'81-'90	
State Bonds.....	2,178,800	5	Quarterly	'89-'90	100 1/2	Water Bonds.....	1,630,000	6	do	1876	
do do do.....	3,000,000	6	do	1870	100 1/2	do do do.....	790,000	7	do	1888	
do do do.....	510,000	6	do	1874	100 1/2	CINCINNATI (\$3,203,000):					
do do do.....	525,000	6	do	'89-'90	100 1/2	Municipal Bonds.....	1,083,000	6	Jan. & July	'72-'90	
MASSACHUSETTS (\$25,555,747):						do do do.....	896,000	6	May & Nov.	'70-'79	
State Bonds.....	798,000	5	Various.	'68-'74		Water Works Bonds.....	575,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	'95-'00	
do do do.....	541,000	6	do	'68-'77		DETROIT (\$1,109,968):					
Railroad Loans.....	6,826,196	6	do	'67-'73		Municipal Loan Bonds.....	469,968	7	Various.	'68-'86	
do do do.....	1,688,000	5	Jan. & July	'77-'93		Water Loan Bonds.....	650,000	7	Jan. & July	1871	
War Loans.....	8,376,372	5	May & Nov.	1894	1 3/4	Jersey City (\$1,933,596):					
do do do.....	3,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'71-'76		City and War Bonds.....	561,254	6	Various.	'67-'84	
do do (currency).....	2,113,000	6	Mar. & Sep.	'71-'86		do do do do.....	689,900	7	do	'67-'90	
MICHIGAN (\$3,970,921):						Water Loan Bonds.....	650,000	7	May & Nov.	1887	94
State Loan Bonds.....	1,966,000	6	Jan. & July	'73-'83	91	LOUISVILLE (\$4,118,000):					
Canal do do.....	10,000	7	do	1879	91	Municipal Loan Bonds.....	1,231,000	6	Various.	'75-'88	
War Loan do do.....	1,100,000	7	do	1886		Railroad Loan Bonds.....	1,975,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	'82-'93	
MINNESOTA (\$3,535,000):						Water Loan Bonds.....	881,000	6	May & Nov.	1887	96
State Loan Bonds.....	250,000	8	Jan. & July	1867		MILWAUKEE (\$911,590):					
State Buildings Loans.....	100,000	7	do	1877		Municipal (re-adjust.) Bonds.....	861,500	4	June & Dec.	1894	
MISSOURI (\$35,404,515):						NEW YORK CITY (\$33,326,534):					
*State Loans (old).....	622,000	6	Jan. & July	'62-'83		Water Stock.....	3,000,200	5	F.M.A. & N	1870	
*Railroad Loans (various).....	11,132,000	6	do	'74-'91	94 1/2	do do do.....	2,147,000	5	do	1880	
do do (Pacific).....	7,000,000	6	do	'72-'89	95 1/2	Croton Water Stock.....	900,000	5	do	1890	100
do do (H. & St. Jo.).....	3,000,000	6	do	'73-'87	83 1/2	do do do do.....	1,800,000	6	do	1883	
NEW HAMPSHIRE (\$3,791,327):											

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

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Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, shows the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the week ending Nov. 23, since Jan. 1, 1867, and for the corresponding period in 1866:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1867.	Same time 1866.
Buttons.....	100	5,500	5,503	Hardware.....	141	8,500	12,413
Coal, tons.....	230	165,000	221,121	Iron, RR b'rs.....	2,497	381,109	218,651
Cocoa, bags.....	17,313	15,790	15,790	Lead, pigs.....	4,332	366,165	408,539
Coffee, bags.....	18,590	876,450	645,849	Spelter, lbs.....	2,551	3,774,584	9,445,415
Cotton, bales.....	734	1,906	1,906	Steel.....	20,885	191,855	177,127
Drugs, &c.....				Tin, boxes.....	37,192	3,957,305	6,345,183
Hark, Peruv.....	10,754	8,485	8,485	Tins, lbs.....	296	50,927	40,014
Bica p'wd'rs.....	100	23,389	21,811	Rags.....			
Brimst. tns.....	12,634	14,850	14,850	Sugar, hds.....	692	272,766	364,129
Cochineal.....	3	3,133	1,066	tes & bbls.....	2,125	244,403	355,341
Cr Tartar.....	10	1,260	1,114	Sugar, bxs & bgs.....	276	735,261	670,391
Gambier.....	14,352	24,090	24,090	Tea.....	965	229,781	156,934
Gums, crude.....	11,351	13,636	13,636	Tobacco.....	8	4,576	13,577
Gum, Arabic.....	48	4,932	4,449	Waste.....			
Indigo.....	10	3,052	3,359	Wines, &c.....	662	77,706	105,689
Madder.....	76	5,074	7,547	Champ. b'ks.....	3,125	131,312	363,078
Oil, ess.....	40	3,043	3,906	Wines.....	164	36,707	55,124
Oil, Olive.....	987	41,691	56,817	Wool, bales.....			
Opium.....	89	853	755	Cigars reported by value.....			
Soda, bi-carb.....	134,286	137,101	137,101	Articles.....	27,932	419,898	1,234,379
Soda, sul.....	22,715	35,582	35,582	Cocks.....	229,781	156,934	156,934
Soda, ash.....	409	34,341	37,009	Fancy goods.....	34,809	2,967,387	3,939,977
Flax.....	9	1,764	9,320	Fish.....	32,177	570,255	781,468
Furs.....	92	4,056	4,427	Fruits, &c.....			
Gunny cloth.....	1,850	34,765	24,433	Lemons.....	4,069	451,550	488,612
Hair.....	133	5,018	4,737	Oranges.....	720	668,011	298,397
Hemp, bales.....	7,331	106,394	106,393	Nuts.....	7,403	630,529	830,722
Hides, &c.....				Raisins.....	75,495	679,475	904,411
Bristles.....	5	1,803	2,379	Hides, andrsd.....	69,904	5,441,184	6,044,750
Hides, dres'd.....	217	9,543	10,092	Rice.....		451,366	730,418
India rubber.....	970	34,782	22,814	Spices, &c.....			
Ivory.....		2,134	1,301	Cassia.....		73,056	132,774
Jewelry, &c.....				Ginger.....	420	48,373	40,166
Jewelry.....	67	1,211	723	Pepper.....		178,747	230,386
Watches.....	22	927	1,078	Saltpeire.....		47,134	144,159
Linseed.....	5,000	428,309	230,163	Woods.....			
Molasses.....	2,443	137,937	122,759	Fustic.....	2,630	54,094	33,315
Metals, &c.....				Logwood.....	6,601	199,316	145,930
Cutlery.....	96	3,510	5,212	Mahogany.....		116,491	115,289

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., Nov. 29, 1867.

The receipts of cotton show a large increase this week the total reaching 78,879 bales (against 61,987 bales last week, 62,403 bales the previous week, and 45,883 bales three weeks since), making the aggregate receipts since September 1, this year, 390,054 bales, against 396,919 bales for the same period in 1866-6. The details of the receipts for the past week, and the corresponding week of 1866, are as follows:

Received this week at*—	1867.	1866.	Received this week at—	1867.	1866.
New Orleans.....	20,530	27,703	Florida.....	1,911	1,951
Mobile.....	15,188	14,193	North Carolina.....	894	1,277
Charleston.....	9,078	5,888	Virginia.....	3,969	2,252
Savannah.....	21,081	7,047			
Texas.....	1,226	4,961	Total receipts.....	78,879	63,485
Tennessee, &c.....	4,702	3,010	Increase this year.....	15,394	

It will be seen by the above table that the receipts at Savannah this year are three times as large as they were for the same week last year, and that the week's total is 15,394 bales in excess of the figures for the corresponding seven days of 1866. In the exports this week there is also a large increase, the total reaching 33,212 bales, against 22,020 bales bales last week and 31,813 bales the previous week. The following table furnishes the particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports:

From	Liver-pool.	Lon-don.	Bre-men.	Ant-werp.	Ge-nova.	Bur-ce-na.	Ma-laga.	Vera-Cruz.	Total.
New York.....	9,604	79	1,307	2,360	526	652			14,628
Philadelphia.....	250								250
Boston.....									1
New Orleans.....	5,293		2,715			2,945	525	2,305	12,898
Mobile.....						600			600
Savannah.....	3,118								3,118
Charleston.....	1,835								1,835
Total this week.....	20,300	79	4,022	2,360	526	652	2,545	525	33,212

For the corresponding week of 1866 the shipments from all the ports amounted to 27,162 bales. The total foreign exports from the United States since September 1, 1867, now reach 139,870 bales, against 137,315 bales for the same period last year, and the stocks at all the ports are at

* In this table, as well as in our general table of receipts, &c., we deduct from the receipts at each port for the week all received at such port from other Southern ports. For instance, each week there is a certain amount shipped from Florida to Savannah, which in estimating the total receipts must be deducted as the same shipment appears in the Florida return. We are thus particular in the statement of this fact as some of our readers fail to understand it.
† To Fayal.

present 215,962 bales, against 415,029 bales at the same time in 1866. Below we give our usual table of the movement of Cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, showing at a glance the total receipts, exports, stocks, &c.:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	REC'D SINCE SEPT. 1.	EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				SHIP-MENTS TO NORTH. PORTS.	STOCK.
		Great Britain.	France.	Other for 'gn.	Total.		
N. Orleans, Nov. 22.	80,930	15,214	5,307	15,060	35,481	20,931	60, 16
Mobile, Nov. 22.	75,556	11,902	2,153	500	14,555	11,247	33,381
Charleston, Nov. 22.	64,500	6,995	2,260	9,255	38,215	18, 72	
Savannah, Nov. 22.	118,005	10,774			10,774	68,021	40,331
Texas, Nov. 15.	4,955	472			472	1,575	5,174
New York, Nov. 29*	17,351	62,324	2,330	14,059	68,713		41,330
Florida, Nov. 22.	2,155					50	558
N. Carolina, Nov. 29	6,707					6,707	
Virginia, Nov. 29	16,309					15,660	
Other ports, Nov. 29	3,015	507		113	620		117,040
Total this year.....	390,054	98,198	9,680	31,992	139,870	192,466	315,962
Same time last year.....	396,919	114,041	15,382	7,920	137,315	173,163	415,029

The market this week has been one of marked depression in prices. By reason of our lower quotations, shippers have been able to buy here and sell by cable to arrive at Liverpool at a profit, and parties holding orders have also executed them with facility. Consequently there has been considerable activity. Private telegrams by cable to-day, however, bid only 7d. for middling Upland, to arrive. The receipts at the ports have been liberal, and in the absence of money facilities for carrying the staple sales have been pressed at steadily declining prices. There is also a general belief that Congress will take off the tax, and this, in part, has caused the decline. Spinners have bought very sparingly. The sales of the week foot up 14,086 bales, of which 1,678 bales were taken by spinners, 12,148 bales for export, and 60 bales on speculation. The following are the closing quotations:

	Upland.	Florida.	Mobile.	N. Orleans
Ordinary.....	13	13	14	14
Good Ordinary.....	14	14	15	15
Low Middling.....	15	15	16	16
Middling.....	16	16	17	17
Good Middling.....	17	17	18	19

By Telegraph.—The above figures for the ports named below are made up from the latest mail returns, as we cannot use telegrams and ensure accuracy in our tables. But that our readers may possess the latest information we furnish them the following telegrams received by us to-night, which bring down our figures one week later:

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE CHRONICLE.

From—	Receipts for week.	Exports.	Price.	Stock.
New Orleans.....	24,756	5,510	15 1/2	81,247
Mobile.....	16,650	13,931	14 1/2 @ 14 3/4	36,100
Charleston.....	7,380	(No report received.)		13,480
Savannah.....				
Galveston.....	2,970	None	None	7,320

The exports of Cotton this week from New York show an increase, the total shipments reaching 14,628 bales, against 10,569 bales last week. The particulars of these shipments are as follows:

To Liverpool, per steamers—City of Baltimore, 483....Denmark, 1,759	
....Chicago, 2,883....Sidon, 772....per ships Constitution, 708	
Royal Arthur, 918....William F. Storer, 332....Constellation, 1,890.	
Total bales.....	9,844
To London, per ship—E. H. Taylor, 79. Total bales.....	79
To Antwerp, per steamer—City of Cork, 526. Total bales.....	526
To Bremen, per steamer—Deutschland, 954....per ship Magdalene, 353.	
Total bales.....	1,307
To Hamburg, per steamer—Hammonia, 765....per bark Washington, 1,485. Total bales.....	2,250
To Genoa, per brig—Guiseppa Rocca, 652. Total bales.....	652

Below we give our table showing the exports of Cotton from New York, and their direction for each of the last four weeks; also the total exports and direction since September 1, 1867; and in the last column the total for the same period of the previous year:

* The receipts given for these ports are only the shipments from Tennessee, Kentucky, &c., not otherwise enumerated.
† These are the receipts at Apalachicola to Nov. 16th, and at all the other ports of Florida to Nov. 22.
‡ Estimated.

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1867

EXPORTED TO	WEEK ENDING				Total to date.	Same time prev. year.
	Nov. 5.	Nov. 12.	Nov. 19.	Nov. 26.		
Liverpool.....	9,416	5,304	6,557	9,804	50,832	50,884
Other British Ports.....	416	490	984	79	1,462	134
Total to Gt. Britain..	9,416	5,803	7,541	9,883	52,334	60,068
Havre.....	135	.....	1,353	.....	2,320	1,504
Other French ports.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total French.....	135	.....	1,353	.....	2,320	1,504
Bremen and Hanover.....	1,544	991	1,069	1,307	7,111	2,795
Hamburg.....	267	555	606	2,304	4,830	1,459
Other ports.....	.....	.....	.....	526	636	203
Total to N. Europe..	2,811	1,546	1,675	4,003	12,557	4,457
Spain, Oporto and Gibraltar.....	850	.....	.....	652	1,502	795
All others.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total Spain, etc.....	850	.....	.....	652	1,502	795
Grand Total.....	12,212	7,349	10,569	14,628	68,713	66,542

Receipts of cotton at the port of New York for the week and since Sept. 1:

From	This week, Sept. 1.	Since Sept. 1.	From	This week, Sept. 1.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,978	10,536	South Carolina.....	2,632	29,743
Texas.....	.....	8,308	North Carolina.....	874	5,874
Savannah.....	8,633	60,900	Norfolk, Baltimore, &c.....	4,141	15,602
Mobile.....	1,968	.....	Per Railroad.....	4,017	16,720
Florida.....	20	.....		
Total for the week.....				22,305	
Total since Sept. 1.....					144,871

The following are the receipts of cotton at Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1867:

Receipts from—	—Boston—		—Philad'phia—		—Baltimore—	
	Last week, Sept. 1.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week, Sept. 1.	Since Sept. 1.	Last week, Sept. 1.	Since Sept. 1.
New Orleans.....	1,551	11,735	1,953	.....	.....	.....
Texas.....	.....	857	.....	.....	.....	.....
Savannah.....	480	1,476	629	1,125	3,553	.....
Mobile.....	.....	3,593	.....	.....	.....	.....
Florida.....	.....	50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Carolina.....	603	2,233	430	1,636	631	3,967
North Carolina.....	.....	724	.....	123	31	492
Virginia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	540	2,916
New York, &c.....	3,355	15,768	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tennessee, Kentucky, &c.....	597	2,534	.....	.....	58	481
Total receipts..... bales.	6,563	38,310	1,059	10,531	2,316	11,470

* Reshipments.

† These do not include the railroad receipts at Philadelphia.

There have been the past week no exports from these cities except as follows:

From Philadelphia—To Liverpool, per ship Bombay.....	15
From Boston—To Fayal and a market, per brig A. J. Ross.....	.....
Making a total for the week of..... bales.	251

SHIPPING NEWS.—We have given above the vessels in which the foreign shipments for the week were made from the Northern ports; we now add the same information with regard to the Southern ports:

Exported this week from—	Total bales
New Orleans—To Liverpool, per ship Pocahontas, 3,591....per bark	5,293
Mauldsie, 1,702	2,715
To Bremen, ship Gorgina, 2,590 per bark Alert, 125....	2,715
To Barcelona, per bark Linda, 710.... quedita, 9 5....per brig	2,045
Acancia, 430....	.....
To Vera Cruz, per brig Diphole, 830 bales and 683 half bales....	2,302
per bark J. E. Ward, 1,910 half bales.....	523
To Malaga, per bark Carmen, 535.....	500
Mobile—To Barcelona, per brig Nueva Casimira, 500....	3,118
Savannah—To Liverpool, per ship New England, 3,118 Upland.....	1,825
Charleston—To Liverpool, bark Hector, 9 bags Sea Island and 1,826 bales Upland.....	.....
Total exports this week from Southern ports.....	18,333

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—The mail returns for the week ending Nov. 22, show a large increase in the receipts, the total for the week being 20,530 bales, against 11,180 bales last week, and 13,154 bales the previous week. The shipments for the last week were 15,582 bales, of which 5,293 bales were to Liverpool, 2,715 bales to Bremen, 2,045 bales to Barcelona, 525 bales to Malaga, 2,802 bales to Vera Cruz, 128 bales to Philadelphia, and 2,574 bales to New York. Stock on hand Nov. 23 was 60,215 bales. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year, and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of middling (Liverpool classification) at the close of each week were as follows:

Week ending	—Receipts—		—Shipments—		—Price of Middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6.....	1,975	1,547	479	4,082	20 @ 20 3/4	34 @ 25	15,896	.....
" 13.....	848	2,013	2,402	9,493	23 @ 20 3/4	35 @ 26	14,719	91,804
" 20.....	1,771	2,643	493	3,311	23 @ 23 1/4	36 @ 27	17,018	91,638
" 27.....	1,796	4,163	2,207	4,612	23 @ 23 1/4	37 @ 28	17,005	92,008
Oct. 4.....	3,262	7,666	1,294	1,009	23 @ 23 1/4	40 @ 28	19,612	83,889
" 11.....	4,423	12,662	2,073	3,103	18 1/2 @ 19	40 @ 28	23,397	93,318
" 18.....	6,804	16,500	3,789	11,731	19 @ 19	nom.	28,043	99,991
" 25.....	7,373	21,500	4,911	10,443	19 1/2 @ 19	31 @ 23	33,182	112,521
Nov. 1.....	9,384	22,019	7,602	8,593	19 1/2 @ 19	37 @ 23	48,889	136,215
" 8.....	13,154	25,662	17,593	16,145	18 @ 18	nominal	41,288	137,561
" 15.....	11,180	24,968	4,878	17,457	17 1/2 @ 17	.....	49,373	147,328
" 22.....	20,530	27,703	15,582	10,67	16 1/2 @ 16	34 @ 24	60,215	166,022

The demand during the past week has been quite active and the business done liberal, and yet prices have given way, at the close Mid-

dling (Liverpool classification) being quoted at 16 1/2 c., and Low Middling at 16 1/4 c., against 17 1/4 for middling and 16 1/2 c. for Low Middling last week. Freight have improved: to Liverpool, 1 d. by steam and 9-16 by sail; to New York, by steam, 1/2 c., and to Philadelphia and Boston 1 c. Sterling Exchange closed at 149@150 for bill of lading bills, and 152@153 for bank. Exchange, sight, on New York, 1/2 per cent. premium for bank and 1-16@1/4 premium for commercial.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 23.—The mail returns for the week ending Nov. 22 show a decrease in the receipts, the total being 9,386 bales, (9,028 Uplands and 358 Sea Island) against 11,782 bales last week, and 11,634 bales the previous week. Shipments this week amount to 8,713 bales of which 1,855 bales were to Liverpool, 3,776 bales New York, 425 bales to Philadelphia, 675 to Baltimore, and 2 bales to Savannah. The receipts and shipments for a series of weeks this year, and the corresponding weeks of 1866, also the stock and price of middling (Liverpool classification) at the close of each week were as follows:

Week ending	—Receipts—		—Shipments—		—Price Middling—		—Stock—	
	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
Sept. 6.....	399	480	844	724	24 @ 24 1/4	30 @ 31	723	5,103
" 13.....	578	1,089	547	1,683	22 1/2 @ 23	31 @ 32	754	2,872
" 20.....	848	950	1,014	3,176	22 @ 22 1/2	31 @ 32	587	2,300
" 27.....	1,111	1,431	530	1,361	19 @ 19 1/2	24 @ 24	1,169	2,385
Oct. 4.....	2,903	2,096	1,519	1,676	17 1/2 @ 18	38 @ 39	2,553	3,148
" 11.....	5,090	2,633	2,839	3,851	16 @ 16	35 @ 36	4,754	2,630
" 18.....	6,181	2,986	4,571	2,696	17 @ 17	.....	6,564	2,608
" 25.....	5,869	5,395	4,681	1,599	17 @ 17	36 @ 36	7,752	7,409
Nov. 1.....	8,593	4,667	6,177	8,854	17 @ 17 1/2	36 @ 36 1/2	10,298	10,613
" 8.....	11,634	5,016	6,239	4,735	16 1/2 @ 16 1/2	32 @ 32 1/2	15,643	7,429
" 15.....	11,782	6,882	10,036	3,673	16 1/2 @ 16 1/2	32 @ 32	17,399	9,889
" 22.....	9,386	5,388	8,713	5,901	16 1/2 @ 16 1/2	31 @ 32	18,672	10,105

During the most of the week the demand has been quite active, and on Wednesday there was an improvement in prices, but subsequently the improvement was lost and the market closed irregular at 16 1/2 c. @ 16 1/4 for (Liverpool) Middling, and 16 c. for Low Middling. Freight to Liverpool we quote, 1 d. to New York, per steam 1 c., to Boston 1 c. per lb., to Philadelphia 1/2 c., and Baltimore 1/2 c. Exchange closed for sterling 60 day's bills at 150@150 1/2, and for sight checks on New York, banks are paying 1/2 d. s., and selling at par.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN COTTON MARKETS.—In reference to these markets our correspondent in London writes as follows:*

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 16.—Cotton during the earlier days of the week was in good demand, and prices ruled firm; but since Tuesday there has been much less activity in the trade, and prices now show a decline as compared with those current at the close of last week. The amount of business transacted is but moderate, viz., 60,370 bales; of which the trade have taken 48,540 bales, exporters 9,590 bales, and speculators 2,240 bales. American cotton has declined 1/4 d. to 1 d., and East Indian about 1/4 d. per pound, while Brazilian and Egyptian are rather lower in price. For Sea Island cotton, however, there has been an active demand, at an advance of 1/4 fully 1 d. per lb. The prices current of American cotton, compared with last year, are subjoined:

Middling—	—1867—				—1866—			
	Ordin'y & Mid.	Fair & G'd	Fair & G'd	Fine.	Mid.	Fair	Good	
Sea Island.....	15 ..	18 ..	20 ..	25 ..	30 ..	25 ..	29 ..	50
Stained.....	10 ..	12 ..	13 ..	.....	.....	16 ..	18 ..	21
Upland.....	7 1/2 @ 8	8 1/2 @ 9	9 1/2 @ 10	.....	.....	14 ..	15 1/2 @ 16	.....
Mobile.....	7 1/2 @ 8 1/2	8 1/2 @ 9 1/2	9 1/2 @ 10	.....	.....	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2	15 1/2 @ 16	.....
N. Orleans.....	7 1/2 @ 8 1/2	8 1/2 @ 9 1/2	9 1/2 @ 10	.....	.....	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2	15 1/2 @ 16	.....
Texas.....	7 1/2 @ 8 1/2	8 1/2 @ 9 1/2	9 1/2 @ 10	.....	.....	14 1/2 @ 15 1/2	15 1/2 @ 16	.....

Annexed is a statement showing the prices current of middling qualities of cotton at this date since 1864:

Mid. Sea Island	—1864—				—1865—				—1866—				—1867—			
	42d.	34d.	25d.	18d.	42d.	34d.	25d.	18d.	42d.	34d.	25d.	18d.	42d.	34d.	25d.	18d.
Upland.....	24 1/2	19 1/2	14 ..	8 1/2	24 1/2	19 1/2	14 ..	8 1/2	24 1/2	19 1/2	14 ..	8 1/2	24 1/2	19 1/2	14 ..	8 1/2
Mobile.....	25 ..	19 1/2	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 ..	19 1/2	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 ..	19 1/2	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 ..	19 1/2	14 1/2	8 1/2
Orleans.....	25 1/2	20 ..	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 1/2	20 ..	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 1/2	20 ..	14 1/2	8 1/2	25 1/2	20 ..	14 1/2	8 1/2

The stocks of cotton in Liverpool and London, including the supplies of American and Indian produce afloat to those ports, are now as under:

Stock in Liverpool.....	—1866—		—1867—	
	Bales	708,710	Bales	525,040
London.....	9,321	.....	110,554
American cotton afloat.....	10,000	.....	8,000
Indian.....	108,647	.....	212,231
Total.....	924,178	.....	855,835

Since the commencement of the year the exports of cotton from the United Kingdom have been:

To date	—1867—				—1866—			
	To date	To date	For year	1867.	To date	To date	For year	1866.
American.....	213,451	195,932	205,015	.....	East Ind., &c.	437,459	489,590	773,141
Brazil.....	32,440	104,308	111,685	.....	China.....	1,693	5,082	9,387
Egyptian, &c.	12,098	18,038	19,524	.....	Total.....	760,262	821,291	1,186,565
West Ind., &c.	12,891	8,091	14,813	.....			

The following are the particulars of sales and imports for the week and year, and also of stocks on the evening of Thursday last, compared with last year:

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.									
—Sales this week.—					—Total Same Average weekly sales.				
Trade.	port.	tion.	Total.	year.	1866.	1867.	1866.	1867.	1866.
American..... bales.	13,350	1,850	100	20,100	1,315,170	1,172,210	20,240	17,330	17,330
Brazilian.....	5,990	589	20	6,599	337,700	338,900	5,630	5,310	5,310
Egyptian.....	3,770	40	90	3,900	163,080	181,470	3,190	3,560	3,560
West Indian.....	3,460	400	30	3,890	101,110	82,940	1,810	1,460	1,460
East Indian.....	17,060	6,890	1,940	25,890	1,230,790	1,439,690	15,610	15,990	15,990
China and Japan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,190	10,790	20	140	140
Total.....	48,540	9,530	2,310	60,370	3,071,040	3,235,000	46,500	44,500	44,500

* For latest news respecting the Liverpool cotton market see Telegraph dispatches at the close of our London letter in a previous part of this paper.—[Ed. COMMERCIAL & FINANCIAL CHRONICLE.]

prime mixed afloat, with freight to Liverpool $8\frac{1}{2}$ @ $10\frac{1}{2}$ d., and gold 139 $\frac{1}{2}$. But shippers have been able to execute at these figures all their orders. Oats have been irregular and unsettled, subject to speculative manipulation. Rye and barley have been scarce and firmer. Canada peas have been firmer, with an upward tendency, and a good export demand at \$1 40@1 41 in bond.

The following are closing quotations:

Flour, Superfine... 9 bbl. \$7 75@8 60	Wheat, Chicago Spring... per bushel... \$2 12@2 30
Extra State... 9 10@9 55	Milwaukee Club... 2 14@2 30
Shipping R. hoop Ohio... 9 50@10 00	Red Winter... 2 50@2 60
Extra Western, com- mon to good... 9 00@10 50	Amber do... 2 65@2 70
Double Extra Western and St. Louis... 10 75@15 00	White... 2 70@3 00
Southern super... 9 50@10 40	Corn, Western Mixed... 1 32@1 36
Southern, fancy and ex- tra... 10 50@14 00	Western Yellow... 1 40@1 45
California... 11 00@14 00	Southern White... 1 67@1 73
Rye flour, fine and super- fine... 7 00@8 75	Oats, Western cargoes... 79@80
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine... 6 00@6 65	Jersey and State... 1 50@1 70
	Barley... 1 55@1 80
	Malt... 1 40@1 56
	Peas Canada... 1 40@1 56

Comparative stocks of grain in warehouse, New York and Brooklyn, November 25:

	1867.	1866.		1867.	1866.
Wheat, bush.....	1,518,664	1,049,300	Malt, bush.....	68,155	64,000
Corn, bush.....	2,052,849	2,930,900	Peas, bush.....	10,324	.....
Oats, bush.....	3,165,450	1,934,000			
Rye, bush.....	171,704	395,500	Total, bush.....	7,459,057	7,932,900
Barley, bush.....	501,350	1,513,500			

The movement in breadstuffs at this port has been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK.		
	For week.	S' Jan. 1.
Flour, bbls.....	88,820	2,433,555
Corn meal, bbls.....	3,045	243,965
Wheat, bush.....	213,220	4,138,850
Rye, bush.....	124,030	20,356,650
Corn, bush.....	103,730	909,945
Barley, &c., bush.....	84,365	4,301,975
Oats, bush.....	253,665	7,131,365

FOREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.							
To	Flour, C. meal, Wheat, Rye, Barley, Oats, Corn	bbls.	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
St. Brit. week.....	21,056	240,463	.....	.....	.....	115,288	.....
since Jan. 1.....	267,523	33 3,758,497	6,515	861,973	116,408	6,916,745	.....
N. A. Col. week.....	3,886	1,810	.....	.....	1,750	68,499	.....
since Jan. 1.....	152,919	34,443	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
West Ind. week.....	4,898	751	.....	.....	5,123	880	.....
since Jan. 1.....	293,539	96,190	1,765	63	21,449	123,104	.....
Total exp't, week.....	41,994	8,293	279,974	15,128	30	5,195	118,068
since Jan. 1, 1867.....	785,241	188,735	3,932,507	432,719	886,893	142,610	7,274,271
same time, 1866.....	845,243	137,378	348,441	207,500	.....	1,121,406	10,840,540
Since Jan. 1, from							
Boston.....	171,005	24,473	1,897	.....	2,758	284,008	7,414
Philadelphia.....	47,904	22,978	43,696	.....	.....	10,118	763,360
Baltimore.....	129,640	40,911	.....	.....	9,910	736,202	.....

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND FROM SEPT 1, 1867.				
From	Date.	Flour, Wheat, Corn,	bbls.	bush.
New York.....	Nov. 22, 1867..	192,825	2,550,781	948,927
New Orleans.....	" 15, 1867..	253	.....	.....
Philadelphia.....	" 15, 1867..	5,461	30,384	44,315
Baltimore.....	" 15, 1867..	846	.....	.....
Boston.....	" 8, 1867..	9,344	.....	.....
California.....	Oct. 22, 1867..	4,010	2,379,857	.....
Other ports.....	Nov. 15, 1867..	.....	.....	.....
Total.....		212,739	5,961,522	990,972
To about same period, 1866.....		29,493	699,375	2,349,064
do do 1865.....		27,822	564,654	2,188,743
do do 1864.....		38,816	1,900,342	78,259

TO THE CONTINENT.				
From	Flour, Wheat, Corn,	bbls.	bush.	bush.
New York, to Nov. 22, 1867.....	19,359	304,123	174,450	7,000
Other ports, to latest dates.....	2,098	.....	26,188	.....
Total.....	21,457	304,123	200,638	7,000
To about same period, 1866.....	1900	5,300	25,422	172
do do 1865.....	2,409	63,019	43,333	100
do do 1864.....	8,338	.....	68,012	.....

WEEKLY RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS.—The following shows the receipts at the following lake ports for the week ending Nov. 16:

From	Flour, Wheat, Corn, Barley, Rye,	bbls.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Chicago.....	41,615	414,393	335,350	189,246	30,466	13,881
Milwaukee.....	14,047	390,449	8,192	10,250	3,464	4,375
Toledo.....	16,999	17,550	106,449	8,957	1,580	540
Detroit.....	16,416	22,018	12,345	5,351	6,777	.....
Cleveland.....	3,040	25,421	9,237	12,000	471	4,063
Totals.....	92,117	869,831	472,973	225,904	48,758	22,759
Previous week.....	118,196	1,041,546	464,856	258,307	46,661	29,035
Correspond'g week, '66.....	149,864	782,396	289,256	177,383	57,143	55,530
Since Jan. 1, 1867.....	3,413,079	27,872,105	29,390,105	13,697,176	2,784,195	1,641,942
Same time, 1866.....	3,740,353	26,574,498	37,525,067	12,315,639	2,113,862	2,256,674

EASTWARD MOVEMENT OF GRAIN BY CANAL.—The following statement will show about the amount of grain on canals destined for tide water:

From Buffalo, week ending	Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye,	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.	bush.
Nov. 25.....	162,030	145,530	195,540	46,080	.....	.....
Nov. 18.....	1,106,690	360,519	730,960	85,960	35,170	.....
Buffalo, 14 days.....	1,368,730	506,030	926,490	123,040	35,170	.....
Oswego, 9 days.....	336,493	136,349	9,500	273,330	37,539	.....
Total.....	1,694,313	642,388	936,290	404,370	72,709	.....
Previous week.....	2,089,994	804,741	1,231,610	418,135	84,444	.....
Corresp'd'g week '66.....	1,901,915	1,467,297	779,115	845,969	199,961	.....

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 15th.—Home grown wheats have again lost condition, causing a difficulty in the sale of them, and throwing more demand upon the ports; there has however not been much activity in any market. The floating trade has also been quiet. On the continent prices have generally advanced a little. We had a moderate attendance to-day, and the business transacted was very limited. Choice red American and white descriptions of wheat maintained late rates, but low class spring were neglected, and at least 1d. lower. Flour dull and nominally unaltered, good extra State offered at 37s. Indian corn was 6d. lower, with fresh arrivals from the United States 48s. 9d. per 480 lbs. was accepted.

Week's deliveries from farmers..... 67,671 qrs. at 70s 1d.
Corresponding week last year..... 65,956 " " 57 1

FOREIGN IMPORT THIS WEEK.

	Wheat, cwt.	I. corn, cwt.	O. G. Fl. & M'l, cwt.
America and Canada.....	139,447	9,337	4,106
Europe, &c.....	128,162	11,616	6,801
	267,609	20,953	10,707
Since 1st Sept., 1867.....	1,926,009	41,158	356,291
Same time 1866.....	248,037	501,771	180,999

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOV. 29.

The grocery trade opened with an improved tone and less of uneasiness early in the week, but the uncertainty of what Congress will do in relation to the currency has kept buyers out of the market, and the occurrence of Thanksgiving tended to curtail business at the close, and we have a very light week's business to report. In fact nothing can be said except that buyers will not take any more goods than their actual wants require, and holders do not seem willing to stimulate business by reducing prices. In some instances stocks are large and prices are a trifle lower, but this is the case in only a few instances.

The imports of the week at New York have included a cargo of Japan teas (433,813 lbs.), and 50 packages from Liverpool—of coffee, 20,377 bags of Rio and 1,452 Laguayra; of sugar, 3,634 boxes and 1,109 hhd's; of molasses, 1,127 hogheads of foreign and 204 bbls. of New Orleans.

TEA.

The tea market has been exceedingly quiet, but with no concession on the part of holders, and but little inquiry. The only sale we have noticed is 1,500 half-chests Oolong.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1867, to the date of latest advices by mail, and importations at New York and Boston since Jan. 1, 1867:

SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA AND JAPAN SINCE JUNE 1, 1867.		IMPORTS AT N. Y. & BOSTON SINCE JAN. 1, 1867.	
	1866. June 1 to Sept. 1.	1867. June 1 to Sept. 1. Sept. 27.	At New York. Boston.
Congou & Sou, lbs....	30,476	460	1,448,639 54,000
Pouchong.....	200,670	.....	267,493
Oolong & Ning.....	106,300	.....	10,571,209 312,000
Fekoe.....	.....	.....	12,078
Twankay.....	.....	.....	729,053
Hyson skin.....	.....	.....	66,465
Hyson.....	5,239	.....	2,048,981
Young Hyson.....	34,951	.....	7,289,656 50,800
Imperial.....	33,489	.....	1,743,494
Gunpowder.....	5,000	.....	1,946,689
Japans.....	695,755	733,083	361,251 6,293,118
Total, lbs.....	1,114,810	733,490	381,251 32,418,775

The above table includes all shipments to the United States, except 12,869 packages to San Francisco. The indirect importation since Jan. 1 has been at New York 164,810 packages, and at Boston 1,715 pkgs.

Hong Kong, Sept. 27.—The feverish and unhealthy state in which the tea market remains is strikingly illustrated by the fact that some purchases, "actually at London rates," made during the fortnight at Shanghai, are noticed as extraordinarily advantageous operations for buyers, and as showing a great concession on the part of the Chinese. This concession, however, was not permanent, and rates again rose above the London level, the momentary impulse in the direction of prudence, which foreign merchants may have experienced, having plainly been of very brief duration.

COFFEE.

There has been a moderate business done in Coffee, but at some concession in prices, and our quotations of Rio are reduced $\frac{1}{2}$ of a cent. The stock of Rio on hand to-day is over 109,000 bags, which, with the light demand prevailing, depresses prices. The sales are 14,140 bags closing very quiet.

The imports of the week have included 20,377 bags of Rio as follows: 9,077 per "Guiding Star," 4,000 per "Campanero," 3,500 per "Norma," 8,800 per "Alliance"; in addition to the foregoing there have been received 1,452 bags of Laguayra. At Galveston 2,000 bags of Rio have been received. At New Orleans 7,000 bags of Rio have also come to hand.

The imports since January 1, and stock in first hands Nov. 26, are as follows:

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

FRIDAY, P. M., November 29, 1867.

The dry goods trade has continued steady, and domestic goods have been moderately active during the entire week. The occurrence of Thanksgiving has interrupted business during the closing days of the week, while there is a growing impression that with lower cotton and a small accumulation of goods there will be some further reduction soon. In some instances, prices of goods have been guaranteed to the first of the month, and holders of goods are consequently holding steady. Prints have been sold in this market during the week at 12½ cents, but resold in Western cities at 12½ cents at retail in many instances. There are numerous reports from the South that the lower price for cotton will prevent large amounts from coming forward, and that planters are already beginning to hold for a rise. The export demand is less than last week.

The exports of dry goods for the past week and since January 1, 1867, and the total for the same time in 1866 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.			FROM BOSTON.		
	Domestic.	D. Goods.	Val.	Domestic.	D. Goods.	Val.
	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.
Smyrna.....	340	\$43,999	4	3,457	.....	.....
Brazil.....	1	.....	1	215	.....	.....
Liverpool.....	.....	.....	3	150	.....	.....
British W. Indies..	.....	.....	6	1,105	.....	.....
Cuba.....	.....	.....	51	9,711	.....	.....
Haiti.....	.....	.....	6	3,000	.....	.....
Mexico.....	.....	.....	.....	165	.....	.....
New Granada.....	.....	.....	.....	16	.....	.....
Honolulu.....	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....
Panama.....	.....	.....	.....	3	84	.....
Grand Cayman.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
British Provinces..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total this week.	341	\$44,149	101	\$17,193	191	84
Since Jan. 1.....	11,981	\$1,551,960	5,394	1,192,332	7,640	256
Same time 1866..	8,707	.....	.....	4,267	.....	.....
" " 1860.....	81,406	.....	.....	33,620	.....	.....

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS have been moderately active, and prices show but little change. Standards are sold at 14½@15½ cents. Atlantic N 3-4 8½, Massachusetts C do 9, Lawrence H do 10, Indian Orchard L do 9, Commonwealth O do 7, Knox E do 9, Union do 10, Pepperell N do 10½, Indian Head do 12, Atlantic V 7-8 12½, Atlantic E do 11½, Pacific E do 11½, Tremont E do 10, Bedford R do 8½, Boot O do 11, Indian Orchard W do 10, Massachusetts E do 10½, Lawrence G do 11½, Pepperell O do 11½, Indian Head 4-4 15, Appleton A do 14, Wachusett do 14, Pacific extra do 15, do H do 14, do L do 12½, Atlantic A do 15½, do H do 14½, do L do 12, Lawrence E do 12½, do C do 14½, do F do 12½, Stark A do 14, Amoskeag A do 14½, do B do 14, Medford do 13½, Kennebec do 9, Roxbury do 13½, Indian Orchard BB do 10½, Nashua D do 11½, Pepperell E do 13½, Great Falls M do 12½, do S do 10½, Dwight W do 12½, Standard do 11, Shawmut E do 11½, Pepperell R do 12½, Laconia E do 11½, do B do 12½, do O 9-8 12½, Pequot do 17½, P. Cassel do 13½, Saranac E do 18, Indian Orchard A 40 inch 13½, do C 37 inch 11½, Nashua 5-4 22½, Indian Head do 22½, Utica do 27½, do 7-4 32½, Pepperell 9-4 35, Pepperell 10-4 40, Utica do 60, do 11-4 65.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS are quiet at the close. Prices are steady. Mechanics 3-4 7½, Globe do 8, Kingston do 3½, Boot R do 9, Globe A 7-8 8½, Washington do 9, Stratford S do 10, Putnam B do 9½, Eu. Harris do 10½, Great Falls M do 11½, do S do 10½, do A do 12½, do J do 12½, Lyman Cambric do 15½, Stratford M do 11, Lawrence L do 12, Hill's Semp Idem do 14, James 31 inch 14, Bartlett 31 do 11½, Greene G 4-4 11, Putnam A do 11, Newmarket C do 13½, Great Falls K do 12½, Bartlett do 14½, James Steam do 14, Indian River XX do 11½, Attawaugan XX do 12½, Hope do 12½, Tip Top do 15, Blackstone do 14, Amoskeag A do 16, Boot B do 14, Forestdale do 16, Masonville do 17, Androscoggin L do 18, Lonsdale do 17, Bates XX do 20, Lyman J do 17½, Wamsutta H do 22½, do O do 22½, Mystic Lake do 20, Atlantic Cambric do 25, Lonsdale Cambric do 25, New York Mills do 27½, Hill do 16½, Dwight 9-8 22, Wamsutta do 26½, Amoskeag 42 inch 16½, Waltham do 16½, Chickopee 44 in. 20, Naumkeag W 5-4 20, Boot W do 17½, Nashua do 22½, Bates do 20, Wamsutta do 30, Utica do 27½, Waltham 6-4 25, Mattawamkeag do 25, Pepperell do 26, Allendale do 24, Utica do 32½, Waltham 8-4 32½, Pepperell do 37½, Mattawamkeag 9-4 40, Pepperell do 42½, Utica do 50, Waltham do 40, Phoenix 10-4 35, Monadnock do 37½, Bates do 42½, Waltham do 47½, Allendale do 45, Pepperell do 46½, Utica do 55, Pepperell 11-4 55.

TICKS are less active, but steady. Amoskeag C A 32 inch 40, do A 32 inch 28, do B 32 inch 25, do D 30 inch 19, do C 30 inch 22, Brunswick 15, Blackstone River 16, Hamilton 25, Somerset 13½, Thorndike 17, Pearl River 35, Housewife ex. 28, do AAA 25, do AA 22, Pittsfield 9½, Housewife A 19, York 32 inch 32½, do 30 inch 25, Cordis A A 32 inch 27½, do 4-4 27½, Everett 27½, do A 32 inch 27½, Boston A A 24, Lehigh Valley B 13½, Swift River 16½, Browns AAA 15, Albany 9.

STRIPES are rather nominal at this time. Amoskeag 22-23½, Whit. tention AA 22½, do 3-8 20, do BB 17, do C 14, Pittsfield 8-8 9½, Hay-

maker 16-17, Everett 12, Massabesic 6-8 22½, Boston 13½-14½, American 18-14, Eagle 12½-13½, Hamilton 22½, Jewett City 13½-14½, Sheridan G 13½.

CHEEKS are in only moderate demand at unchanged rates. Park Mills Red 18, Lanark 4x2 28 inch 18, Lanark Fur 13, Union 50 4x2 25, do 50 2x2 25, do 20 4x2 22½, do 20 2x2 22½, Kennebec 22½, Star No. 600 11, do No 800 2x2 17, do No 900 4x2 20, Miners and Mech 21.

DENIMS are rather more active, and prices are steady. Amoskeag 27½, Haymaker 28 inch 16, do brown 16, York 28 inch 25, Boston Manufacturing Co. 29 inch 13½, Union 16, Monitor 18, Manchester Co 17, Columbian XXX 28, do blue 27½, Arlington 17, Otis AXA 26½, do BB 24, Mount Vernon 24, Pawnee 12½, Northfield 12½, Webster 10.

BROWN DRILLS are less active both for export and home trade. Winthrop 13½, Amoskeag 16, Laconia 16½, Pepperell 16½, do fine jean 16, Stark A 16, Massabesic 14½, Woodward duck bag 21, National bags 31, Stark A do 40, Liberty do 31.

PRINT CLOTHS are firm at 16½@16¾ cents for 64x64, square cloth.

PRINTS are fairly active, and prices have been steadily held during the week, but with some accumulations there are indications of lower rates. American 12½, Amoskeag dark 11½, do purple 12½, do shirting 11½, do palm leaf 12½, Merrimac D 13½, do purple 13½, do W dark 15, do purple 15, do pink 15, Sprague's 12½, do purple 13, do shirting 13½, do pink 13, do turkey red 12½, do blue check 12½, do solid 12, do indigo blue 12½, do Swiss ruby 12½, London Mourning 12, Simpson Mourning 12, Amoskeag Mourning 11, Dunsell's 12½, Allen pink 12½, Arnolds 11, Gloucester 12½, Wamsutta 9½, Pacific 12½, Cochecho 13½, Lowell 10½, Hamilton Purple 12½, Victory 10½, Home 9, Empire State 7, Lancaster 15-17½, Atlantic 7½.

GINGHAMS are only moderately active at nominal rates. Lancaster 16 cents, Hartford 12, Hampden 12, Caledonia 12½, Glasgow 15, Clyde 11½, Berkshire 14, German 14, Roanoke 11½, Hadley 12½, Manchester 15 cents.

CANTON FLANNELS are more active for prime grades. Ellerton N brown 27, do O do 28, do P do 21, do S do 18, do T do 16½, Laconia do 19, Slaterville do 15½, Hamilton do 20, Naumkeag do 18, Nashua A 20, Tremonts 17, Ellerton N Blea 29, do O do 27½, do P do 28, Stillwater do 18, Granite State do 20, Naumkeag do 21.

CORSETT JANS are steady. Androscoggin 11, Bates colored 11, do bleached 11, Naumkeag 13½, Pepperell 15, Naumkeag satteen 17½, Laconia 13½, Amoskeag 13½, Newmarket 12, Indian Orchard 11½, Ward 16.

CAMBRICS AND SILESIAs are rather quiet, but prices show but little decided variation. Washington glazed cambrics sell at 9½c, Victory H 8½, do A 9, Superior 7, Pequot 9½, Waverly 11, Wauregan 9½, and S. S. & Sons paper cambrics 32 inch at 11½, do high colors 12½, White Rock 11, Masonville 11½, Warren 12½ and Lonsdale Silesias 23 inch at 20, Victory J 14, Indian Orchard 16, Ward 16.

MUSLIN DELAINES attract less attention than last week. Lowell 17, Hamilton Co. 17, Manchester 16, Pacific dark 16, Pekin 28, Armures dark 17, Pacific Merinos A 30, Mourning 17, Spragues 14, Skirtings 30, Alpaca 28.

FLANNELS AND LINSSEYS are quite active at steady rates. Belknap shirting flannels sell at 42½, Washington do 50, Rob Roy rolled 6-4 70 Rob Roy 3-4 35, Cochecho black and white check 44, Franklin shirting 42½, Caledonia shirting 35, Pequa, double fold 42½, Bay State Opera 50, Gilbert's do 60, Franklin do 57.

COTTONADES are quiet and nominal. New York Mills d & t 52½, Farmer's and Mechanics' 40, Pemberton d & t 40, Great Western 33, Plow, Loom & Adv. 37½, Uncle Sam 40, Farmers' Union A 37½, Persian Plaid 36.

AMERICAN LINEN continues steady and fairly active.

FOREIGN GOODS are less active, and there is less willingness to extend credits. Cash purchases are at very low rates.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Nov. 28, 1867, and the corresponding weeks of 1865 and 1866, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING NOV. 28, 1867.						
	—1865—		—1866—		—1867—	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool...	1,344	\$488,435	216	\$83,419	297	\$105,586
do cotton...	1,016	324,492	191	64,510	238	70,793
do silk...	233	250,295	112	117,076	265	175,546
do flax...	1,817	272,522	146	35,404	463	93,006
Miscellaneous dry goods.	496	125,619	135	71,742	212	78,706
Total.....	4,806	\$1,461,363	800	\$312,151	1,540	\$523,637
WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	126	\$49,292	236	\$93,243	298	\$117,592
do cotton...	79	19,983	101	30,232	129	32,610
do silk...	37	29,246	62	71,135	36	35,215
do flax...	126	33,833	233	61,861	218	54,789
Miscellaneous dry goods.	31	8,955	1,367	15,995	232	20,913
Total.....	399	\$151,339	1,999	\$272,466	924	\$361,109
Add ent'd for consumption.....	4,806	1,461,363	800	312,151	1,540	523,637
Total th'n upon mak't.	5,305	\$1,612,702	2,799	\$644,617	2,464	\$784,746
ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.						
Manufactures of wool...	319	\$128,533	425	\$194,077	504	\$78,053
do cotton...	595	180,271	88	29,144	173	32,073
do silk...	100	108,430	133	110,887	26	21,445
do flax...	456	112,628	622	179,939	166	46,922
Miscellaneous dry goods.	5	2,807	79	16,641	9	1,626
Total.....	1,505	\$532,661	1,347	\$530,688	873	\$180,124
Add ent'd for consumption.....	4,806	1,461,363	800	312,151	1,540	523,637
Total entered at the port.....	6,311	\$1,994,024	2,147	\$902,839	2,113	\$703,764

The Railway Monitor.

RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly earnings (gross and per mile) of the leading railroads in 1866 and 1867:

Railroads.	Week.	Miles of road.	Gross earnings.	Earnings p. m.
			1866.	1867.
Atlantic & Gt. Western.	3d. Oct.	507	146,104	122,232
"	4th. 7 ds.		135,396	123,581
"	1st. Nov.		116,078	104,432
"	3d. "		135,166	122,990
Chicago and Alton.	3d. Oct.	290	98,041	112,361
"	4th. "		90,800	103,712
"	1st. Nov.		77,325	89,753
"	3d. "		81,188	100,949
Chicago and N. West.	4th. 9 ds.	1,145	383,973	451,744
"	1st. Nov.		246,343	300,021
"	3d. "		253,416	320,029
"	3d. "		225,355	293,529
Chic., R. I. and Pacific.	4th. Oct.	410	95,495	131,300
"	1st. Nov.		104,400	122,000
"	3d. "		83,135	92,300
"	3d. "		79,864	111,350
Detroit and Milwaukee.	4th. Oct.	188	45,256	48,467
"	1st. Nov.		39,962	42,909
"	3d. "		39,854	42,457
"	3d. "		35,911	39,009
Marietta and Cincinnati.	3d. Oct.	251	25,439	34,093
"	4th. "		39,508	49,054
"	1st. Nov.		29,566	30,391
"	3d. "		26,100	34,294
Michigan Central.	4th. Oct.	285	97,142	96,542
"	1st. Nov.		94,046	86,938
"	3d. "		85,614	87,414
Michigan Southern.	4th. 9 ds.	534	169,776	188,411
"	1st. Nov.		160,076	161,693
"	3d. "		102,927	104,881
"	3d. "		99,482	97,135
St. Louis, Alton & T. H.	4th. Oct.	210	50,911	51,889
"	1st. Nov.		47,738	45,423
"	3d. "		50,612	42,056
"	3d. "		50,223	37,847
Western Union.	4th. 9 ds.	177	33,690	41,038
"	1st. Nov.		20,655	21,571
"	3d. "		18,911	19,181
"	3d. "		16,838	19,650

COUNCIL BLUFFS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD.—The Omaha Republican says that the Council Bluffs and St. Joseph Railroad is now running to Nebraska City; and that before the close of November an additional twelve miles to Hamburg, Iowa, was to be completed. The Missouri division is also in rapid progress, and it is thought that by the 4th of July next St. Joseph will be in full connection with Omaha and the Union Pacific Railroad.

ENGLISH RAILROAD IRON.—The quantity and value of railroad iron exported from English ports in the ten years ending with 1866 is officially stated to have been as follows:

	Tons.	Value.	Aver.		Tons.	Value.	Aver.
1857.	457,660	£4,000,515	£8 7	1862.	400,765	£2,817,877	£7
1858.	433,250	3,565,294	8 1	1863.	416,440	3,275,384	8
1859.	428,927	4,124,308	7 7	1864.	408,215	3,208,086	8
1860.	453,445	3,408,759	7 7	1865.	434,431	3,550,563	8 1
1861.	377,565	2,906,329	7 7	1866.	428,595	4,166,419	8 1

It will be seen that the value of the railroad iron exported in 1866 was larger than in any former year; the quantity, however, was below the mark of 1859, but still larger than in any other year of the series. The exports were increased all through the decade by the demand on account of the Indian guaranteed railroads, and in the last year they were still further augmented by the demand on American account. The average price per ton in the meanwhile has ranged from £7 to £8 15s.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The second track of this line is now in operation from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh.

SOUTH SIDE (L. I.) RAILROAD.—Is now open from Jamaica to Babylon, 27½ miles. The section between Jamaica and Brooklyn is expected to be completed during the coming winter.

MISCELLANEOUS.—November 2 was the 31st anniversary of the passage of the first locomotive from Toledo to Adrian, over the old Erie and Kalamazoo Railroad.

—Fifteen hundred laborers are engaged on the Iron Mountain and Belmont Railroad within the limits of Mississippi County, Mo.

COMPARATIVE MONTHLY EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

—Atlantic & Great Western—				—Chicago and Alton—				—Chicago & Northwestern—				—Chic., Rock Is. and Pacific—			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(466 m.)	(507 m.)	(507 m.)		(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)		(280 m.)	(1,083 m.)	(1,145 m.)		(228 m.)	(228 m.)	(410 m.)	
\$230,400	\$204,992	\$361,137.	Jan....	\$200,503	\$226,152	\$240,333.	Jan....	\$541,005	\$590,767	\$696,147.	Jan....	\$305,554	\$341,282	\$321,047	
1,837,269	808,364	377,852.	Feb....	275,292	222,241	142,947.	Feb....	482,164	459,007	574,664.	Feb....	246,331	183,335	224,611	
899,870	388,480	433,046.	March	299,063	290,111	238,362.	March	499,296	613,974	765,398.	March	289,403	257,230	272,434	
343,408	394,533	443,029.	April.	258,480	269,249	283,951.	April.	468,358	624,174	774,230.	April.	196,580	209,099	280,283	
999,364	451,477	459,370.	May....	322,277	329,851	338,691.	May....	585,623	880,993	896,712.	May....	234,612	277,503	251,916	
429,669	474,441	380,796.	June....	355,270	371,543	343,678.	June....	747,542	925,935	898,357.	June....	321,818	306,693	261,480	
472,483	492,674	400,116.	July....	358,985	381,597	356,142.	July....	702,629	808,594	880,334.	July....	344,121	328,926	274,800	
696,653	538,618	475,437.	Aug....	409,350	387,369	421,484.	Aug....	767,508	797,475	1,031,324.	Aug....	386,221	317,977	404,600	
540,537	636,959	493,587.	Sept....	401,280	322,638	422,164.	Sept....	946,707	1,000,086	1,451,234.	Sept....	389,459	400,941	517,702	
567,121	541,491	477,528.	Oct....	357,956	360,323	430,108.	Oct....	938,683	1,200,216	1,508,853.	Oct....	307,523	423,474	558,300	
614,849	497,250	—	Nov....	307,919	323,030	—	Nov....	754,671	1,010,892	—	Nov....	270,073	345,027	—	
475,723	368,551	—	Dec....	296,924	271,246	—	Dec....	647,842	712,359	—	Dec....	201,779	360,263	—	
5,548,359	5,476,276	3,050,340.	Year..	3,840,091	3,695,153	—	Year..	7,976,491	9,424,450	—	Year..	3,318,514	3,466,922	—	
—Erie Railway—				—Illinois Central—				—Marietta and Cincinnati—				—Michigan Central—			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(798 m.)	(798 m.)	(775 m.)		(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)		(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)		(235 m.)	(235 m.)	(235 m.)	
\$1,070,890	\$1,185,746	\$906,759.	Jan....	\$571,536	\$603,053	\$660,438.	Jan....	\$96,672	\$90,411	\$94,130.	Jan....	\$309,2	\$282,438	\$304,066	
1,011,735	987,936	917,639.	Feb....	528,973	505,266	554,301.	Feb....	87,791	85,447	78,970.	Feb....	279,15	297,796	263,06	
1,331,194	1,070,917	1,139,525.	March	616,665	605,405	417,353.	March	98,763	84,357	84,653.	March	344,226	327,153	376,210	
1,538,913	1,155,441	1,317,143.	April.	616,608	411,805	430,007.	April.	78,697	81,131	72,768.	April.	337,340	343,739	364,738	
1,425,130	1,101,632	1,124,140.	May....	460,573	560,250	477,607.	May....	76,348	96,388	90,536.	May....	401,456	365,136	333,952	
1,362,370	1,431,636	1,118,731.	June....	617,689	567,679	466,618.	June....	107,525	103,378	96,535.	June....	385,663	335,083	294,977	
1,374,558	1,308,244	1,071,312.	July....	578,408	480,636	497,521.	July....	104,608	98,043	106,594.	July....	329,105	324,948	313,011	
1,418,742	1,295,400	1,239,024.	Aug....	747,469	578,253	684,377.	Aug....	115,184	106,921	114,716.	Aug....	413,501	359,645	398,963	
1,436,285	1,416,101	1,444,745.	Sept....	789,736	571,348	705,252.	Sept....	125,352	104,606	121,217.	Sept....	460,661	429,166	464,773	
1,580,317	1,476,244	1,498,716.	Oct....	641,589	661,971	761,499.	Oct....	116,426	113,604	142,623.	Oct....	490,693	439,649	506,395	
1,637,592	1,416,001	—	Nov....	642,897	538,219	—	Nov....	116,146	112,952	—	Nov....	427,623	414,604	—	
1,534,917	1,411,115	—	Dec....	518,083	504,066	—	Dec....	106,767	113,602	—	Dec....	328,669	308,649	—	
6,501,063	14,596,413	—	Year..	7,181,306	6,546,741	—	Year..	1,224,058	1,301,239	—	Year..	4,504,546	4,360,125	—	
—Mich. So. & N. Indiana—				—Mil. and Prairie du Chien—				—Milwaukee & St. Paul—				—Ohio & Mississippi—			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(534 m.)	(534 m.)	(534 m.)		(335 m.)	(335 m.)	(335 m.)		(234 m.)	(270 m.)	(270 m.)		(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	
\$363,996	\$312,846	\$305,357.	Jan....	\$93,153	\$121,776	\$143,000.	Jan....	\$83,131	\$121,707	\$146,800.	Jan....	\$259,223	\$327,541	\$348,735	
866,361	277,234	311,083.	Feb....	74,383	84,897	85,000.	Feb....	86,523	123,404	130,000.	Feb....	239,139	246,109	219,087	
413,974	412,715	379,761.	March	70,740	73,135	73,000.	March	95,905	123,957	134,900.	March	313,914	326,236	279,643	
268,190	418,970	391,163.	April.	106,689	108,089	57,510.	April.	106,369	121,533	128,548.	April.	271,527	277,493	288,929	
361,489	418,084	358,601.	May....	146,943	267,488	119,104.	May....	208,018	245,598	280,497.	May....	290,916	283,130	293,929	
287,095	364,634	304,232.	June....	224,833	262,179	114,579.	June....	227,562	244,276	241,876.	June....	304,643	253,994	240,135	
301,613	382,858	312,879.	July....	217,159	170,795	130,000.	July....	251,906	208,785	193,000.	July....	349,265	247,262	334,633	
418,575	384,401	438,702.	Aug....	170,555	116,294	113,404.	Aug....	241,870	188,515	230,438.	Aug....	344,700	305,454	322,521	
438,508	439,177	437,897.	Sept....	228,020	150,959	277,598.	Sept....	290,841	276,416	243,658.	Sept....	320,343	278,701	325,371	
634,760	406,635	539,435.	Oct....	310,594	245,701	—	Oct....	296,579	416,359	1,101,600.	Oct....	373,618	310,769	379,387	
495,079	429,548	—	Nov....	226,540	244,854	—	Nov....	234,677	323,539	—	Nov....	413,553	302,435	—	
351,799	352,213	—	Dec....	110,664	98,737	—	Dec....	217,125	129,387	—	Dec....	264,319	251,613	—	
4,636,723	4,650,328	—	Year..	1,985,712	1,943,900	—	Year..	2,535,001	2,538,800	—	Year..	3,793,005	3,280,533	—	
—Ft. W. & Chicago—				—St. L., Alton & T. Haute—				—Toledo, Wab. & Western—				—Western Union—			
1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.		1865.	1866.	1867.	
(468 m.)	(468 m.)	(468 m.)		(210 m.)	(210 m.)	(210 m.)		(243 m.)	(243 m.)	(243 m.)		(157 m.)	(177 m.)	(177 m.)	
\$690,144	\$559,963	\$560,115.	Jan....	\$170,078	\$178,119	\$149,658.	Jan....	\$144,084	\$236,059	\$237,674.	Jan....	\$43,716	\$45,109	\$39,679	
673,504	480,966	522,821.	Feb....	158,903	155,893	149,342.	Feb....	189,171	194,167	200,793.	Feb....	37,265	36,006	27,666	
687,583	662,168	673,849.	March	202,771	192,188	174,153.	March	155,763	256,407	270,630.	March	32,378	39,399	36,329	
738,366	599,806	575,387.	April.	169,299	167,301	188,169.	April.	144,001	270,300	317,053.	April.	33,973	43,233	40,710	
637,186	682,510	678,942.	May....	177,625	168,699	171,736.	May....	138,738	316,438	329,078.	May....	63,969	86,913	67,582	
646,995	633,667	506,536.	June....	173,729	167,099	156,065.	June....	194,524	325,691	304,810.	June....	58,147	108,686	58,983	
694,532	552,373	534,733.	July....	163,570	166,015	172,993.	July....	271,798	304,917	309,591.	July....	65,180	85,508	58,983	
714,495	648,301	602,609.	Aug....	215,236	222,953	230,789.	Aug....	374,534	396,345	364,738.	Aug....	75,677	84,469	136,459	
766,988	654,638	683,067.	Sept....	216,763	198,384	219,160.	Sept....	273,981	340,117	382,956.	Sept....	90,869	100,308	119,067	
734,760	707,441	765,569.	Oct....	244,334	234,594	230,340.	Oct....	349,524	426,065	406,768.	Oct....	95,713	100,308	119,067	
713,963	797,923	—	Nov....	208,098	212,296	—	Nov....	361,610	354,880	—	Nov....	61,770	73,943	—	
680,328	555,323	—	Dec....	163,694	177,364	—	Dec....	347,023	264,741	—	Dec....	87,890	54,478	—	
4,692,090	4,457,512	—	Year..	2,340,744	2,251,535	—	Year..	2,936,978	3,004,975	—	Year..	606,398	614,099	—	

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

N. B. — The figures after the name refer to the vol. and page of CHRONICLE containing last report. * means "leased."				DIVIDEND.				FRIDAY.			
Stock out-standing.	Periods.	Last paid.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.	Stock out-standing.	Periods.	Last paid.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Railroad.											
Albany and Esopus.....	1,675,139					N. Y. and New Haven (5 p. 55) 100	6,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5	128 125
Atlantic & St. Lawrence.....	2,494,900	Jan. & July	July '67	2		New York, Prov. & Boston.....	1,755,281	Jan. & July	July '67	3	80 95
Baltimore and Ohio.....	16,151,962	April & Oct	Oct. '67	4	115	Ninth Avenue.....	797,320				
Washington Branch.....	1,650,000	April & Oct	Oct. '67	5		Northern of New Hampshire.....	3,068,400	June & Dec	June '67	4	112
Belleville and Erie.....	4,423,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	3		Northern Central, 4, p. 568..	4,518,900	Quarterly.	Aug. '67	2	85 86
Berkshire.....	800,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	1 1/2		North Eastern (S. Car.).....	588,380				
Blossburg and Corning.....	250,000	June & Dec	June '67	2 1/2		do 8 p. c., pref.....	155,000	May & Nov	May '67	4	
Boston, Hartford and Erie.....	11,877,000			14	15	North Carolina.....	4,000,000				
Boston and Lowell.....	1,830,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4	125	North Missouri.....	2,469,307				
Boston and Maine, 3 p. 355.....	4,076,974	Jan. & July	July '67	5	138	North Pennsylvania.....	3,150,150	Feb. '67	56	65	
Boston and Providence.....	3,360,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5	141	Norwich and Worcester.....	2,363,600	Jan. & July	July '67	4	
Boston and Worcester.....	4,500,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5	147	Ogden & L. Champ (5 p. 119) 100	3,077,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	3	
Broadway & 7th Avenue.....	2,100,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		do do.....	356,400	Apr. & Oct	Oct. '67	4	
Brooklyn City.....	1,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	3 1/2		Ohio and Miss. certifi., 4 p. 631. 100	20,226,694				
Buffalo, New York, & Erie.....	850,000	June & Dec	June '67	3 1/2		do preferred.....	3,353,181	January.	Jan. '67	7	78 75
Buffalo and Erie.....	2,300,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5		Old Colony and Newport.....	4,548,300	Jan. & July	July '67	3	80 82
Barlington & Missouri River.....	6,936,625	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5	26	Orange and Alexandria.....	2,063,655				
Camden and Amboy, 4 p. 539. 100	522,325					Oswego and Syracuse.....	482,400	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	4 1/2	
Camden and Atlantic.....	600,000					Panama.....	7,000,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	6	290 285
do do preferred.....	731,926	Jan. & July	July '67	3 1/2		Pennsylvania.....	20,000,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	7	99 108
Cape Cod.....	1,150,000					Philadelphia and Erie.....	5,091,400	Jan. & July	July '67	3	81 81 1/2
Catawissa.....	2,300,000	April & Oct	Oct. '67	8 1/2	42 43	Phila. and Reading, 4 p. 89..	22,742,867	Jan. & July	July '67	5	96 96 1/2
Cedar Rapids & Missouri River.....	4,666,800	June & Dec	June '67	5		Phila., Germant. & Norristown* 50	1,507,870	Apr. & Oct	Oct. '67	5	128 128 1/2
Central Georgia & Bank & Co. 100	13,000,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	2 1/2	119	Phila. Wilming. & Baltimore..	9,019,300	Jan. & July	July '67	4	106 106 1/2
Central of New Jersey.....	2,600,000					Pittsburg and Connellsville..	1,778,129				
Central Ohio.....	400,000	April.	Apr. '67	6	82 1/2 83 1/2	Pittsb., P. W. & Chic., 4 p. 471. 100	11,440,987	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	2 1/2	97 1/2 97 1/2
do preferred.....	400,000					Portland & Kennebec (new).....	1,500,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	3	
Central Park, E. & N. River.....	3,700,000	Oct. '67	6 1/2			Portland, Saco, & Portsmouth.....	1,750,000	Jan. & Dec	June '67	4	
Chicago and Alton, 4 p. 383.....	3,836,500	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '67	5	121	Providence and Worcester.....	2,580,700	Jan. & July	July '67	4	
do do.....	2,425,000	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '67	5		Raritan and Delaware Bay.....	800,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	2	
Chic. Bar. and Quincy, 3 p. 261. 100	12,503,000	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '67	25	134 135	Rensselaer & Saratoga consol 100	800,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	2	
Chicago and Great Eastern.....	4,390,000					Saratoga and Whitehall.....	900,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	2	
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska.....	1,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Troy, Salem & Rutland.....	800,000	April & Oct	Apr. '67	2	
Chicago and Milwaukee.....	2,227,000					Richmond and Dan., 4 p. 455. 100	2,000,000				
Chicago and Northwestern.....	13,242,496	Annually.	Dec. '66	7	57 1/2 58 1/2	Richmond & Petersburg, 4 p. 488. 100	1,008,600				
do do preferred.....	4,789,135	Annually.	Dec. '66	7	57 1/2 58 1/2	Rome, Watert. & Ogdensburg.....	2,385,500	Jan. & July	July '67	5	
Chicago, Rock Isl. & Pacific.....	9,100,000	April & Oct	Oct. '67	5	200 1/2 201 1/2	Rutland and Burlington.....	2,323,376				
Cincin. Han. & Dayton (5 p. 37) 100	3,240,800	April & Oct	Oct. '67	5		St. Louis, Alton, & Terre H.....	2,300,000				
Cincinnati and Zanesville.....	1,600,250	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	4	98 98 1/2	do do preferred.....	1,700,000	Annually.	May '67	7	
Cleveland, Columbus, & Cin.....	6,000,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	4		St. Louis, Jackson. & Chic.....	1,469,429				
Cleveland & Mahoning.....	2,044,600	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Sandusky, and Cincinnati.....	2,989,000				
Cleveland, Palmyer, & Ashta. 100	5,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5		do do preferred.....	393,073	May & Nov	Nov. '67	3	
Cleveland and Pittsburgh.....	5,391,575	April & Oct	Oct. '67	26	83 1/2 84 1/2	Sandusky, Mansf. & Newark.....	900,236				
Cleveland and Toledo, 3 p. 151. 50	6,330,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	2 1/2		Saratoga and Hudson River.....	1,020,000				
Columbus & Indianap. Cent. 100	1,736,800	Jan. & July	July '67	5		Savannah & Charleston.....	1,000,000				
Columbus and Xenia.....	1,500,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	5	70	Schenykill Valley.....	576,050	Jan. & July	July '67	2 1/2	
Concord.....	850,000	Jan. & July	July '67	3 1/2		Shamokin Val. & Pottsville.....	869,450	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	3	
Concord and Portsmouth.....	1,514,300	Jan. & July	July '67	3		Shore Line Railway.....	635,200	Jan. & July	July '67	5	
Conn. & Passump. 3 p. 216 pref. 100	1,650,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4		Sixth Avenue (N. Y.).....	750,000	Quarterly.	Nov. '67	5	125
Connecticut River.....	1,316,900	Apr. & Oct	Oct. '67	4		South Carolina.....	5,819,275				
Cumberland Valley.....	3,388,132	Jan. & July	July '67	3		South Side (P. & L.), 4 p. 521. 100	1,390,000				
Dayton and Michigan.....	3,388,132	Jan. & July	July '67	3		South West Georgia, 3 p. 816. 100	2,203,400	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	4	
Delaware.....	11,288,550	Jan. & July	July '67	5	118 1/2 119	Syracuse, Binghamton & N. Y. 100	1,200,130				
Delaware, Lacka., & Western.....	452,350					Terre Haute & Indianapolis.....	1,983,150	Jan. & July	July '67	6	
Detroit and Milwaukee.....	1,500,000					Ten. & Ala. (N. Y.).....	1,170,000	Quarterly.	Nov. '67	5	
do do preferred.....	1,200,000					Toledo, Peoria, & Warsaw.....	776,200				
Dry Dock, E. B'way & Bat.....	1,673,952	March.	Mar. '67	7 1/2	114	do do 1st pref. 100	1,351,314				
Dubuque and Sioux City.....	1,983,170	Jan. & July	July '67	4		do do 2d pref. 100	908,424				
Eastern (Mass).....	3,573,300					Toledo, Wabash & Western.....	5,700,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	3 1/2	55
East Tennessee & Georgia.....	2,411,000					do do preferred.....	1,000,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4	
East Tennessee & Virginia.....	1,900,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4	112	Utica and Black River.....	884,400	Jan. & July	July '67	4	
Elgin and Williamsport.....	500,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	2 1/2		Vermont and Canada.....	2,250,000	June & Dec	June '67	4	94 1/2 95
do do preferred.....	500,000	Jan. & July	July '67	3 1/2		Vermont and Massachusetts.....	2,860,000	Jan. & July	July '67	1 1/2	86 86 1/2
Erie, 4 p. 599.....	16,574,306	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	4	7 1/2 71 1/2	Virginia Central, 3 p. 678..	3,353,679				
do preferred.....	8,536,900	January.	Jan. '67	7	78 79	do do preferred.....	2,947,791				
Fitchburg.....	3,540,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4	126	Western (Mass), 4 p. 247.....	8,710,800	Jan. & July	July '67	5	145
Georgia.....	4,156,000	Apr. & Oct	Apr. '67	6		Western (N. Carolina).....	1,890,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '64	4	
Hanibal and St. Joseph.....	5,253,897					Western Union (Wis. & Ill.)..	2,687,237				
do do preferred.....	3,000,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	5	199	Worcester and Nashua.....	1,141,000	Jan. & July	July '67	5 1/2	116
Hartford and New Haven.....	1,190,000	May & Nov	Nov. '67	4	125 126	Canal.					
Hudson River.....	13,937,400	Apr. & Oct	Oct. '67	4		Chesapeake and Del. (5 p. 183) 25	1,818,983	June & Dec	June '67	3	
Huntingdon and Broad Top.....	494,380					Delaware Division.....	3,228,595	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5	90
do do preferred.....	190,750	Jan. & July	July '67	3 1/2		Delaware and Hudson.....	10,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5	146 149
Illinois Central, 4 p. 311.....	23,386,450	Jan. & July	July '67	5	131 1/2 132	Delaware & Raritan, 4 p. 599. 100	3,521,300	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5	
Indianapolis, Cin. & Lake Erie.....	1,689,900	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '67	4		Del. & Chesapeake Navigation Co. 50	6,968,146	May & Nov	Nov. '67	3	60 1/2
Jefferson, Mad. & Indianap. 100	2,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '66			Monongahela Navigation.....	728,100	Jan. & July	July '67	5	
Joliet and Chicago.....	300,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	1 1/2		Morris (consolidated), 4 p. 631. 100	1,025,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '67	5	
Joliet and N. Indiana.....	300,000	Jan. & July	July '67	4		Schenykill Narra. (consol.).....	1,175,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	5	68 69
Lackawanna and Bloomsburg.....	1,335,000					do do preferred.....	1,908,307	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	6	22 24
Lehigh Valley.....	10,734,100	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	2 1/2	102 1/2 103	Schenykill & Delaware.....	1,888,800	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	6	28
Lexington and Frankfort.....	514,646	May & Nov	Nov. '67	3		Susquehanna & Tide-Water.....	2,052,083				
Little Miami.....	3,572,400	June & Dec	June '67	4		Union, preferred.....	2,907,350				
Little Schuylkill.....	2,646,100	Jan. & July	July '67	2		West Branch & Susquehanna..	1,100,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '65	6	73 80
Long Island.....	3,000,000	Quarterly.	Aug. '67	2		Wyoming Valley.....	800,000	Irregular.	Sept. '66	4	
Louisville and Frankfort.....	1,109,594	Jan. & July	July '67	3		Miscellaneous.					
Louisville and Nashville.....	5,500,000	Feb. & Aug	Aug. '67	4		Coal-American.....	1,500,000	Mar. & Sep	Mar. '67	3 1/2	42 1/2
Louisville, New Alb. & Chic. 100	2,800,000					Boston.....	2,500,000				
Macon and Western.....	1,500,000	May & Nov	May '67	5		Butler.....	2,500,000	Jan. & Dec	June '67	4	
Maine Central.....	1,600,860					Consolidation.....	5,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '67	5	26 1/2 29
Marietta & Cincinnati, 1st pref 50	6,586,135	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '66	3 1/2	16 17	Cumberland.....	5,000,000				
do do 2d pref. 50	4,051,744	Mar. & Sep	Sep. '66	3 1/2							

RAILROAD, CANAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOND LIST.—PAGE 2.

Bond List Page 1 will appear in this place next week.

DESCRIPTION.					INTEREST.					FRIDAY.		DESCRIPTION.					INTEREST.					FRIDAY.							
N. B.—Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 3d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name.					Amount outstanding.		Rate.		Payable.		Principal payable.		N. B.—Where the total Funded Debt is not given in detail in the 3d column it is expressed by the figures in brackets after the Co's name.					Amount outstanding.		Rate.		Payable.		Principal payable.		Bids.		Ask'd.	
Railroad:														Railroad:															
Morris and Essex:					5,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1915					Rome, Watert. & Ogden: (\$1,848,000)					709,500	7	Jan. & July	1890								
1st Mortgage, sinking fund					874,000	7	do						Sinking Fund (Wat. & Rome)					521,500	7	Jan. & July	68-72								
2d do					234,000	7	do						Potsdam & Watertown, guar.					530,000	7	Jun. & Dec.	1891								
Naugatuck: 1st Mortgage (convert.)					180,000	6	Jan. & July	1881					R. V. & O. Sinking Fund																
New Bedford & Taunton					450,000	7	Jan. & July	1869					Sutland and Burlington:																
N. Haven & Northampton: Bonds					200,000	6	April & Oct.	1874					1st Mortgage					1,800,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1863	139 1/2	142						
Hampshire & Hamden R.R. do					488,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1873					do					946,000	7	do	1863	40	55						
New Jersey (\$255,000): Bonds of 1883					140,000	6	Jan. & July	1885					Sacramento Valley:																
New London Northern: 1st Mortgage					2,741,000	8	Jan. & July	1886					1st Mortgage					400,000	10	Jan. & July	1875								
New Orleans, Jackson & Gt. North:					423,000	8	April & Oct.	1890					do					529,000	10	Feb. & Aug.	1881								
1st Mortgage Sinking Fund													St. Louis, Alton & Terre Haute:					2,300,000	7	Semi-annually	1894	94	100						
2d Mortgage													1st Mortgage					2,800,000	7	do	1894	81 1/2	82						
New Orleans, Opelous. & Gt. West:					1,730,000	8	Apr. & Oct.	1889					2d do income					1,700,000	7	May & Nov.	1894	76							
1st Mortgage Construction Bonds													St. Louis, Jacksonville & Chicago:																
New York Central:					6,450,438	6	May & Nov.	1883	91	93			1st Mortgage					1,372,000	7	April & Oct.	1894								
Premium Sinking Fund Bonds					2,925,000	6	June & Dec.	1887	98	93			St. Paul & Chicago (\$4,000,000):																
Bonds of October, 1883 (renewal)					165,000	6	May & Nov.	1883					1st Mort. land grant, S. F. guar.						8	J. A. J. & O.	1900								
Real Estate Bonds					606,000	6	do	1883					St. Paul & Pacific of Minn.: (1st Div)					700,000	7	Jan. & July	1892								
Subscrip. Bonds (assumed stocks)					1,398,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1876					1st Mortgage (tax free)					1,300,000	7	June & Dec.	1892								
Sink. Fund B'ds (assumed debts)					460,000	7	do	1876					1st Land Grant Mortgage (tax free)																
Bonds of August, 1889, convert.							do	1876					Sandusky and Cincinnati:					981,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1900								
Bonds of 1886							do	1876					Mortgage bonds																
New York and Harlem (\$6,008,045):					3,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1872					Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark:					1,290,000	7	Jan. & July	1875								
1st General Mortgage					1,000,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1893					1st Mortgage					800,000	7	Jan. & July	1875								
Consolidated Mortgage					1,000,000	7	do	1868					Funded Bonds					500,000	7	June & Dec.	1867								
3d Mortgage					1,068,500	6	April & Oct.	1875	96	90			Second Avenue: 1st Mortgage																
N York and New Haven: Mort. B'ds					250,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	73-78					Shamokin Valley & Pottsville:					700,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1872								
N. Y. Prov. and Boston: 1st Mort.					100,000	7	Jan. & July	1881					1st Mortgage																
Improvement Bonds					1,500,000	6	Quarterly	ired.					Shore Line Railway: 1st Mort. bonds					55,000	7	Mar. & Sept.	1870								
Northern Central (\$5,424,500):					2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1885	85	86			South Carolina: Sterling Loan					2,286,111	5	Jan. & July	1886								
1st Mortgage, State (Md.) Loan					734,500	6	April & Oct.	1900					do					1,070,000	6	Various	68-74								
2d do					149,400	6	April & Oct.	1874					Soud. Side (\$1,631,900)																
3d do													1st Mortgage (guar. by Petersburg)					800,000	6	Jan. & July	70-75								
Northern New Hampshire: Bonds													3d Mortgage					300,000	6	do	70-72								
North Eastern:					700,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1869					Special Mortgage					175,000	6	do	65-68								
1st Mortgage					145,000	7	do	1893					S. W. Pacific Railroad:																
2d do					339,000	8	do	1897					Bonds guar. by At. & Pacific R.R.					2,000,000	7	Jan. & July	1871								
North Missouri:													Southern Minnesota: Land Grant B'd					200,000	7	Jan. & July	1886								
1st General Mortgage (\$6,000,000)					50,000	7	Jan. & July	1896					Staten Island: 1st Mortgage																
North Pennsylvania (\$3,124,787):					2,500,000	6	Jan. & July	1880					1st Mortgage					1,400,000	7	April & Oct.	1876								
Mortgage Bonds					360,000	10	April & Oct.	1887					Third Avenue (N. Y.): 1st Mortgage					1,180,000	7	Jan. & July	1870								
Chattel Mortgage					100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874					Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw: 1st Mort					1,600,000	7	June & Dec.	1894								
Norwich and Worcester (\$580,000):					300,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1870					Toledo Wabash & Western (13,300,000)																
General Mortgage					100,000	7	Jan. & July	1874					1st Mort. (Tol. & Illinois RR.)					900,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1890	88 1/2	90						
Salem and Portland: 1st Mortgage					300,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1870					1st Mort. (T. Erie, Wab. & St. L. RR.)					2,500,000	7	do	1890								
Ogdensburg and L. Champlain:					1,494,000	7	April & Oct.	1869	89				2d Mort. (Tol. & Wab. RR.)					1,000,000	7	May & Nov.	1878	277 1/2	78						
1st Mortgage					2,900,000	7	Jan. & July	1872					2d Mort. (Wab. & West. Railway)					1,500,000	7	do	1878								
2d Mortgage					750,000	7	do	1874					Equipment (Tol. & Wab. R.lway)					600,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1883								
Old Colony & Newport R.R.:					180,000	6	April & Oct.	67-69					Sinking Fund (T. W. & W. R. way)					1,000,000	7	do	1871	90	96						
Bonds					223,000	5	var.	67-74					Troy and Boston (\$1,452,000):																
do					1,458,000	6	var.	75-76					1st Mortgage					800,000	7	Jan. & July	1887								
Orange & Alexandria (\$3,922,004):													2d do					300,000	7	Apr. & Oct.	1885								
1st Mortgage					400,000	6	May & Nov.	1866					3d do					630,000	7	May & Nov.	1875								
2d do or 1st Extension					1,110,500	6	Jan. & July	1875					Convertible					200,000	7	Mar. & Sep.	1882								
3d do or 2d Extension					570,000	8	May & Nov.	1873					Vt. Central & V. & Canada: 1st mort						8		100 1/2								
Oswego & Rome (\$657,000):													Vermont Central: 1st Mort. (consol.)					2,000,000	7	June & Dec.	1861	53	61						
1st Mortgage (guar. by R. W. & O.)					350,000	7	May & Nov.	1916					2d do					1,500,000	7	Jan. & July	1887								
Income					300,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1892					Vermont and Massachusetts: 1st Mort					550,000	6	Jan. & July	1883								
Oswego and Syracuse (\$311,800):													Virginia & Tennessee (\$2,177,000):																
1st Mortgage					198,500	7	Jan. & July	70-70					1st Mortgage					500,000		June & Dec.	1872								
2d do					189,000	7	do	1885					do					1,400,000		do	1884								
Pacific, guaranteed by Missouri:													Income Mortgage					448,000		do	1865								
Panama:													Warren: 1st Mortgage (guaranteed)					511,400	7	Feb. & Aug.	1875								
1st Mortgage, sterling					783,000	7	April & Oct.	70-75					Westchester & Philadelphia:																
2d do					1,150,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1872					1st Mortgage (convert.) Coupon					400,000	7	Jan. & July	1873								
Peninsula: 1st Mortgage					1,075,000	7	Feb. & Aug.	1884					2d do registered					562,500	8	April & Oct.	1878								
Pennsylvania (\$18,309,040):													Western (Mass.): (6,269,520):																
1st Mortgage					4,980,000	6	Jan. & July	1880	90 1/2				Sinking (\$690,900) Bonds					4,319,520	5	April & Oct.	68-71								
2d do					4,904,840	6	April & Oct.	1875	93 1/2	90 1/2			Albany City Bonds					689,000	6	Jan. & July	70-76								
Phila. and Balt. Central (\$800,000):													Dollar Bonds					986,500	6	April & Oct.	1875								
1st Mortgage					575,000	7	Jan. & July	1876					Western Maryland: 1st Mortgage					596											

PETROLEUM STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Allen Wright..... par 10			Hammond..... par 30		
Bemis Heights..... 5			HamptonMcIntock..... 5		
Benehoff Run..... 10	2 05		Ivanhoe..... 2		
Bergen Coal and Oil..... 10			Manhattan..... 2		
Biven..... 10			Mountain Oil..... 5		
Bradley Oil..... 5			National..... 5 200	3 50	
Brevort..... 5	80		N. Y. & Alleghany..... 5	2 50	3 50
Brooklyn..... 5			New York & Newark..... 5		
Buchanan Farm..... 10	47	43	N. Y. & Philadel..... 5		
Central..... 100	10	1 10	N. Y. Ph. & Balt. Consol..... 1		
Cherry Run Petrol'm..... 2			Oceanic..... 5		
Cherry Run special..... 2			Pit. Hold. Creek..... 25		
Clinton Oil..... 10	1 25	1 50	Rathbone Oil Tract..... 10		
Empire City..... 5			Rynd Farm..... 10	8	12
Excelsior..... 5			Shade River..... 5		
First National..... 5			Union..... 10		
Germania..... 5			United Petrol'm F'ms..... 2		12
Great Republic..... 5			United States..... 1 75		
G't Western Consol..... 30			Union..... 2 10		

COPPER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Adventure..... paid 3			Lafayette..... paid 1		
Atina..... 11			Lake Superior..... 2		
Albany & Boston..... 25 1/2			Madison..... 6		
Algonah..... 3			Mandan..... 4 1/2		
Altona..... 1 1/2			Manhattan..... 5 1/2		
Amygdaloid..... 17			Mass..... 4 1/2		
Atlas..... 2			Medora..... 1 1/2		
Astoria..... 4 1/2			Mendota..... 3 1/2		
Bay State..... 13 1/2			Merrimac..... 6 1/2		
Bohemian..... 17 1/2			Mesnard..... 8		
Boston..... 2 1/2			Milton..... 1 1/2		
Caladonia..... 10			Minnesota..... 18 1/2		
Calumet..... 35 00			National..... 5 1/2		
Canada..... 1			Naumkeag..... 2		
Charter Oak..... 5			New Jersey Consol..... 10		
Central..... 5			New York..... 1		
Concord..... 4	3 75	4 00	North Cliff..... 4		
Copper Creek..... 24 1/2	25 00	26 50	North western..... 11 1/2		
Copper Falls..... 24 1/2			Norwich..... 11		
Copper Harbor..... 1 1/2			Ogima..... 7		
Decatur..... 2 1/2			Pennsylvania..... 50		
Dana..... 3 1/2	88	1 30	Petherick..... 5 1/2		
Davidson..... 63 70			Pewabic..... 3 1/2	9 7	
Delaware..... 30 1/2			Phoenix..... 15	1 00	1 50
Devon..... 1			Pittsburg & Boston..... 35 00		
Dorchester..... 1 1/2			Pontiac..... 10 1/2		
Dudley..... 1 1/2			Portage Lake..... 1		
Eagle River..... 3 1/2			Princeton..... 1		
Edwards..... 10			Providence..... 10	13 00	20 00
Empire..... 10			Quincy..... 10		
Everett..... 1			Resolute..... 6 1/2		
Evergreen Bluff..... 5 1/2			Ridge..... 8		
Excelsior..... 9 1/2			Rochester..... 12	4 50	4 88
Flint Steel River..... 9 1/2			St. Clair..... 3		
Franklin..... 8 1/2	13 00	14 50	St. Louis..... 1		
Gardiner Hill..... 5			St. Mary's..... 5 1/2		
Giant..... 5			Seneca..... 1 1/2		
Great Western..... 2			Sharon..... 1 1/2		
Hamilton..... 2			Sheldon & Columbian..... 21		
Hancock..... 17 1/2	13 63	14 00	South Pewabic..... 1		
Hanover..... 1 1/2	68		South Side..... 3		
Hilton..... 2 1/2			Star..... 11 1/2	25	1 00
Hope..... 1 1/2			Superior..... 8		1 25
Hec..... 1 1/2			Tremont..... 1 1/2		
Hulbert..... 1 1/2			Victoria..... 1 1/2		
Humboldt..... 1 1/2			Vulcan..... 6		
Hungarian..... 1			Washington..... 1		
Huron..... 10			West Minnesota..... 2 1/2		
Indiana..... 10			Winona..... 3		
Ile Royale..... 23			Winthrop..... 4 1/2		
Keweenaw..... 5					
Knowlton..... 8					

* Capital \$1,000,000, in 20,000 shares.

† Capital \$500,000, in 100,000 shares

‡ Capital \$300,000, in 20,000 shares

§ Capital of Lake Superior companies generally \$500,000, in 20,000 shares

GOLD AND SILVER MINING STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Ada Elmore..... par			Hamilton G. & S. b'ds par		87
Alameda Silver..... 25	75		Holman..... 2		
American Flag..... 10	70		Hope..... 35		25
Atlantic & Pacific..... 10			Harmon E. & S..... 2		
Ayres Mill & Mining..... 10			Kipp & Buell..... 2		40
Bates & Baxter..... 50	60		LaCrosse..... 35	45	
Benton..... 5	25	45	Liberty..... 4		
Bob Tail..... 100	100		Manhattan Silver..... 100	100	
Boscobel Silver..... 100	100		Midas Silver..... 1 50		
Bullion Consolidated..... 10			Montana..... 5 15	16	
Burroughs..... 10			New York..... 10 50	70	
Central..... 10			New York & Eldorado..... 1 40	1 50	
Columbia G. & S..... 7 11			Nye..... 2 4		
Combination Silver..... 35 00	65 00		Owyhee..... 10 60		
Consolidated Gregory..... 100	50 50	5 65	People's G. & S. of Cal..... 5		
Corydon..... 25	40	45	Quartz Hill..... 1 20	1 25	
Des Moines..... 1			Reynolds..... 10	20	23
Downville..... 1			Rocky Mountain..... 10		
Eagle..... 3 40	3 50		Seaver..... 10		
Edgemoor..... 3 40	3 50		Sensenderfer..... 10		
Fall River..... 10			Smith & Parmelee..... 20	2 60	2 70
First National..... 10			Symonds Forks..... 100	60 00	55 00
Gold Hill..... 10	90	1 25	Twin River Silver..... 100	60 00	55 00
Gunnell..... 10			Vanderburg..... 2		
Gunnell Union..... 10			Yellow Jacket..... 2		20

MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.	COMPANIES.	Bid.	Askd.
Copake Iron..... par 5			Tudor Lead..... par		
Foster Iron..... 100			Saginaw, L. S. & M..... 25		
Lake Superior Iron..... 100			Walkill Lead..... 41	45	
Rucks County Lead..... 5			Wallace Nickel..... 25		
Deaho Lead..... 10			Stetland Marble..... 5		
Manhan Lead..... 10			Long Island Peat..... 5		
Phenix Lead..... 10			Russell Flie..... 5		
Iron Tank Storage..... 10			Savon de Terre..... 5		

INSURANCE STOCK LIST.

Marked thus (*) as participating, & (†) write Marine Risks.	Jan. 1, 1867.			DIVIDENDS.			
	Capital.	Net as'te	Periods.	1866	1866	1867	Last paid
Adriatic.....	25	\$300,000	151,002 Jan. and July.				J'y '64..5
Atina.....	50	300,000	236,339 Jan. and July.	16			J'y '63.34
American.....	50	200,000	515,590 Jan. and July.	5			J'y '67.104
American Exch'e.....	100	200,000	222,072 Jan. and July.	5	7	10	J'y '67..5
Arctic.....	50	500,000	282,127 Jan. and July.	5			Jan. '68.5
Astor.....	25	250,000	257,755 Feb. and Aug.	10	20	10	Aug. '67.5
Atlantic (Br'klyn).....	50	300,000	336,470 March and Sep.	10	10	10	Sep. '67.5
Baltic.....	25	200,000	204,750 May and Nov.				Aug. '65.4
Beckman.....	25	200,000	170,171 Feb. and Aug.	9			Dec. '66.5
Bowery (N. Y.).....	25	300,000	345,749 June and Dec.	5			Aug. '67.6
Broadway.....	25	200,000	268,368 Feb. and Aug.	12	12	12	J'y '67.10
Brooklyn.....	17	153,000	288,506 Jan. and July.	20	20	20	J'y '67.10
Central Park.....	10		92,688				July '64.4
Citizens'.....	20	300,000	384,298 Jan. and July.	50	50	50	J'y '67.10
City.....	70	210,000	338,578 Feb. and Aug.	10	12	14	J'y '67.21
Clinton.....	100	250,000	275,521 Jan. and July.	10	10	12	J'y '64.34
Columbia*.....	100	500,000	309,022 do				July '67.5
Commerce (N. Y.).....	100	200,000	214,147 do				July '67.5
Commerce (Alb'y).....	100	400,000	424,189 Feb. and Aug.	10	10	10	Ang. '7.5
Commercial.....	50	200,000	228,696 Jan. and July.	10	10	10	July '67.5
Commonwealth.....	100	250,000	234,572 Jan. and July.	5	10	10	July '67.5
Continental *.....	100	500,000	1,289,087 Jan. and July.	14	14	14	J'y '67.7
Corn Exchange.....	50	400,000	404,178 March and Sep.			5	repe '67.5
Croton.....	100		36,518				J'ne '64.5
Eagle.....	40	300,000	494,226 April and Oct.	124	10	10	Oct. '67.8
Empire City.....	100	200,000	203,990 Jan. and July.	14	14	14	July '67.7
Excelsior.....	50	200,000	229,276 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Exchange.....	30	150,000	134,065 Feb. and Aug.				July '67.5
Firemen's.....	17	204,000	241,840 Jan. and July.	10	10	10	J'y '66.34
Firemen's Fund.....	10	150,000	132,468 do		7		July '65.5
Firemen's Trust.....	10	150,000	165,932 do		5		July '67.5
Fulton.....	25	200,000	200,766 do		10	10	July '67.5
Gallatin.....	50	150,000	149,689 May and Nov.	6			May '66.6
Gebhard.....	100	200,000	237,954 Feb. and Aug.	5	10	10	Aug. '67.5
Germania.....	50	500,000	525,762 Jan. and July.	10	10	12	July '67.7
Globe.....	50	200,000	200,015 Jan. and July.	10	10	10	July '67.5
Great Western*.....	100	1,000,000	2,385,657 Jan. and July.	7	7	7	J'y '67.54
Greenwich.....	25	200,000	255,657 Feb. and Aug.	14	10		Apr. '65.5
Grocers'.....	50	200,000	170,225 April and Oct.			7	J'y '67.34
Guardian.....	15	200,000	177,178 Jan. and July.			7	July '67.5
Hamilton.....	18	150,000	152,571 do	8	8	10	July '67.5
Hanover.....	50	400,000	419,952 do	12	10		July '66.5
Hoffman.....	50	200,000	152,229 do		10		July '67.5
Home.....	100	2,000,000	2,271,387 do	16	10	10	July '67.5
Hope.....	25	150,000	135,738 do	5			Jan. '65.5
Howard.....	50	500,000	546,522 do	20	12	10	July '65.5
Humboldt.....	10	200,000	195,526 do	10			July '65.6
Import & Traders.....	25	200,000	167,533 do	6			Aug. '66.34
International.....	100	1,000,000	300,604 Feb. and Aug.	5	7	10	Aug. '67.5
Irving.....	25	200,000	206,179 do	10	10	10	Sept. '67.6
Jefferson.....	30	200,010	238,808 March and Sep.	14	10		July '67.5
King's Co'ty (B'klyn).....	20	150,000	176,678 Jan. and July.				July '67.5
Knickerbocker.....	40	280,000	302,741 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Lafayette (B'klyn).....	50	150,000	141,434 do	5	10	10	July '67.5
Lamar.....	100	300,000	368,006 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Lenox.....	25	150,000	121,407 do	9	10	14	July '67.5
Longland (B'klyn).....	50	200,000	284,605 do	18	16	10	July '67.7
Lorillard*.....	25	1,000,000	1,118,664 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Manhattan.....	100	500,000	610,930 do	15	15	10	July '67.5
Market*.....	100	200,000	288,917 do	124	8	7	J'y '67.24
Mechan & Trade *.....	25	200,000	222,921 do	11	10	10	July '67.5
Mechanics (B'klyn).....	50	150,000	146,692 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Mercantile.....	10	200,000	195,526 do	5	8	10	July '67.5
Merchants*.....	50	200,000	245,169 do	20	20	20	J'y '67.10
Metropolitan *.....	100	300,000	319,870 do	5	8	10	July '65.5
Montauk (B'klyn).....	50	150,000	161,748 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Nassau (B'klyn).....	50	150,000	259,270 do	14	15	15	J'y '67.10
National.....	7 1/2	200,000	228,628 do	16	14	12	July '67.6
New Amsterdam.....	35	300,000	319,870 do	5	8	10	July '67.5
N. Y. Equitable.....	35	210,000	264,708 Jan. and July.	8	10	10	July '67.5
N. Y. Fire and Marine.....	100	200,000	247,808 Feb. and Aug.	12	8	0	Aug. '67.5
Niagara.....	50	1,000,000	1,053,525 Jan. and July.	11	10	10	July '67.5
North American*.....	50	500,000	511,681 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
North River.....	25	350,000	379,509 April and Oct.	8	8	10	Oct. '67.5
Pacific.....	25	200,000	244,298 Jan. and July.	12	12	12	July '67.6
Park.....	100	200,000	212,621 do				July '67.5
Peter Cooper.....	30	150,000	185,965 Feb. and Aug.	5	10		Aug. '67.5
People's.....	25	150,000	144,298 Jan. and July.	15	8	10	July '67.5
Phoenix * (B'klyn).....	50	1,000,000	1,077,388 do	15	8	10	July '67.5
Relief.....	50	200,000	190,167 do	10	10	10	July '67.5
Resolute*.....	100	300,000	452,233 do	9	14	11	J'y '67.64
Rutgers.....	25	200,000	216,879 Feb. and Aug.	7	10	11	J'y '66.34
Sandwich.....	30	150,000	156,279 Jan. and July.	5	10	10	Aug. '67.5
St. Nicholas*.....	25	150,000	178,920 Jan. and Aug.	5	5	10	Feb. '67.5
Security *.....	50	1,000,000	262,151 Feb. and Aug.	10	34		Feb. '66.24
Standard.....	50	200,000	236,756 Jan. and July.	12	10	10	July '67.6
Star.....	100	200,000	195,780 do		10	10	July '67.5
Sterling *.....	10	200,000	206,781 Feb. and Aug.			5	Aug. '67.5
Struyvesant.....	25	200,000	198,182 Feb. and Aug.		5	11	Aug. '66.5
Traders'.....	25	150,000	168,733 Jan. and July.	10	10	10	July '67.5
United States.....	26	250,000	336,814 Feb. and Aug.	14	10	10	Aug. '67.5
Washington *.....	100	398,700	390,296 Feb. and Aug.	8	8	8	Feb. '67.5
Williamsburg City.....	50	150,000	179,008 Jan. and July.	5	7	10	July '67.5
Yonkers & N. Y. 100	500,000	501,344	do	8	10	10	July '67.5

Insurance.

UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, In the City of New York.

NO. 40 WALL STREET.

ASSETS.....\$2,300,000

New and important plans of Life Insurance have been adopted by this Company. See new Prospectus. Profits available after policies have run one year, and annually thereafter.

JOHN EADIE, President.
NICHOLAS DE GROOT, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

40 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$300,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$800,000, continues to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON, Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

The Mercantile Mutual INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 33 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Assets, January 1st, 1867.....\$1,261,349

ORGANIZED APRIL, 1844.

During the past year this Company has paid to its Policy-holders,

IN CASH,
a rebate on premiums in lieu of scrip, equivalent in value to an average scrip dividend of

TWENTY PER CENT.

Instead of issuing a scrip dividend to dealers, based on the principle that all classes of risks are equally profitable, this Company makes such cash abatement or discount from the current rates, when premiums are paid, as the general experience of underwriters will warrant, and the net profits remaining at the close of the year, will be divided to the stockholders.

This Company continues to make Insurance on Marine and Inland Navigation and Transportation Risks, on the most favorable terms, including Risks on Merchandise of all kinds, Hulls, and Freight.

Policies issued making loss payable in Gold or Currency, at the Office in New York, or in Sterling, at the Office of Rathbone, Bros. & Co., in Liverpool.

TRUSTEES.

James Freeland,
Samuel Willets,
Robert L. Taylor,
William T. Frost,
William Watt,
Henry Eyre,
Cornelius Grinnell,
Joseph Slagg,
Jas. D. Fish,
Geo. W. Hennings,
Francis Hathaway,
Aaron L. Reid,
Ellwood Walter.

D. Colden Murray,
E. Haydock White,
N. L. McCready,
Daniel T. Willets,
L. Edgerton,
Henry K. Kunhardt,
John E. Williams,
William Nelson, Jr.,
Charles Dimon,
A. William Heye,
Harold Dollner,
Paul N. Spofford.

ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
JAS. NEWCOMB, Vice-President.
J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Niagara Fire Insurance COMPANY.

No. 12 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000
SURPLUS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.....278,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. Chartered 1850. Cash dividends paid in 1867, 233 per cent.
JONATHAN D. STEELE, President
NOTMAN, Secretary.

H O P E FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OFFICE, No. 92 BROADWAY.

Cash Capital - - - - - \$150,000
Assets, June 1, 1867 - - - - - 222,433

This Company insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on terms as favorable as any other responsible Company.

Board of Directors:

Henry M. Taber,
Theodore W. Riley,
Steph. Cambreleng,
Joseph Foulke,
Cyrus H. Loutrel,
Jacob Reese,
Leobius H. Ward,
D. Lydig Suydam,
Joseph Britton,
Fred. Schuchardt,

Henry S. Leverich,
Robert Schell,
William H. Terry,
Joseph Grafton,
Amos Robbins,
Thos. F. Cummings,
Jno. W. Mercereau,
David L. Eigenbrodt,
William Bengen,
Stephen Hyatt.

JACOB REESE, President.
JAMES E. MOORE, Secretary.

Insurance.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND Mercantile Insurance Co

LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

UNITED STATES BRANCH,

74 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS (IN GOLD):
Subscribed Capital.....\$10,000,000
Accumulated Funds.....12,695 000
Annual Income.....4,260,635
Policies issued in Gold or Currency at option of Applicant.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid in this Country.

NEW YORK BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:

CHAS. H. DABNEY, Esq., Chairman,
of Dabney, Morgan & Co.
SOLON HUMPHREYS, Esq., of E. D. Morgan & Co.
AYMAR CARTER, Esq., of Aymar & Co.
DAVID DOWS, Esq., of David Dows & Co.
EGINTO P. FABBRI, Esq., of Fabbri & Chauncey.
SIMEON B. CHITTENDEN, Esq., of S. B. Chittenden & Co.
SHEPPARD GANDY, Esq., of Sheppard Gandy, & Co.
EZRA WHITE, & Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN,
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.
LORD, DAY & LORD, Solicitors.
DABNEY, MORGAN & Co., Bankers.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$1,500,000.

Geo. M. COIT, Sec'y. Geo. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$1,000,000.

W. B. CLARK, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres't

SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Capital and Surplus \$700,000.

J. N. DUNHAM, Sec'y. E. FREEMAN, Pres't

CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE CO

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital \$275,000.

M. BENNETT, Jr., Sec'y. J. B. ELDREDGE, Pres't

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.

WHITE, ALLEN & CO. Agents,

NO. 74 WALL STREET.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD.

Incorporated 1819.....Charter Perpetual.

CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000.

L. J. HENDEE, President.

J. GOODNOW, Secretary.

Assets July 1, 1867.....\$4,650,938 27

Liabilities.....377,668 46

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE.

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire

Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY,

BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD

AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00

Surplus.....255 057 77

Cash Capital and Surplus, January 1,

1867, \$755,057 77.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.
Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.

R. W. BLECKER, Vice Pres't.

F. H. CARTER, Secretary.

J. GRISWOLD, General Agent.

Insurance.

Queen Fire Insurance Co OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....\$2,000,000 Stg.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....\$1,622,540

Special Fund of \$200,000

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.
UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.
GEORGE ADLARD, Manager.
WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

HOME INSURANCE Co.,

123 BROADWAY.

Capital.....\$2,000,000 00
Assets, Jan. 1, 1867.....3,438,120 73
Liabilities.....114,849 48

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

CHAS. J. MARTIN, President.

A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.

J. H. WASHBURN, Secretary.

The Corn Exchange INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK,
Insures against Loss by Fire and the Danger of Inland
Navigation.
NO. 104 BROADWAY.

Cash Assets, Jan. 1, '67.....\$501,207 54

R. F. MASON, President.

J. S. ROBERTS, Vice-Pres

GEORGE A. DRESSEK, Secretary.

GERMANIA FIRE INS. Co.,

No. 175 BROADWAY, N. Y.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$500,000 00

SURPLUS, July 1st, 1867.....715,074 73

TOTAL ASSETS.....\$815,074 73

RUDOLPH GARRIGI, President.

JOHN E. KAHL, Vice-President.

HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$400,000 00

Surplus.....187,205 98

Gross Assets.....\$387,205 98

Total Liabilities.....33,480 00

BENJ. S. WALCOTT, President.

REMSEN LAKE, Secretary.

Bankers.

SMITH, RANDOLPH & CO. Bankers,

16 So. 2d St., 3 Nassau St.,

Philada. New York.

Dealers in U. S. Securities
and Foreign Exchange, and
members of Stock and Gold
Exchanges in both cities.

Accounts of Banks and
Bankers received on liberal
terms.

U. S. Bonds a Specialty.

A. M. FOUTE, W. W. LORING.

Late Pres. Gayoso Bank,

Memphis, Tenn.

FOUTE & LORING, BANKERS AND BROKERS,

38 BROAD STREET AND 38 NEW STREET.

Government Securities of all kinds, Gold,
State, Bank, and Railroad Stocks and
Bonds Bought and Sold. Interest allowed on
Deposits subject to check at sight. Collections
made in all the States and Canada.

Horns —Duty, 10 cent ad val.	do St. Domingo,	do prime, 18 25 19 00	Brandy —
Ox, Rio Grande, 9 00 00	do ordinary logs, 7 00 10	Lard, 12 12 13 12	J. & F. Martell (gold) 4 00 00
Ox, American, 7 00 00 8 00	do Port-au-Platt,	Ham, 12 12 13 12	Hennessy (gold) 4 00 00
India Rubber —Duty, 10 cent	do Port-au-Platt,	Shoulder, 12 12 13 12	Old, Dup. & Co. do 4 00 00
ad val.	do logs, 10 00 14	Rice —Duty: cleaned 24 cents 25 00	Pinet, Castil. & Co. do 4 00 00
Para, Fine, 65 00	do Mansanilla, 10 00 14	paddy 10 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents	Pinet, Castil. & Co. do 4 00 00
Para, Medium, 65 00	do Florida, 10 00 14	do, 6 00 00 6 50	J. Vassal & Co. do 5 00 00
Para, Coarse, 65 00	do Honduras,	East India, dressed, 6 00 00 6 50	Jules Robin, do 5 00 00
East India, 65 00	(American wood), 14 00 20	Salt —Duty: sack 24 cents 25 00	Marrette & Co. do 5 00 00
Carthagen, 65 00	Cedar, Nuevitas, 8 00 12	bulk, 18 cents 25 00	Vine Grow. Co. do 5 00 00
Indigo —Duty, 10 cent	do Mansanilla, 8 00 12	Turks Islands Cog, 49 00 50	Lager freres, do 5 00 00
Bengal, (gold) 1 01 00 1 70	do Mexican, 8 00 12	Cadiz, 49 00 50	Other br'ds Cog, do 5 00 00
Oude, (gold) 75 00 1 85	do Florida, 8 00 12	Liverpool, gr'nd sack 1 00 00	Pellevoisin, do 4 75 00
Madras, (gold) 65 00 95	do Rosewood, R. Jan, 8 00 12	do fine, Ashton's (s'd) 2 60 00	Hiv. Pellevoisin, do 4 75 00
Manila, (gold) 65 00 1 00	do Bahia, 4 00 00	do fine, Worthing's 2 85 00 2 90	Alex. Selgnette, do 4 75 00
Guatemala, (gold) 95 00 1 50	Molasses —See special report.	Onondaga, com. fine bis, 2 85 00	Arzae Selgnette, do 4 75 00
Caraoca, (gold) 75 00 1 01	Nails —Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2	do do 210 b bgs, 2 85 00	P. Romieux, do 4 75 00
Iron —Duty, 10 cent	horse shoe 3 cents 25 00	Solar coarse, 2 85 00	Rum—Jamaica, do 3 50 00
Railroad, 70 cents 25 00	Cut, 4d, 60d, 100 b 5 24 00 5 75	Fine screened, 2 85 00	St. Croix, do 3 50 00
and Plate, 1 1/2 cents 25 00	Olineh, 7 00 00 7 25	do, 2 85 00	Gin—Differ brands, do 3 00 00
Hoop, and Scroll, 1 1/2 cents 25 00	Horse shoe, 1 1/2 (6d) 87 00 80	F. F., 340 b bgs, 2 85 00	Dum c—R. E. Rum, cur, 3 00 00
Pig, 39 ton; Polished Sheet, 3	Horse shoe, pressed, 42 00	Saltpetre —Duty: crude, 24 cents	Bourbon Whisky, cur, 3 00 00
cents 25 00	Copper, 42 00	refined and partially refined, 3 cents	Whisky (in bond), 3 00 00
Pig, Scotch, No. 1, 38 00 40 00	Yellow metal, 16 00	Refined, pure, 15 00	Wines—Port, (gold) 2 00 00
Pig, American, No. 1, 42 00 40 00	Zinc, 18 00	Crude, 15 00	Burgundy Port, do 3 50 00
Bar, Red'd Eng & Amor 55 00 90 00	Naval Stores —Duty: spirits of	Nitrate soda, 1 cent 25 00	Sherry, do 1 50 00
Bar, Swedes, assorted	turpentine 30 cents 25 00	Crude, 15 00	do Marvilles, do 700 00
sizes (in gold), 92 50 105 00	Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 30	Nitrate soda, gold 2 1/2 00	Sherry, do 700 00
Bar Swedes, assorted	cent ad val.	Seeds —Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp,	Malaga, sweet, do 800 00
sizes, 105 00	Tar, Am rich, 4 25 00 4 50	1 cent 25 00; canary, 1 1/2 bushel of	do dry, do 800 00
Bar, English and Amer,	Flch, 3 75 00 3 87 1/2	60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 cent	Claret, in hds, do 85 00 00
leaves, Refined, 100 00 105 00	Kosh, common, 3 00 00	ad val.	do in cases, do 2 50 00 9 00
do do do Common, 9 00 00 95 00	do strained and No. 2, 3 25 00 3 75	Shot —Duty: 24 cents 25 00	Champagne, do 2 50 00
do do do Common, 123 50 180 00	do No. 1, 3 75 00 4 25	Drop, 1 1/2 00	Wire —Duty: No. 0 to 18, uncovered
Ovals and Half Round 130 00 140 00	do Pale and Extra, 6 00 00 7 50	Buck, 1 1/2 00	\$2 to \$3 50 100 lb, and 15 cent ad
Band, 132 50	Spirits turp, Am, 6 00 57	Silk —Duty: free. All thrown silk,	val.
Horse Shoe, 127 50	Oakum —Duty fr, 8 00 11	35 cent.	No. 0 to 18, 17 1/2 00 23 1/2 00
Rods, 5-3/16 inch, 110 00 165 00	Oil Cake —Duty: 20 cent ad val.	Tastless, No. 1 & 3, 10 00 10 25	No. 19 to 26, 30 00 35 00
Hoop, 137 50 190 00	City thin obl, in bbls, 53 00 54 00	Tayasama, superior, 10 00 10 25	No. 27 to 36, 35 00 40 00
Nail Rod, 17 00 104	do in bags, 53 00 54 00	No. 1, 10 00 10 25	Plain, No. 7 to 11
Sheet, Russia, 17 00 18	do thin obl, 51 00 00	do medium, No. 3 & 4, 9 00 9 25	Brass (less 30 percent), 47 00 48 00
Sheet, Single, Double	Oils —Duty: linseed, flaxseed, and	Canton, re-reel, No. 1, 8 00 8 50	Copper, do 57 00
and Treble, 5 00 7	rape seed, 35 cents; olive and salad	Japan, superior, 11 00 12 25	Wool —Duty: Imported in the "or-
Rails, Eng. (s'd) ton 52 50 53 00	oil, in bottles or flasks, 1; burning	do medium, 8 50 10 00	inary condition as now and hereto-
do American, 79 00 82 50	fluid, 50 cents 25 00; palm, seed,	China thrown, 12 00 18 00	fore practiced. CLASS 1—Clothing
Ivory —Duty, 10 cent ad val.	and cocoa nut, 10 cent ad val.	Skins —Duty: 10 cent ad val.	Wools—The value whereof at the last
East India, Prime, 8 27 00 8 00	sperm and whale or other fish (for-	Goat, Curacao, 42 00 45	place whence exported to the United
East Ind, Billiard Ball 8 00 00 8 25	seign fisheries,) 20 cent ad val.	do Buenos A., gold 30 00 34	States is 32 cents or less 25 00
African, Prime, 2 57 00 3 00	Olive, 45 gold per case 4 00 00	do Vera Cruz, gold 40 00 44	cent ad val. over 32 cents 25 00
African, Serival, W.C. 1 00 00 2 50	do in casks, 1 65 00 1 75	do Tampico, gold 45 00 47 1/2	cent ad val. over 32 cents 25 00
Lead —Duty, Pig 3 100 00 3 10	Palm, 114 00	do Matamoros, gold 37 1/2 00 42 1/2	CLASS 2—Combining Wools—The value
Old, 1 1/2 cents 25 00; Pipe and Sheet,	do refined winter, 65 00 74	do Payta, gold 81 00 82	whereof at the last place whence exported
24 cents 25 00	Sperm, crude, 2 10 00 2 15	do Madras, each 40 00 42 1/2	to the United States is 32 cents or less
Galena —Duty, 100 lb 1 00 00	Lard oil, 1 20 00	do Deer, San Juan, 40 00 42 1/2	25 00
Spanish, (gold) 6 37 1/2 6 50	Red oil, city distilled, 65 00 70	do Bolivar, gold 50 00 54	CLASS 3—Carpets, Wools and other
German, (gold) 6 37 1/2 6 55	Strait, 70 00	do Honduras, gold 47 1/2 00 50	similar Wools—The value whereof at
English, (gold) 6 37 1/2 6 75	Paraffine, 32—30 gr, 25 00 40	do Para, gold 45 00 47 1/2	the last place whence exported to the
Bar, net, 10 10 00	Kerosene, (free), 49 00	do Chagres, gold 45 00 47 1/2	United States is 12 cents or less
Pipe and Sheet, net, 12 00 00	Paints —Duty: on white lead, red	do Puerto Cab, gold 45 00 47 1/2	25 00
Leather —Duty: sole 35, upper 30	lead, and litharge, dry or ground, in	Soap —Duty: 1 cent 25 00, and 25 1/2	Amer, Sax. fleece 35 00 40 00
cent ad val.	oil, 3 cents 25 00; Paris white and	cent ad val.	do full bl'd Merino, 45 00 50 00
Oak —Slaughter, light, 35 00 42	whiting, 1 cent 25 00; dry ochres, 55	Castile, 18 00 17	do 1/2 and 3/4 Merino, 40 00 45 00
do do middle, 35 00 46	cents 100 lb; oxide of zinc, 1 cent	Spelter —Duty: in pigs, bars, and	Extra, pulled, 45 00 50 00
do do heavy, 40 00 46	ad val.; ochre, ground in oil, 50 100 lb	plates, \$1 50 100 lb, 64 00 64	Superfine, 45 00 50 00
do light Cropped, 42 00 43	do Spanish brown 25 cent ad val.	Plates foreign 10 00 10 1/2	No. 1, pulled, 45 00 50 00
do middle do, 43 00 45	and vermilion 25 cent ad val.;	do domestic, 10 00 10 1/2	California, unwashed, 24 00 25 00
do bellies, 43 00 45	white chalk, \$10 ton.	Spices —See special report.	do common, 16 00 20 00
Hemik, B. A., sec. 1/4, 27 00 28	Litharge, City, 11 00 11	Steel —Duty: bars and ingots, valued	Texas, 16 00 20 00
do do middle, 27 00 28	Lead, red, City, 11 00 11	at 7 cents 25 00 or under, 24 cents	Peruvian, unwashed, 16 00 20 00
do do heavy, 27 00 28	do white, American, 12 00 14	over 7 cents and not above 11, 3 cts	Valparaiso, unwashed, 25 00 30 00
do do middle, 27 00 28	do white, American, 12 00 14	\$2 1/2 over 11 cents, 3 1/2 cents 25 00	S. Amer. Merino, unw., 28 00 32 00
do do heavy, 27 00 28	Zinc, white, American, 12 00 14	and 10 1/2 cent ad val. (Store prices.)	do common, w., 28 00 32 00
do Orino, sec. 1/4, 26 00 27	dry, No. 1, 9 00 9 1/2	English, cast, 18 00 23	Entre Rios, washed, 34 00 37 00
do do middle, 26 00 27	No. 1, in oil, 8 00 13	German, 18 00 23	S. American Cordova, 34 00 37 00
do do heavy, 26 00 28	do white, French, in	American, spring, 12 00 15	African, unwashed, 30 00 34 00
do do do, 26 00 28	oil, 14 00 14 1/2	American, cast, 12 00 15	do washed, 30 00 34 00
do dam'd gall w's, 24 00 26	Ochre, yellow, French,	English, spring, 10 00 12 1/2	Mexican, unwashed, 17 00 19 00
do do poor, 20 00 23	dry, 100 lb 2 25 00 3 00	English blister, 11 1/2 00 12 1/2	Smyrna, unwashed, 36 00 40 00
do Slaughter, rough, 37 00 39	do gr'd in oil, 2 00 9	English machinery, 18 00 18	do washed, 36 00 40 00
Oak, Slaughter, in rou, 42 00 45	Paris wh., No. 1 100 lb, 2 00 2 1/2	Sumac —Duty: 10 cent ad val.	Zinc —Duty: pig or block, \$1 50 100
do do do mid, 40 00 41	Whiting, Amer., 2 00 2 1/2	Sicily, 125 00 125 00	ba; sheets 2 1/2 cent 25 00
do do heavy, 40 00 41	Vermilion, Chinese, 1 85 00 1 40	Sugar —See special report.	Sheet, 1 1/2 00 1 1/2 00
Lime —Duty: 10 cent ad val.	do Trieste, 1 05 00 1 16	Tallow —Duty: 1 cent 25 00	Fraughts —
Rockland, com, bbl, 1 10 00	do Cal. & Eng., 1 30 00 1 46	American, prime, coun-	To LIVERPOOL: s. d. s.
do do heavy, 1 10 00 1 15	do American, 25 00 25 00	try and city 1 1/2 00 1 1/2	Cotton, 10 00 10 00
Lumber, Woods, Staves, etc.	Venet. red (N.C.) 100 lb, 2 00 2 1/2	Teas —See special report.	Flour, 10 00 10 00
—Duty: Lumber, 20 cent ad val.	Charmine, city made, 16 00 20 00	Ten —Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 1/2	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
Staves, 10 cent ad val.; Rosewood	China clay, 100 lb 3 00 3 00	cent ad val. Plate and sheets and	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
and Cedar, pass.	Chalk, 100 lb 1 00 1 25	terne plate, 25 percent ad val.	Oil, 10 00 10 00
Spruce, East, 18 00 20 00	Chalk, block, 100 lb 2 00 2 1/2	Bacon, 10 00 10 00	Corn, b'd & bags, 10 00 10 00
Southern Pine, 20 00 20 00	Chrome yellow, 100 lb 15 00 15 00	Braite, 10 00 10 00	Wheat, bulk and bags, 10 00 10 00
White Pine Box 24 00 29 00	Barytes, 39 00 42 75	English, 10 00 10 00	Beef, 10 00 10 00
White Pine Merch.	Petroleum —Duty: crude, 30 cents	Tobacco —See special report.	Pork, 10 00 10 00
Box Boards, 29 00 30 00	refined, 40 cents 25 00	Wines and Liquors —Liquors	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
Clear Pine, 30 00 30 00	Grade, 40 47 grav. gal, 17 1/2 00	—Duty: Brandy, first proof, 58 per	Corn, bulk and bags, 10 00 10 00
Laths, Eastern, 30 00 30 00	Refined, free, 46 00 46 00	gallon; other liquors, \$2.50. Wines	Petroleum (sail) bbl, 10 00 10 00
Poplar and White	do in bond, 24 00 27 1/2	Duty: value net over 50 cents 25 00	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
wood b'ds & Plank, 55 00 60 00	Naphtha, refined, 24 00 27 1/2	50 cents 25 00; over 50 and not over 100	Beef, 10 00 10 00
Cherry b'ds & Plank, 75 00 80 00	Residuum, 24 00 27 1/2	60 cents 25 00; over 100 and not over 150	Pork, 10 00 10 00
Oak and Ash, 55 00 60 00	Plaster Paris —Duty: lump, free;	do Terne Charcoal 11 25 12 00	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
Maple and Birch, 55 00 60 00	calculated, 20 cent ad val.	do Terne Coke, 9 50 10 00	Corn, 10 00 10 00
Black Walnut, 90 00 100 00	Blue Nova Scotia 18 ton 3 87 1/2 4 00	Wines and Liquors —Liquors	Flour, 10 00 10 00
TAVES	White Nova Scotia, 2 40 00	—Duty: Brandy, first proof, 58 per	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
White oak, pipe,	Calced, eastern 100 lb, 2 40 00	gallon; other liquors, \$2.50. Wines	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
extra, 275 00	Calced, city mills, 2 40 00	Duty: value net over 50 cents 25 00	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do pipe, heavy, 225 00	Provisions —Duty: beef and pork,	50 cents 25 00; over 50 and not over 100	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do pipe, light, 175 00	1 ct: tams, bacon, and lard, 2 1/2 00	60 cents 25 00; over 100 and not over 150	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do pipe, extra, 110 00	Beef, plain mess, bbl, 18 00 18 00	do value net over 150 and not over 200	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00	do extra mess, 18 00 18 00	do value net over 200 and not over 250	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00	Pork, mess, 20 75 21 00	do value net over 250 and not over 300	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 300 and not over 350	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 350 and not over 400	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 400 and not over 450	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 450 and not over 500	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 500 and not over 550	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 550 and not over 600	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 600 and not over 650	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 650 and not over 700	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 700 and not over 750	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 750 and not over 800	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 800 and not over 850	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 850 and not over 900	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 900 and not over 950	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 950 and not over 1000	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1000 and not over 1050	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1050 and not over 1100	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1100 and not over 1150	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1150 and not over 1200	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1200 and not over 1250	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1250 and not over 1300	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1300 and not over 1350	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1350 and not over 1400	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1400 and not over 1450	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1450 and not over 1500	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1500 and not over 1550	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1550 and not over 1600	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1600 and not over 1650	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1650 and not over 1700	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1700 and not over 1750	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1750 and not over 1800	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1800 and not over 1850	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 1850 and not over 1900	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 1900 and not over 1950	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 1950 and not over 2000	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 2000 and not over 2050	Heavy goods, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 2050 and not over 2100	Beef, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 2100 and not over 2150	Pork, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 2150 and not over 2200	Wheat, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 2200 and not over 2250	Corn, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., light, 110 00		do value net over 2250 and not over 2300	Flour, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., extra, 110 00		do value net over 2300 and not over 2350	Petroleum, 10 00 10 00
do hhd., heavy, 175 00		do value net over 2	

Commercial Cards.

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**RAILROAD IRON,
BESSEMER RAILS,
STEEL TYRES,
AND METALS.**
Railroad Bonds and U.S. and other American Securities negotiated, and Credit and Exchange provided for U. S. or Continent.
Consignments solicited on the usual terms of any of the staples.
Special Counting and Reception Rooms available for Americans in London, with the facilities usually found at the Continental Bankers.

**Railroad Iron,
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN,
FOR
Steam and Street Roads,**
FOR SALE BY
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69 & 71 Broadway.

Street Cars, Omnibuses.
JOHN STEPHENSON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS.
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NOTICE TO THE CONSUMERS OF THE
**GENUINE SWEDISH DANNE-
MORA IRON.**

I beg to announce that I have this day entered into a contract with Messrs. W. Jessop & Sons, of Sheffield for the whole Annual Make of the above Iron, which in future, will be stamped

LEUFSTA, W. JESSOP & SONS.

And to which I request the special attention of the trade.

Leufsta, in Sweden, 29th April, 1867.
CARL EMANUEL DE GEER, Proprietor.
WM. JESSOP & SONS, in referring to the above notice, beg to inform dealers in, and consumers of, Iron and Steel, that they are prepared to receive orders for this IRON, and for BLUES and EXTRA CAST STEEL made from the Iron, at their establishments, Nos. 91 & 93 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK, and Nos. 133 & 135 FIDELITY STREET, BOSTON.

MORRIS, TASKER & Co.,
Pascal Iron Works, Philadelphia.
Manufacturers of Wrought Iron Tubes, Lap Welded Boiler Flues, Gas Works Castings and Street Mains, Artesian Well Pipes and Tools, Gas and Steam Fitters' Tools, &c.
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METALS.
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**FOREIGN & AMERICAN RAILROAD
IRON, OLD AND NEW,
Fig, Scrap Iron and other Metals, Locomotives, Railroad Chairs & Spikes.**
Old Rails Re-rolled or Exchanged for new.
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Particular attention is called to our
IMPROVED CIRCULAR SAW MILL.
It is superior to all others in strength, durability and simplicity, will cut from 15,000 to 20,000 feet of lumber per day.
**REED'S PATENT GOLD PREMIUM
WHEAT AND CORN MILLS.**
Built of solid French Burr. Particular attention
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COTTON & TOBACCO FACTORS
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**LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON
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OUR FRIENDS IN LIVER-
POOL HAVRE AND
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134 PEARL STREET.

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G. FALLS. J. C. JOHNSON. J. N. FALLS
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AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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Special attention given to filling orders for Spinners

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PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
CINCINNATI.
Consignments and Orders Solicited.

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AND PROVISIONS.**

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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ENGLISH AND AMERICAN COAL.
Parmelee Brothers,
SUCCESSORS TO H. L. PARMELEE & BROS.

COAL,
Of all the Best Kinds for Family and Office use,
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YARDS: West 23d street, near 10th Avenue, New York,
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ARCHITECTS & CIVIL ENGINEERS,
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Designs and Specifications prepared for Stores, Warehouses, Railway, Mercantile and Banking edifices generally.
Particular attention paid to the most approved forms of Iron and Fire-proof construction.

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455 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of the world renowned
SINGER SEWING MACHINES,
for family use and manufacturing purposes. Branches and Agencies throughout the civilized world. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

J. M. CUMMINGS & Co.,
DISTILLERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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Offer for sale, IN BOND, fine BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES, from their own and other first-class Distilleries, Kentucky.

Henry Lawrence & Sons,
MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE
FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE,
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EVERETT & Co.,
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AGENTS FOR
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OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

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**STEAM COMMUNICATION
BETWEEN NEW-
YORK AND AUSTRALIA-
SIA via PANAMA.**

The Panama, New Zealand and Australian Royal Mail Company dispatch a steamer on the 24th of each month from Panama to Wellington, N.Z., and the Australian Colonies, connecting with the steamer of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company leaving New York for Aspinwall (Colon) on the 11th of each month. First and second class passengers will be conveyed under through ticket at the following rates: From New York to ports in New Zealand, or to Sydney or Melbourne, \$345 to \$364 for first class, and \$218 to \$233 for second class.
The above rates include the transit across the Isthmus of Panama, and the first class fares are for forward cabins of the Australian steamer; after cabin, latter \$25 additional. Fares payable in United States gold coin.

Special steamers run to the newly-discovered gold region of Hokitika, New Zealand.
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A limited quantity of merchandise will be conveyed under through bill of lading.

For further information, application to be made to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, No. 59 Wall st.
Or to CHARLES W. WEST, Agent,
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NOVEMBER:
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11th—HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with MONTANA.
20th—ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports. Those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

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For passage tickets or further information, apply at the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal street, North River, New York.
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through tickets from Europe to all parts of the United
States.**United States Petroleum****COMPANY,****No. 38 PRINCE STREET,****New York, November 13, 1867.****NOTICE.**—The United States Petroleum Company
have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of TWO
Per Cent., payable on Saturday, November 30.
Transfer books will be closed on Saturday, Novem-
ber 23, and reopened on Monday December 2.

By order,

P. G. FENNING, Secretary.